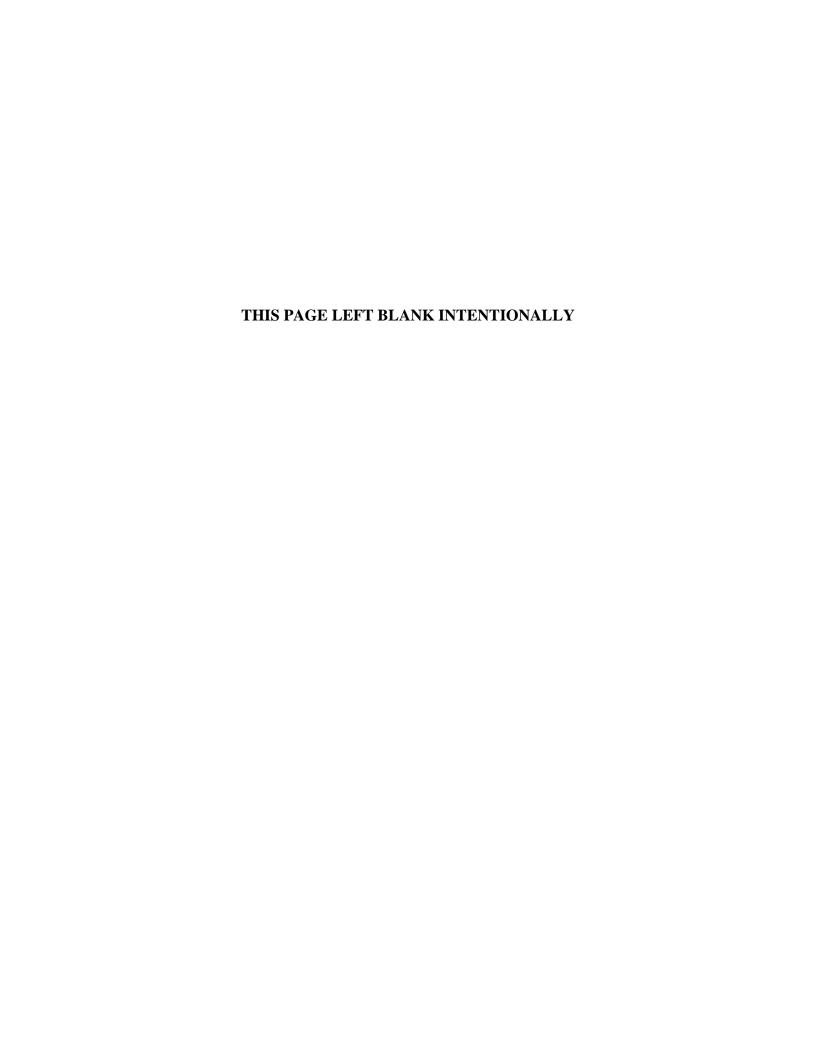


# CITY OF LONE TREE, COLORADO ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Prepared by: Department of Finance



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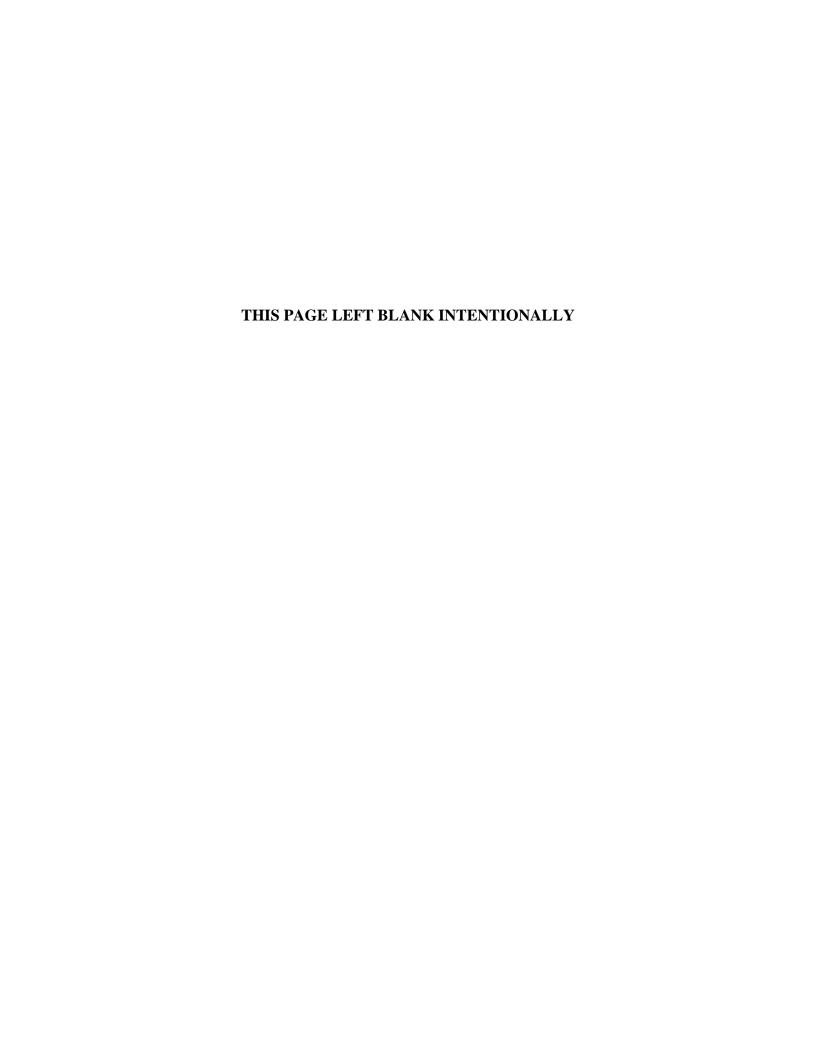
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cityoflonetree.com | 303.708.1818 9220 Kimmer Drive Suite 100, Lone Tree, CO 80124

June 20, 2023

Citizens of the City of Lone Tree, Honorable Mayor, and Honorable Members of Council

State law requires the City of Lone Tree (City) to publish within seven months of the close of the fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This report is published to fulfill these requirements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

This report consists of management's representation concerning the finances of the City. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data as well as the fairness and completeness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City's management. To provide a reasonable basis for making those representations, the City's management has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatements.

Haynie & Company, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements are free of material misstatements. The audit involved performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. Based upon the audit, the independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion on the City's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit included a federally mandated Single Audit designed to meet the needs of federal grantor agencies (2 CFR 200 Uniform Guidance). The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involved in the

administration of federal awards. The reports issued by the independent auditors are presented in a separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is intended to be read in conjunction with the MD&A. The City's MD&A immediately follows the independent auditor's report.

#### Profile of the City

The City is currently comprised of approximately 6,162 acres or 9.6 square miles and located in the southern Denver metropolitan area at the junction of C-470/E-470 and I-25. With over 15,000 residents, the City is also home to a large and growing business community in the Denver South region with a daytime population estimated at 30,000 people. The City's commitment to quality development within its boundaries, beautiful surroundings, excellent recreational and cultural opportunities, and flourishing economic community are the first things many people notice about the City.

The City staff focuses on the Community Vision Statement which states: Lone Tree is a premier Colorado community connected by great neighborhoods, vibrant public spaces, a beautiful natural environment, and thriving businesses. Additionally, the organizational mission states: We will achieve Lone Tree's community vision by doing things the best way, not just the expected way. Along with the vision and mission statements, the City Manager is committed to six big ideas. These six big ideas serve as the cornerstone of the Strategic Plan. In order to achieve the vision and mission, the City will be a national model for:

- 1. Our deep, active commitment to **public safety.**
- 2. Our visionary **transportation** network.
- 3. Our welcoming, connected, and resilient community.
- 4. Our signature **cultural and recreational opportunities**, exceptional places, and beautiful natural environment.
- 5. Our diverse and sustainable economy powered by top-tier businesses.
- 6. Our commitment to building the best team to support our innovative, customer-focused, and efficient **city government.**

The City also identified a number of objectives that further define how we will achieve the big ideas. Collectively, the vision, mission, big ideas and objectives form our Strategic Plan. The Strategic Plan serves as our guide as we set priorities, assign responsibilities, set schedules and budget for operating and capital expenditures.

The City is governed by a Council-Manager form of government where Council sets the City policy, and the City Manager is responsible for City operations. The City consists of five Council members, including the Mayor, elected in non-partisan elections. Each member serves a staggered, four-year term and represents one of the two districts within the City except for the Mayor, who serves as an at-large member. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the Council.

The City provides a full range of services including general government, police protection, public works, capital project management and street and highway maintenance, planning and building permit and inspections, zoning services, arts and cultural activities, and municipal court services.

The City maintains budgetary controls that have the objective of ensuring compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget adopted by Council. The Council is required to adopt a final budget no later than December 31 of each year. All activities of the City, except for activities related to the Lone Tree Arts Center operations, as well as other City sponsored events and cultural services, and funds held for the future repayment of debt related to arts and cultural facilities and park and recreation improvements are accounted for in the General Fund. The Lone Tree Arts Center operational activities and City sponsored events and cultural services are accounted for in the Special Revenue Fund – Cultural and Community Services. Revenue and expenditure activities related to the Cultural Facilities Bonds and the Park and Recreation Bonds are accounted for separately in two separate Debt Service Funds. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level. Additionally, the General Fund budget presents expenditures by function (e.g., general government).

#### Local Economy

The City of Lone Tree continues to develop at a steady rate in both the residential and commercial sectors. Major industries located within the City's boundaries, or in close proximity, include retail trade, public administration, financial services, professional services, healthcare, insurance and real estate. The City is located on the Southeast I-25 Corridor and within the boundaries of the Denver South Economic Development Partnership, which includes 42 million square feet of office space and employment of more than 300,000 people. Additionally, the City is home to the Park Meadows Retail Resort, Colorado's only retail resort with over 200 unique and national retailers and restaurants including Apple Store, Dillard's, LL Bean, Nordstrom, Macy's, Tesla, Cheesecake Factory, PF Chang's, Season's 52, and Fogo de Chao. RidgeGate is a 3,500-acre master-planned community located within the City and is home to the Lone Tree Recreation Center, the Lone Tree Arts Center as well as diverse retail, dining, office space, and residential uses. In late 2022, Shea Homes commenced phase one of constructing single family homes in the Lyric development. The City provides an important economic presence to the region and State.

The City is also served by five Light Rail stations. They are a significant economic development catalyst for the City and the region, generating additional commercial real estate, residences, and new jobs in the southeast corridor. As expected, the investment in transit has prompted development around these stations. One of the light rail stations, Sky Ridge Station, is adjacent to the corporate campus of Kiewit Infrastructure as well as a new apartment development, Novus at Sky Ridge, that includes 240 units. Furthermore, a multi-family development, Lincoln Station Apartments, that includes 3,000 square feet of on-site retail space near the Lincoln light rail station was approved by City Council in August of 2021, with construction starting in 2022 and continuing into 2023. Additionally, the attainable housing development, Talus at RidgeGate was completed in 2022 along with several projects that are under construction near the end of line station at RidgeGate Parkway, including a senior living facility called The Reserve at Lone Tree, a facility for housing and work opportunities for adults with intellectual and developmental

disabilities called Tall Tales Ranch, as well as a 540 unit apartment/mixed-use development, along with more projects under review for Council consideration in 2023.

The City's continued investment to improve the transportation network throughout the City has been highlighted in previous years with the construction of multiple large projects. Projects started or completed in 2022 included the Acres Green pedestrian and bike bridge, City-wide pedestrian and bicycle safety improvements, the C-470 trail connection to the RTD Station, and the I-25 / Lincoln interchange study (Advancing Lincoln Avenue). Projects such as these continue to show the City's commitment to improving the transportation network and always striving to move people through the City more effectively.

2022 was the sixth year of the Link On Demand shuttle service, which was the first of its kind in the country. This service runs Monday - Saturday providing free door-to-door on-demand rides within the Lone Tree City limits. The Link On Demand shuttle is accessible through its own Link On Demand app. Link On Demand is an example of the City's proactive approach to prepare for and encourage future economic growth and to mitigate related traffic impacts. The City and its partner for the Link On Demand are investing in Lone Tree to ensure it remains a premier community for both businesses and residents.

The City's largest revenue source are sales taxes which primarily fund the City's operations. With the successful passing of ballot question 2E in November 2021, which temporarily increases the City's sales and use tax by one percent for ten years to support public safety, capital investments, parks and recreation, and other vital City services, we are excited for the opportunities a stable revenue stream will provide. This tax increase will allow the City to remain as a premier community today and in the future.

Through conservative revenue budgeting, as well as expenditure monitoring during 2022, the City was able to end the year with a working reserve and capital replacement reserve pursuant to City policies.

#### Relevant Financial Policies

In order to mitigate current and future risks such as revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenditures as well as to ensure stable tax rates, the City has established certain reserve policies. Specifically, the City requires in its working reserve policy that a minimum unrestricted fund balance of 16.7% of operating expenditures be maintained. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City's unrestricted working reserve totaled approximately 27%. The City also adopted a capital reserve policy to ensure that the City maintains adequate cash fund balances to help offset the cost of future capital replacement and project needs. The intent of the capital reserve policy is to assist the City to take greater advantage of the "pay as you go" philosophy versus relying entirely or mostly on debt financing. Additionally, City Council approved an operational reserve in 2022, effective in 2023, for oversight purposes regarding the accumulation and usage of funds related to the one percent temporary tax increment approved by voters via ballot question 2E.

Additionally, City Council has established financial policies including a debt management policy and an investments policy. These two policies were adopted by Council to continue to strengthen

the financial framework of the City by following best practices. The debt management policy was adopted as a result of the City understanding the importance of long-range financial planning in order to meet its capital asset needs. The debt management policy establishes parameters on the issuance of debt to help ensure that the City maintains a sound debt position and that its credit rating is protected. The policy provides a framework relating to current circumstances as they exist today as well as to address the City's future position relating to debt management. The investment policy was adopted to establish parameters and guidelines for the efficient management of the City's funds and for the purchase and sale of investments. Primary objectives of the investment policy, in priority order, include safety of principal, liquidity and return on investments.

#### **Major Initiatives**

Several major initiatives will have a significant impact on the financial future of the City of Lone Tree. The development of RidgeGate, a 3,500-acre planned development based on 'smart growth' principles, will play an essential role to this end. Currently, RidgeGate is home to approximately 4,400 residences, two major retail centers, a recreation center, the Lone Tree Arts Center, the Sky Ridge Medical Center, the Charles Schwab corporate campus, and the corporate campus of Kiewit Infrastructure.

As the west side of the RidgeGate planned development approaches build-out, the City is planning for the development of the east side. This commenced with the RTD Southeast Light Rail Extension that opened in May 2019. The long-term plan for this area is an urban, mixed-use development with a capacity for approximately 10,000 new homes and 12 million square feet of office, rental, and health care space as well as more than 600 acres of parks, trails, and natural habitat. Developers estimate the expansion will create 40,000 new jobs and a new downtown. In 2021, the RidgeGate Parkway Widening project was completed, which tripled the capacity of RidgeGate Parkway. This project is an example of Lone Tree's proactive approach to transportation needs. By completing the widening project in advance of development it can better serve the future residents, businesses, and visitors east of I-25.

In 2019, Shea Homes announced their plan to build approximately 1,800 homes as the first master-planned development in the City on the east side of I-25. In 2020, Shea Homes preliminary plan for the Southwest Village, including extensive coordination and review of associated plans was processed. In late 2022, Shea Homes commenced phase one of constructing single family homes in the Lyric development.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended December 31, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is a national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. This was the City's fifteenth year to submit for and to receive the award. A

Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe this 2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and will submit it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City of Lone Tree was the recipient of the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for excellence in municipal budget reporting by the GFOA for 2015 - 2022 with 2015 being the first year the City applied for the award. This award represents a significant achievement by the City and staff to meet the highest principles of governmental budgeting.

The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the highly qualified personnel of the finance division. Other departments of the City also played an instrumental role in the preparation of this report. We wish to express our appreciation to everyone who assisted and contributed in preparing the report. Additionally, we would like to acknowledge the thorough and professional manner in which our independent auditors, Haynie and Company, conducted their audit, as well as the citizen involvement and time commitment of the City's Audit Committee. Finally, credit must be given to the City Council for their consistent support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Hoffmen

Seth Hoffman City Manager Ulli Nierling
Finance Director

Willi nierce



## Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

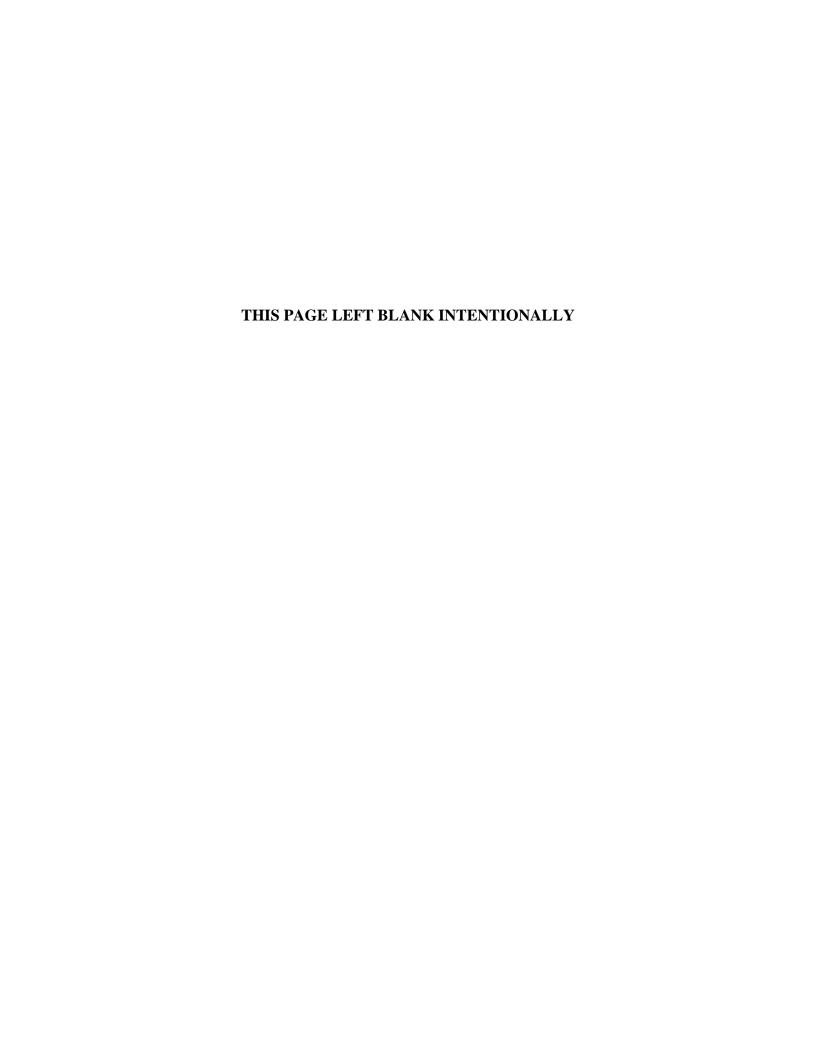
# City of Lone Tree Colorado

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

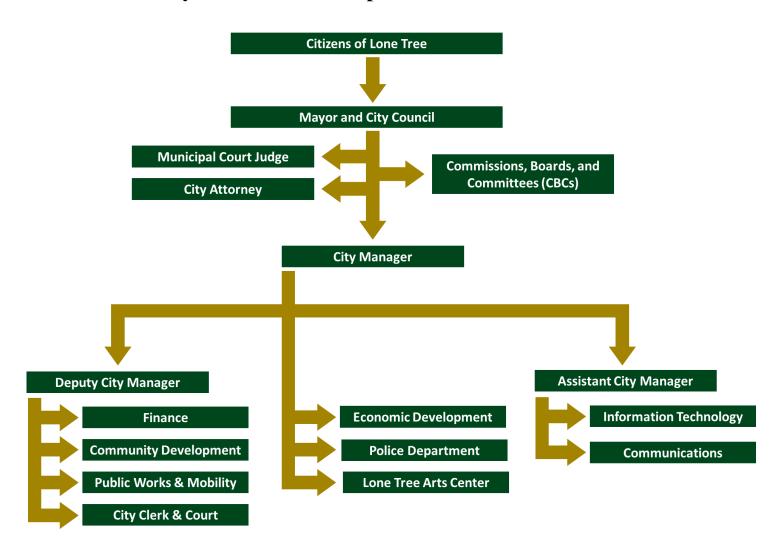
December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# City of Lone Tree Departmental Structure



# CITY OF LONE TREE PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF LONE TREE, COLORADO December 31, 2022

CITY COUNCIL	
MayorJaco	queline A. Millet, At-Large
Mayor Pro-Tem	Wynne Shaw, District 1
Council Members	Marissa Harmon, District 1
	Mike Anderson, District 2
	Cathie Frazzini, District 2
MUNICIPAL JUDGE	Louis Gresh
CITY OFFICIALS	
	C - 41- II - CC
City Manager	
Deputy City Manager	
Finance Director	
City Attorney	
Public Works & Mobility Director	Justin Schmitz
Community Development Director	Kelly First
Chief of Police	
Lone Tree Arts Center Executive Director	Leigh Chandler
Director of Economic Development & Public Affairs	Jeff Holwell
Assistant City Manager	
City Clerk	
Communications Director	



1221 W. Mineral Avenue, Suite 202 Littleton, CO 80120

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303-734-4800



303-795-3356



www.HaynieCPAs.com

To the City Council City of Lone Tree, Colorado

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lone Tree, Colorado (the "City"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lone Tree, Colorado, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Park Meadows Business Improvement District and the Lone Tree Business Improvement District. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Park Meadows Business Improvement District and the Lone Tree Business Improvement District, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.





Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of
  time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion, budgetary comparison information and pension schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules, schedule of debt service requirements to maturity, the Local Highway Finance Report and other schedules, listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and as also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules, debt service requirements to maturity, Local Highway Finance Report and other schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund

financial statements and schedules, and component unit financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

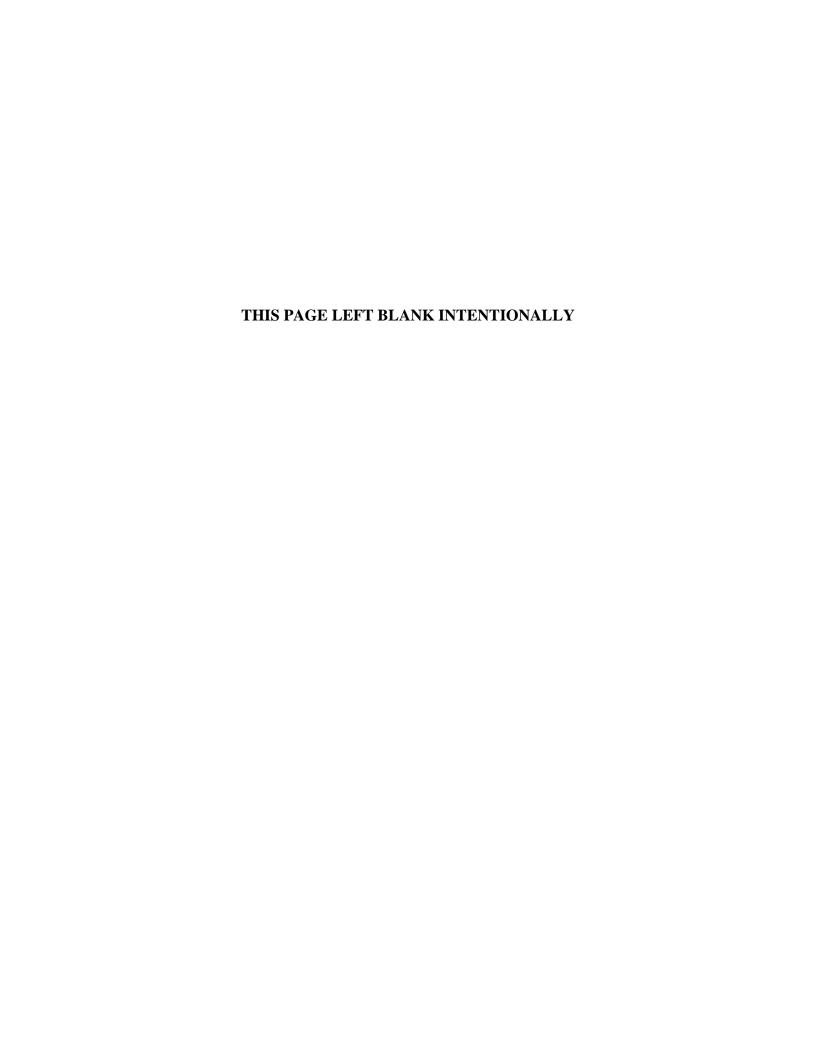
In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 20, 2023, on our consideration of City of Lone Tree's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City of Lone Tree's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Littleton, Colorado June 20, 2023

Hayrie & Company



# CITY OF LONE TREE Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Lone Tree, City Council offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### **Financial Highlights**

With regard to the primary government:

- Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$194,940,914 at the close of the fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$53,198,654.
- Total net position increased by \$20,922,051 from 2021.
- Total cash and investments increased by \$20,052,578 as compared to the prior year.
- Sales and use tax retail revenue increased by \$16,499,269 as compared to the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, assigned and unassigned fund balance for the General Fund totaled \$40,927,880.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements**. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements identify functions of the City that are principally to be supported by sales taxes (*governmental activities*). The *governmental activities* of the City include general government, municipal court, community development, public works, arts and cultural services, police, interest and related costs on long-term debt, and interest and related costs on leases.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 29-30 of this report.

**Fund financial statements**. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the City include governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of *governmental funds* is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund – Cultural and Community Services and Other Governmental Funds. Other Governmental Funds include the Debt Service Fund - Arts and Cultural Facilities, the Debt Service Fund - Park and Recreation Improvements and the Special Revenue Fund – Lone Tree Art Center Fund 501(c)(3) (blended component unit). The initial three funds are considered major funds, while the two Debt Service Funds, as well as the Lone Tree Art Center Fund 501(c)(3) are considered nonmajor funds. Data for the Park Meadows Business Improvement District and the Lone Tree Business Improvement District (discretely presented component units) are provided in the form of combining statements located within the supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Special Revenue Fund – Cultural and Community Services, Debt Service Fund - Arts and Cultural Facilities and Debt Service Fund - Park and Recreation Improvements. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for each of these funds as supplemental information to demonstrate compliance with the budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 31-34 of this report.

**Notes to financial statements**. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 35-103 of this report.

**Required supplementary information**. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided in this section for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund – Cultural and Community Services to demonstrate compliance with the budgets. Also included in this section are additional schedules related to the City's pension plans and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) as well as the notes to required supplementary information. The budget schedules and notes are found after the *Notes to Financial Statements* on pages 104-135 of this report.

Other supplementary information. Combined financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules for the Debt Service Fund - Arts and Cultural Facilities, the Debt Service Fund - Park and Recreation Improvements and the Special Revenue Fund – Lone Tree Art Center Fund 501(c)(3) are presented immediately following the required supplemental information. Additionally, combined financial statements and schedules of the Park Meadows Business Improvement District and the Lone Tree Business Improvement District are included in this section. Furthermore, other supplementary information also includes schedules of debt service requirements to maturity and a local highway finance report.

#### **New GASB Pronouncements**

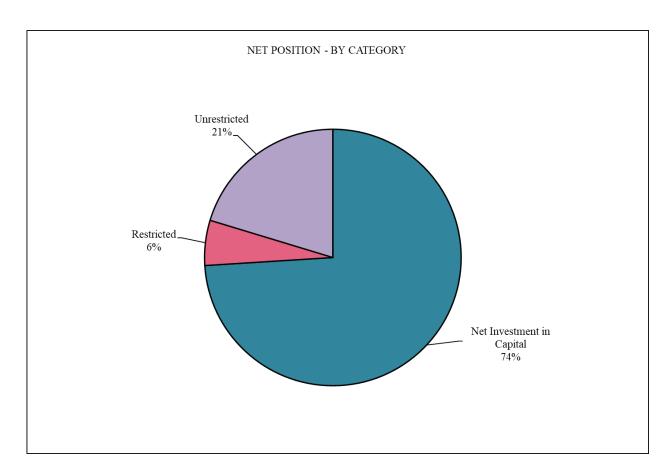
The City implemented GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, in 2022 which increased the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources related to governmental activities exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$194,940,914 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

# **Net Position**

	2022	2021	
Current Assets	\$ 59,953,988	\$ 40,402,536	
Capital Assets	147,009,780	150,618,493	
Long-term Assets	4,625,341	1,849,944	
Total Assets	211,589,109	192,870,973	
Dansier Deleted Assessets	4.002.222	2.025.620	
Pension Related Amounts	4,093,333	3,935,629	
OPEB Related Amounts	147,092	134,070	
Refunded Bonds Related Amounts	123,269	246,538	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,363,694	4,316,237	
Other Liabilities	9,895,001	9,144,560	
Long-term Liabilities	1,810,123	8,117,691	
Total Liabilities	11,705,124	17,262,251	
Pension Related Amounts	8,407,365	5,124,051	
OPEB Related Amounts	172,589	166,277	
RidgeGate Affordable Housing Project - Loan	617,306	615,769	
Leases	109,505		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,306,765	5,906,097	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	144,254,915	145,232,645	
Restricted Net Position	11,083,260	7,816,276	
Unrestricted Net Position	39,602,739	20,969,941	
Total Net Position	\$ 194,940,914	\$ 174,018,862	



The largest portion of the City's net position (74%) reflects its net investment in capital assets. The City utilizes these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.

An additional portion of the City's net position (6%) represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they can be used and are not currently available for the City's ongoing obligations (e.g., emergency TABOR reserve, Conservation Trust Fund, funds received from litigation settlements, funds reserved for specific capital projects where funds were received in 2022 and will be spent in future years, and funds reserved for future debt service payments). The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* totaling \$39,602,739 may be used to meet the City's future expenditures.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

#### **Change in Net Position**

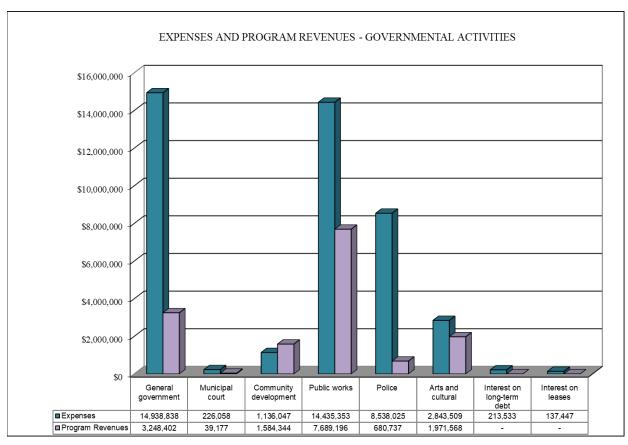
Revenue		2022	2021
Program Revenues			 
Charges for Services	\$	3,947,891	\$ 3,313,047
Operating Grants and Contributions		11,165,358	10,437,077
Capital Grants and Contributions		100,177	6,406,050
General Revenues			
Sales and Use (Retail) Taxes		42,181,930	25,682,661
Other Taxes		3,733,826	2,834,180
Franchise Fees		1,302,889	1,137,127
Investment Earnings		671,563	10,489
Lease Revenue		45,190	-
Other		242,037	 296,020
Total Revenues		63,390,861	50,116,651
Expenses			
General Government		14,938,838	11,375,638
Municipal Court		226,058	296,674
Community Development		1,136,047	1,777,995
Public Works		14,435,353	11,359,384
Police		8,538,025	8,821,749
Arts and Cultural		2,843,509	2,935,663
Interest and Related Costs on Long-term Debt		213,533	259,634
Interest and Related Costs on Leases		137,447	 -
Total Expenses		42,468,810	36,826,737
Change in Net Position		20,922,051	13,289,914
Net Position - Beginning		174,018,863	160,728,949
Net Position - Ending	\$	194,940,914	\$ 174,018,863

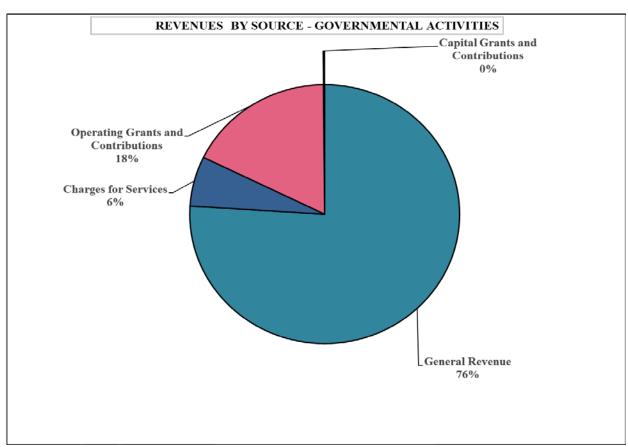
The City's net position related to governmental activities increased by \$20,922,051 during the current fiscal year. Several key highlights of the statement of activities during 2022 include the following items:

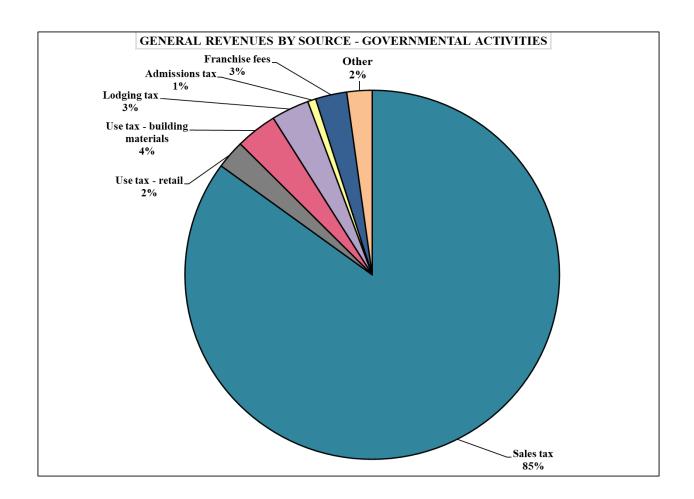
- 2022 charges for services increased by \$634,844 compared to the previous year primarily due to increases in engineering fees, as well as planning and zoning fees related to new development, in addition to increases in ticket sales, rental fees and concessions at the Lone Tree Arts Center. The increase at the Lone Tree Arts Center is due to a full year of programming and rentals in 2022, which was more limited in 2021 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$728,281 from 2021 to 2022 primarily due to funding received for the Metropolitan Football Stadium Shareback due to the sale

of the Broncos franchise, increased transportation sharebacks from Douglas County, as well as partner funds for the design work on the Advancing Lincoln Avenue project. These increases in 2022 are offset by the Community Development Block Grant received in 2021, which was extended as a long-term loan to support the RidgeGate affordable housing project.

- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$6,305,873 from 2021 to 2022 largely due to land conveyances to the City in 2021, as well as the timing of Intergovernmental Agreements with City partners for the RidgeGate Parkway Widening project.
- Sales and use (retail) taxes increased by \$16,499,269 from 2021 to 2022 mainly due to the passing of ballot issue 2E at the November 2021 election, which temporarily increases the City's sales and use tax by one percent for ten years, starting on January 1, 2022.
- Other taxes increased by \$899,646 from 2021 to 2022 primarily due to lodging tax and use tax on building materials; however, lodging tax revenue is still below 2019 prepandemic levels.
- Investment earnings increased by \$661,074 from 2021 to 2022 as a result of increased interest rates and a higher investment balance.
- General government expenses increased by \$3,563,200 from 2021 to 2022. This increase is mainly attributable to an increase in sales and use tax revenue collected, which is subject to several shareback agreements. The expense for shareback agreements is captured in this section.
- Community development expenses decreased by \$641,948 from 2021 to 2022 primarily due to a \$615,000 Community Development Block Grant, which was extended as a long-term loan to support the RidgeGate affordable housing project in 2021.
- Public works expenses increased by \$3,075,969 from 2021 to 2022 primarily due to design costs related to the Advancing Lincoln Avenue project, which was mainly funded by grants and partnership agreements, as well as costs related to the C-470 trail connection to the RTD station. In addition, operating costs increased for snow removal, traffic signal maintenance and facility repairs, largely due to the inflationary environment in 2022.
- Interest and related costs on leases increased by \$137,447 from 2021 to 2022 due to the implementation of GASB pronouncement 87, Leases, which was implemented in 2022.







Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, assigned and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's *governmental funds* reported combined ending fund balances of \$53,198,654. Of this amount, \$40,927,880 constitutes *assigned and unassigned fund balance* which is available for spending at the City's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the assigned and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$40,927,880 out of a total fund balance of \$46,935,508.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$17,328,652 during the current fiscal year. The key factors contributing to this increase were higher than budgeted sales and use tax

revenue due to the inflationary environment in 2022, along with multiple capital expenditures that were budgeted in 2022 but are extending into 2023. Specifically, traffic signalization, design work for Advancing Lincoln Avenue, the Acres Green Pedestrian and Bicycle Bridge project, and the C-470 trail connection to the RTD station, which are all continuing into 2023. A placeholder for an economic tax incentive program (ETIP) was also budged in 2022 but has been moved to 2023. In addition, the budgeted contribution to South Suburban Park and Recreation District for a joint pickle ball court capital project at the Lone Tree Recreation Center was moved to 2023.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Special Revenue Fund – Cultural and Community Services reported a fund balance of \$913,218. The fund balance increased by \$607,122 largely due to expenditures coming in lower than budgeted, as well as a transfer from the General Fund to re-establish a fund balance that was depleted in a previous fiscal year to offset impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Debt Service Fund - Arts and Cultural Facilities reported a restricted fund balance of \$2,652,214. The fund balance increased by \$580,301 in 2022. This balance is an accumulation of pledged revenues.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Debt Service Fund - Park and Recreation Improvements reported a restricted fund balance of \$2,693,626. The fund balance increased by \$451,375 in 2022. This balance is an accumulation of pledged revenues.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Special Revenue Fund – Lone Tree Art Center Fund 501(c)(3) (LTACF) reported a fund balance of \$4,088. The fund balance decreased by \$3,894 in 2022 to cover general operating expenses associated with the LTACF. This is the fifth year of operations for the Lone Tree Art Center fund 501(c)(3). Revenues generated by the fund are to be used solely to fund the Lone Tree Arts Center.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The City's total revenue in the General Fund for 2022 came in under budget. The difference between the final budgeted revenue of \$57,610,196 and the actual revenue of \$57,442,542 was \$167,654. The primary reason for this variance is due to timing of grant and partnership funding for capital projects.

The City's General Fund total expenditures for 2022 did not exceed the budgeted appropriations. The difference between the budgeted expenditures (exclusive of transfers out) of \$54,224,197 and the actual expenditures of \$38,696,313 was \$15,527,884. The primary factors contributing to this variance were a result of timing of certain capital projects continuing into 2023, such as the Advancing Lincoln Avenue project, the Acres Green Pedestrian and Bicycle Bridge project, the C-470 Trail Connection to the RTD Station project, a placeholder for an Economic Tax Incentive Program (ETIP), as well as the capital contribution for a joint pickle ball court project at the Lone Tree Recreation Center with South Suburban Park and Recreation.

#### **Capital Assets**

The City invested \$4,079,437 in net capital assets for its governmental-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. Investment in capital assets consisted of projects in 2022 including street overlay, concrete panel replacements, facility improvements, storm sewer improvements, and security fencing for police officer and equipment safety.

More information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 8 on pages 57-58 of this report.

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At the end of the fiscal year, the City had total outstanding debt of \$2,810,000. This amount represents debt secured for park and recreational improvements and the Lone Tree Arts Center.

At the end of the fiscal year, the Park Meadows Business Improvement District (PMBID) had total outstanding debt of \$8,575,641. This amount represents debt secured for capital expenditures related to street, park and recreation, utility lines, transportation, and television relay improvements.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 59-63 of this report.

#### Next Year's Budget

The City's 2023 adopted budget reflects the City Council's objective to continue to maintain and enhance community connections and the high level of service that businesses and residents expect. To accomplish this, a continued focus was given to the City's deep and active commitment to public safety, a commitment of time and investment in planning for the future, maintenance upgrades to the City's existing core infrastructure, capturing maximum value out of previous investments, and the responsible management of the City's operating and capital reserves.

The balanced budget reflects Council's desire for a fiscally sound budget that is built on conservative revenue projections, as well as discretionary and necessary expenditure levels, and required and reasonable reserves and designations. The adopted budget is in line with the City's long-term projections as prepared during the 2E temporary tax increase initiative to ensure fiscal stability over the next nine years.

The 2023 budget year will bring several exciting opportunities, with a majority of these continuing to be possible due to the voter approved one percent temporary sales and use tax increase. Examples include major investments in street overlay, traffic signalization improvements, road improvements, as well as storm drainage projects. A continued focus will be placed on public safety to include new positions, increased training opportunities, and vehicle replacements to ensure police officers have the necessary resources to perform their jobs effectively. The City will partner with South Suburban Parks and Recreation on a variety of capital projects and continued design work of the new Regional Park. Finally, a focus in 2023

will result in various community benefits such as bike and pedestrian improvements, increased Lone Tree Link Shuttle services, as well as City-funded community events. The City still sees immense benefits from contracting for or partnering on a wide variety of City services, ranging from trash removal to snow plowing to police dispatch. Contracting these services is still financially prudent compared to what they would cost in staffing and capital facilities and equipment.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Lone Tree's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: City of Lone Tree, 9220 Kimmer Drive, Suite 100, Lone Tree, Colorado 80124.



#### CITY OF LONE TREE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

marv

	Primary		C 411.4		
	Government	Component Unit	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Park Meadows Business Improvement District	Lone Tree Business Improvement District		
	Activities	Improvement District	Improvement District		
ASSETS	ф 20.00¢ 501	Ф 7.162.071	Φ 264.042		
Cash and Investments	\$ 38,886,591	\$ 7,163,071	\$ 364,042		
Cash and Investments - Restricted	14,797,332	1,276,378	-		
Receivables:	700 025	1 646 942	1.620		
Intergovernmental	790,925	1,646,843	1,639		
Sales, Use, Admissions and Lodging Taxes	4,928,992	-	-		
Other	163,272	-	- 551		
Prepaid Items	386,876	85,583	551		
Property Taxes Receivable	-	-	257,278		
Loans Receivable	617,306	-	-		
Lease Receivable	114,233	-	-		
Capital Assets:	20.012.016				
Non-Depreciable	39,812,816	-	-		
Depreciable, Net	107,196,964	25,024,005	-		
Net Pension Asset - FPPA	2,939,162	-	-		
Net Pension Asset - PERA	624,887	-	-		
Right to Use Leased Asset	329,753				
Total Assets	211,589,109	35,195,880	623,510		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension Related Amounts	4,093,333	-	-		
OPEB Related Amounts	147,092	-	-		
Refunded Bonds Related Amounts	123,269	85,549			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,363,694	85,549			
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	5,791,808	152,768	21,777		
Unearned Revenue	438,061	-	-		
Retainage Payable	95,829	-	-		
Surety Deposits Payable	414,144	-	-		
Other Deposits Payable	15,491	-	-		
Accrued Interest Payable	9,859	22,868	-		
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Due within One Year	3,062,202	1,473,200	-		
Due within One Year - Leases	67,607				
Due in More than One Year:					
Other Noncurrent Liabilties	1,051,459	19,706,471	-		
Lease Liability	270,099	-	-		
Net Liability - OPEB	488,565		<u> </u>		
Total Liabilities	11,705,124	21,355,307	21,777		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension Related Amounts	8,407,365	-	-		
OPEB Related Amounts	172,589	-	-		
RidgeGate Affordable Housing Project - Loan	617,306	-	-		
Leases	109,505	-	-		
Property Taxes	<del></del>		257,278		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	9,306,765	<u> </u>	257,278		
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	144,254,915	3,844,334	-		
Restricted:					
Emergency Reserve (TABOR)	1,656,153	246,800	7,610		
Conservation Trust	572,137	-	-		
Brick Fence Replacement	986,200	-	-		
Advancing Lincoln Avenue	659,636	-	-		
Metropolitan Football Stadium	1,010,137				
Acres Green Pedestrian / Bicycle Bridge	853,157	-	-		
Debt Service	5,345,840	1,029,578	-		
Restricted	11,083,260	1,276,378	7,610		
Unrestricted	39,602,739	8,805,410	336,845		
Total Net Position	\$ 194,940,914	\$ 13,926,122	\$ 344,455		

#### CITY OF LONE TREE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2022

									Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
									Primary		_	
					_	ram Revenue			Government	Component Unit	Component Unit	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	Park Meadows Business Improvement District	Lone Tree Business Improvement District	
Primary Government:												
Governmental Activities:												
General Government	\$	14,938,838	\$	164,717	\$	2,983,508	\$	100,177	\$ (11,690,435)	\$ -	\$ -	
Municipal Court		226,058		39,177		-		, -	(186,881)	-	· -	
Community Development		1,136,047		1,580,425		3,919		-	448,297	_	-	
Public Works		14,435,353		539,577		7,149,619		_	(6,746,157)	_	_	
Police		8,538,025		372,779		307,958		_	(7,857,288)	_	_	
Arts and Cultural Services		2,843,509		1,251,215		720,353		_	(871,941)	_	_	
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt		213,533		-		-		_	(213,533)	_	_	
Interest and Related Costs on Leases		137,447		_		_		_	(137,447)			
Total Primary Government	\$	42,468,810	\$	3,947,891	\$	11,165,358	\$	100,177	(27,255,384)	-		
Component Unit:		, ,		, ,				,				
Park Meadows Business Improvement District:												
General Government	\$	4,862,478	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,052,427		(1,810,051)	_	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		289,196		-		-		-		(289,196)	-	
Total Component Unit	\$	5,151,674	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,052,427		(2,099,247)	-	
Component Unit:												
Lone Tree Business Improvement District:												
General Government	\$	287,013	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-			(287,013)	
Total Component Unit	\$	287,013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			(287,013)	
•							-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Ger	neral Revenues:										
	5	Sales Tax							40,975,351	7,802,886	-	
	Ţ	Jse Tax - Retail							1,206,579	-	-	
	Ţ	Use Tax - Building Materials							1,727,013	89,237	-	
	I	Lodging Tax							1,575,329	-	-	
	A	Admissions Tax							339,902	-	-	
	F	Franchise Fees							1,302,889	-	-	
	(	Cigarette Tax							91,582	-	-	
	5	Sales Tax and Liquor Licenses							68,236	-	-	
	F	Property Tax							-	-	218,000	
	I	Investment Earnings							671,563	15,106	(880)	
	I	Lease Revenue Other							45,190			
	(								173,801	397,217	22,842	
		Total Gener	al Re	venues					48,177,435	8,304,446	239,962	
		Change i	n Net	Position					20,922,051	6,205,199	(47,051)	
		Cumulat	ive Ef	fect of a Chan	ge in	Accounting Pr	incipl	le	-	-		
	Net	Position - Begin	ning				•		174,018,863	7,720,923	391,506	
	Net	Position - Endin	g						\$ 194,940,914	\$ 13,926,122	\$ 344,455	

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

#### SUMMARY OF FUNDS

Major governmental funds include the General Fund and any governmental fund that comprises 10% or more of a total governmental fund classification (assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures) and at least 5% of the combined governmental and enterprise funds total for the same classification.

#### **MAJOR FUNDS**

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### **Special Revenue Fund – Cultural and Community Services**

The Special Revenue Fund – Cultural and Community Services is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the operations of the Lone Tree Arts Center, as well as other City sponsored events and cultural services. Revenue reported in this fund include all sales at the Lone Tree Arts Center, which include ticket sales and related fees, rental fees, concessions, donations, and grants.

#### **NON-MAJOR FUNDS**

#### **Other Governmental Funds**

The Other Governmental Funds column is an aggregate of the following non-major governmental funds:

#### • Debt Service Funds

The Debt Service Fund - Arts and Cultural Facilities
The Debt Service Fund - Park and Recreation Improvements

#### • Special Revenue Fund

Special Revenue Fund – Lone Tree Arts Center Fund 501(c)(3)

Detailed schedules can be found in the "Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules" section of this report.

#### CITY OF LONE TREE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2022

	General		Special Revenue - Cultural and Community General Services		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$	37,622,697	\$	1,263,894	\$	-	\$	38,886,591
Cash and Investments - Restricted		9,854,777		-		4,942,555		14,797,332
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental		790,925		-		-		790,925
Sales, Use, Admissions and Lodging Taxes		4,454,000		-		474,992		4,928,992
Other		58,513		102,709		2,050		163,272
Prepaid items		270,208		116,668		-		386,876
Due from Other Funds		65,317						65,317
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	53,116,437	\$	1,483,271	\$	5,419,597	\$	60,019,305
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	5,666,964	\$	56,675	\$	68,169	\$	5,791,808
Unearned Revenue		-		436,561		1,500		438,061
Retainage Payable		95,829		-		-		95,829
Surety Deposits Payable		414,144		-		-		414,144
Other Deposit Payable		3,991		11,500		-		15,491
Due to Other Funds		-		65,317				65,317
Total Liabilities		6,180,928		570,053		69,669		6,820,650
FUND BALANCES								
Non-Spendable		270,208		116,668		-		386,876
Restricted		5,737,420		-		5,345,840		11,083,260
Committed		-		796,550		4,088		800,638
Assigned		14,278,327		-		-		14,278,327
Unassigned		26,649,553						26,649,553
Total Fund Balances		46,935,508		913,218		5,349,928		53,198,654
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	53,116,436	\$	1,483,271	\$	5,419,597	\$	60,019,304

#### **CITY OF LONE TREE**

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 53,198,654
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	147,009,780
Other long-term assets are not current financial resources available to pay	
current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Net Pension Asset - FPPA	2,939,162
Net Pension Asset - PERA	624,887
Net Right to Use Leased Asset	329,753
Lease Receivable	114,233
Loans Receivable - RidgeGate Affordable Housing Project	617,306
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources that represent acquisition or consumption	
of net position that applies to future periods and, therefore, are not reported	
in the funds.	
Deferred Outflows - Pension Plan	4,093,333
Deferred Outflows - OPEB	147,092
Deferred Outflows - Refunded Bonds	123,269
Deferred Inflows - Pension Plan	(8,407,365)
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(172,589)
Deferred Inflows - RidgeGate Affordable Housing Project - Loan	(617,306)
Deferred Inflows - Leases	(109,505)
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds Payable	(2,810,000)
Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable	(9,859)
Bond Premiums (Net of Amortization)	(68,132)
Net OPEB Liability - PERA	(488,565)
Lease Liability	(337,706)
Compensated Absences	(1,235,528)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 194,940,914

These financial statements should be read only in connection with the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

# CITY OF LONE TREE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended December 31, 2022

		General	Special Revenue Cultural an Communi Services	nd	Other overnmental Funds	Ge	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	41,980,958	\$ -	\$	3,843,217	\$	45,824,175
Franchise fees		1,302,889	-		-		1,302,889
Intergovernmental		10,446,205	-		-		10,446,205
Licenses, Fees and Charges		2,188,240	-		-		2,188,240
Fines and Forfeitures		393,404	-		-		393,404
Net Investment Income		583,217	-		81,780		664,997
Tenant Rental Income		164,717	-		-		164,717
Arts and Cultural		-	1,971,56	58	68,169		2,039,737
Other		382,912					382,912
Total Revenues		57,442,542	1,971,56	<u> </u>	3,993,166	\$	63,407,276
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General Government		5,051,387	-		-		5,051,387
Municipal Court		309,076	-		-		309,076
Community Development		1,305,370	-		-		1,305,370
Police		9,395,393	-		-		9,395,393
Public Works		6,876,849	2 929 22	12	72.062		6,876,849
Arts and Cultural Services Debt Service		-	2,828,32	22	72,063		2,900,385
Bond Interest					233,300		233,300
Bond Principal		-	-		2,620,000		2,620,000
Paying Agent Fees		-	-		800		800
Capital Outlay		15,758,238	-		-		15,758,238
Total Expenditures	-	38,696,313	2,828,32	<u> </u>	2,926,163		44,450,798
Total Experiences		30,070,313	2,020,32		2,720,103		++,+30,770
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER		10.746.000	(956.71	• 45	1.067.002		10.056.470
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		18,746,229	(856,75	<u> </u>	1,067,003		18,956,478
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In		39,221	1,463,87	76	-		1,503,097
Transfers Out		(1,463,876)	-		(39,221)		(1,503,097)
Lease Inception		7,078			- (20.221)		7,078
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,417,577)	1,463,87	<u></u>	(39,221)		7,078
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		17,328,652	607,12	22	1,027,782		18,963,556
FUND BALANCES -		20.000.050	207.00		1 200 1 16		24.227.000
BEGINNING OF YEAR FUND BALANCES -	-	29,606,856	306,09	<u></u>	4,322,146	-	34,235,098
END OF YEAR	\$	46,935,508	\$ 913,21	8 \$	5,349,928	\$	53,198,654

#### CITY OF LONE TREE

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 18,963,556
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Asset Additions	4,135,996
Depreciation Expense	(7,744,709)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of bond refundings, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is, issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Bond Principal	2,620,000
Bond Premiums - Amortization	134,252
Refunded Bonds - Amortization	(123,269)
Some revenue and expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenue or expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Compensated Absences - Change in Liability	(18,137)
Pension Revenue	2,913,515
OPEB Revenue	34,489
Lease Net Revenue (Expense)	(3,225)
Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability	9,583
Accided interest on bonds - Change in Liability	 7,303
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 20,922,051

#### **NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY**

The City of Lone Tree, Colorado (City) was incorporated by general election on November 7, 1995. The citizenry voted to become a home rule city on May 5, 1998, under the provisions of Article XX of the Constitution of the State of Colorado. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: building, permitting, planning and zoning, public works (including trash removal service), public safety (police protection and animal control) and general government activities including administration, finance, communications, cultural, recreation and municipal court.

The City follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units.

The City organized the Park Meadows Business Improvement District (PMBID) in October 2006 for the purpose of providing public improvements within the boundaries of the operations area of the PMBID as defined by Ordinance approved by City Council. The PMBID will receive a portion of the sales taxes generated by the Park Meadows Mall (see Note 11 & 13) for the purpose of funding such improvements. The PMBID is comprised of five board members appointed by City Council. The PMBID is required to submit an annual operating plan and budget for City Council approval. Due to the fact that the PMBID's governing body is appointed by City Council along with its fiscal dependence of receiving funds from the City, the PMBID is considered to be a component unit of the City but does not meet the definition of an integral part of the primary government. Therefore, the PMBID is included and presented as a discretely presented component unit of the City.

The formation of the Lone Tree Business Improvement District (LTBID) was initiated by commercial business owners and approved by the City on September 1, 2015. The LTBID was created to assist with the financing, construction, operation, marketing and maintenance of public improvements and public services intended to maintain and improve the economic performance of business entities located within the LTBID. The LTBID is governed by a Board of Directors who are appointed by, and may be removed by, City Council. The LTBID must submit an annual operating plan and budget for City Council approval by September 30th of each year per State statute. Since the LTBID's governing body is appointed by City Council and the City has the ability to impose its will, the LTBID is considered to be a component unit of the City but does

#### **NOTE 1 - DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY** (CONTINUED)

not meet the definition of an integral part of the primary government. Therefore, the LTBID is included and presented as a discretely presented component unit of the City.

The City organized the Lone Tree Arts Center Fund 501(c)(3) (LTACF) on October 3, 2017 for the purpose of fundraising to benefit the Lone Tree Arts Center. The LTACF will be operated by the City and the City may provide operational support to the LTACF. The funds raised by the LTACF will be granted to the Lone Tree Arts Center on an annual basis. The Mayor, City Manager, and Executive Director of the Lone Tree Arts Center will serve as ex officio directors as long as they serve in that office or capacity. The board of directors will be appointed by the City Council. The initial board terms were staggered in one, two, and three-year terms. Any appointments made after the inaugural board are three-year terms. Since the LTACF's governing body is appointed by City Council and the City has the ability to impose its will, the LTACF is considered to be a component unit of the City but does not meet the definition of an integral part of the primary government. Since the LTACF was established to exclusively benefit the primary government, the LTACF is considered a blended component unit and is reported herein in a special revenue fund.

For additional information on the individual component units or to obtain a copy of their individual reports, please contact the City's Finance Department at 303-708-1818 or 9220 Kimmer Dr., Suite 100, Lone Tree, CO 80124.

The following services are provided to residents of the City, by the following entities, which are not component units of the City:

- Water and sewer services are provided by Southgate Water and Sanitation District and Northern Douglas County Water Sanitation District.
- Fire protection services are provided by South Metro Fire Rescue Authority.
- Parks and recreation services are provided by South Suburban Parks and Recreation District.
- Street construction and landscaping maintenance of right of way are partially provided by Park Meadows Metropolitan District (PMMD).
- Rampart Range Metropolitan Districts 1-9 (RRMD) provide financing for water, sewer, streets, parks and storm drainage in the areas within RRMD, in the City (see Note 13).
- Heritage Hills Metropolitan District (HHMD) provided financing for public infrastructure within HHMD, in the City, and currently provides certain landscaping maintenance.

#### NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the City are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements report all of the activities of the primary government and its component units except for the fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by sales taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the primary government and its component units. The difference between the assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows of the City is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for property, equipment and infrastructure are shown as increases in assets, and redemption of bonds are recorded as a reduction in liabilities.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within a reasonable period (typically within 60 days) following the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are sales, use, lodging and admissions taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Special Revenue Fund – Cultural and Community Services is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the operations of the Lone Tree Arts Center, as well as other City sponsored events and cultural services. Revenue reported in this fund include all sales at the Lone Tree Arts Center, which include ticket sales and related fees, rental fees, concessions, donations, and grants.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

The Debt Service Fund - Arts and Cultural Facilities is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt related to arts and cultural facilities improvements.

The Debt Service Fund - Park and Recreation Improvements is used to account for the resources accumulated and payments made for the principal and interest on long-term debt related to park and recreational improvements.

The Special Revenue Fund – Lone Tree Arts Center Fund 501(c)(3) is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the operation of the 501(c)(3). Revenue reported in this fund represents contributions received during the year that support the Lone Tree Arts Center.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the City Council holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The City Council can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting, unless otherwise indicated. Budgets for all governmental funds are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Unused appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, supplementary budget amendment appropriations approved by City Council increased from \$51,649,689 to \$55,727,619 in the General Fund, \$3,145,536 to \$3,209,293 in the Special Revenue Fund – Cultural and Community Services, and \$1,628,600 to \$1,878,600 in the Debt Service Fund – Park and Recreation Improvements. There were no supplementary budget amendment appropriations in the Debt Service Fund – Arts and Cultural Facilities.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, supplementary budget amendment appropriations approved by the Board increased from \$5,163,085 to \$7,987,805 for the PMBID.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, there were no supplementary budget amendment appropriations for the LTBID.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize interest earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Investments are carried at fair value.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### **Interfund Balances**

The City reports interfund balances that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds in the fund financial statements as due to/from other funds. The interfund balances have been eliminated in the government-wide statements.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Buildings and building improvements	3 - 50 years
Equipment	3 - 15 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Infrastructure	10 - 50 years
Intangibles	40 years

#### **Amortization**

#### Original Issue Discount/Premium

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### **Compensated Absences**

The City has a policy that allows employees to accumulate unused paid time off (PTO) benefits up to certain maximum hours based on years of service. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. The City's General Fund is used to liquidate compensated absences of the governmental activities.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

No allowance of doubtful accounts have been provided. Bad debts are expensed when deemed uncollectible. Management has evaluated the accounts and believes they are all collectible.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue in the government-wide and the fund financial statements consists of unearned rental fees, ticket sales and unredeemed gift cards for the Lone Tree Arts Center.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the LTBID's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the LTBID.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first two are shown as pension and OPEB-related amounts that include items related to the City's portion of the Colorado Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA), Colorado Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and Colorado PERA Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF) benefit plans. This includes the difference between expected and actual experience, any changes of assumptions or other inputs, the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments, the change in employer allocation percentage, the difference between the actual contributions and proportionate share of total contributions, as well as the amortization related to the difference, and the related contributions subsequent to the measurement date (see Notes 14 - 16). The third is shown as refunded bonds related amounts that includes the gain or loss from the original bonds as a result of the refunding that will be deferred over the life of the refunded bonds (see Note 9).

In addition to liabilities, the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The first two are shown as pension- and OPEB-related amounts that include items related to the City's portion of the Colorado Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA), Colorado Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA), and Colorado PERA Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF) benefit plans. This includes the difference between expected and actual experience, any changes of assumptions or other inputs, the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments, the change in employer allocation percentage, the difference between the actual contributions and proportionate share of total contributions, as well as the amortization related to the difference, and the related contributions subsequent to the measurement date (see Notes 14 -16). The third is shown as RidgeGate Affordable Housing Project, which is related to a loan receivable. This amount will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the amount becomes available (see Note 7). The fourth is shown as Leases, which is related to a lease receivable. This amount is recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the revenue is earned (see Note 6). Lastly, the Lone Tree Business Improvement District has one item shown in this category as deferred property tax revenue. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

#### **Fund Balances**

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints, from most restrictive to least:

- Nonspendable fund balance The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, City Council. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of City Council. City Council will either pass an ordinance or resolution as the highest level of decision-making dependent on the subject matter. An ordinance requires the matter to be added to the City's municipal code, whereas a resolution does not require this action, but depending on the subject matter, both are equally binding. Additionally, City Council has adopted a Council Adopted Policy to commit fund balance. Resolution #11-25, which establishes that any remaining fund balance related to the Lone Tree Art Center will be committed to be used solely to fund the Lone Tree Art Center.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (CONTINUED)

- Assigned fund balance The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Council to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed. City Council has approved an Intergovernmental Agreement with Douglas County for an emergency disaster management reserve, as well as setting requirements as part of the site improvement application process for park fees in lieu of land dedication. Additionally, City Council has adopted a Council Adopted Policy to assign fund balance. CAP #12-02, the Capital Reserve Policy, establishes reserves for future capital replacement and project needs.
- Unassigned fund balance The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above. Additionally, the unassigned fund balance is generally a negative amount, except for in the general fund, which reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. The negative amount is appropriate in other governmental funds (excluding the general fund) if the expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the City's policy to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Primary Government	Park Meadows BID Component Unit	Lone Tree BID Component Unit		
Statement of Net Position:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 38,886,591	\$ 7,163,071	\$ 364,042		
Cash and Investments – Restricted	14,797,332	1,276,378			
<b>Total Cash and Investments</b>	\$ 53,683,923	\$ 8,439,449	\$ 364,042		

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 consist of the following:

	Primary Government	Park Meadows BID Component Unit	Lone Tree BID Component Unit		
Deposits with Financial Institutions Certificates of Deposit Investments	\$ 11,030,658 - 42,653,265	\$ 6,822,093 1,087,718 529,638	\$ 338,134 25,908		
<b>Total Cash and Investments</b>	\$ 53,683,923	\$ 8,439,449	\$ 364,042		

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

As of December 31, 2022, the City's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$8,606,070 and a carrying balance of \$11,030,658. None of the City's deposits are subject to custodial risk since they are deposited in certified eligible public depositories under the PDPA.

As of December 31, 2022, the PMBID's cash deposits, including certificates of deposit, had a bank balance of \$8,416,257 and a carrying balance of \$7,909,811. None of PMBID's deposits are subject to custodial risk since they are deposited in certified eligible public depositories under the PDPA.

As of December 31, 2022, the LTBID's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$338,134 and a carrying balance of \$338,134. The LTBID's deposits up to \$250,000 are covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC), with the additional deposits covered by the PDPA.

#### **Investments**

The City has adopted a formal investment policy to establish parameters and guidelines for the efficient management of the City's funds and for the purchase and sale of investments. The City will consolidate the balances from all funds, except those held in trusts or special funds that have a designated purpose, to maximize investment earnings. The City's primary objectives, in priority order, are: a) Safety of Principal, b) Liquidity, and c) Return on Investments. Pursuant to the City's investment policy, investments will have a duration of no longer than five years. Additionally, the City follows state statutes regarding investments.

The City generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the City is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado Revised Statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the City Council. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Revenue bonds of local government securities, corporate and bank securities, and guaranteed investment contracts not purchased with bond proceeds, are limited to maturities of three years or less.

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (CONTINUED)

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- \* Local government investment pools

The City implemented GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, in 2016 to categorize its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments not measured at fair value and not categorized include governmental money market funds (PFM Funds Governmental Select Series) and money market funds (generally held by Bank Trust Departments in their role as paying agent or trustee).

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements through Colotrust that are valued using the market approach with maturities based on a weighted average under 60 days approach. City investments, as well as PMBID and LTBID, as of December 31, 2022 are as follows:

- City Local Government Investment Pool of \$53,683,923 are valued using the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. (Level 2)
- PMBID Local Government Investment Pool of \$529,638 are valued using the net asset value method (NAV) per share. The District's investment is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.
- LTBID Local Government Investment Pool of \$25,908 are valued using the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. (Level 2)

The City does not have recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022, that are valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) or significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

The Lone Tree Arts Center Fund (LTACF), a Colorado nonprofit corporation, has developed a policy for accepting gifts of securities and stock-related gifts as contributions. It is the organization's policy to liquidate all securities within three business days of receipt. As of December 31, 2022, the LTACF did not hold any securities.

#### **COLOTRUST**

The City invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the Trust) an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals.

The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. Colotrust is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

### **NOTE 4 - FUND BALANCE**

The specific purposes for each fund balance classification on the balance sheet are detailed in the table below:

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund - Cultural & Community Services		Gov	Other ernmental Funds		Total
Fund Balances		_						
Nonspendable								
Prepaid Items	\$	270,208	\$	116,668	\$	- \$	<b>)</b>	386,876
		270,208		116,668		-		386,876
Restricted for:								
Emergency Reserve (TABOR)		1,656,153		-		-		1,656,153
Conservation Trust		572,137		-		-		572,137
Brick Fence Replacement Reserve		986,200		-		-		986,200
Advancing Lincoln Avenue		659,636		-		-		659,636
Acres Green Pedestrian Bridge		853,157		-		-		853,157
Metropolitan Football Stadium Shareback		1,010,137		-		-		1,010,137
Debt Service		-		-		5,345,840		5,345,840
		5,737,420		-		5,345,840		11,083,260
Committed to:								
Lone Tree Arts Center		<u>-</u>		796,550		4,088		800,638
Assigned to:								
Emergency Disaster Management - County		175,837		-		-		175,837
Capital Replacement		13,816,850		-		-		13,816,850
Park Fee in Lieu of Land		285,640		-		-		285,640
		14,278,327		-		-		14,278,327
Unassigned		26,649,553				<u> </u>		26,649,553
Total Fund Balance	\$	46,935,508	\$	913,218	\$	5,349,928 \$	<u>;                                    </u>	53,198,654

#### **NOTE 4- FUND BALANCE** (CONTINUED)

#### Nonspendable

The nonspendable fund balance for prepaid items represents payments to vendors that are applicable to a future accounting period and are, therefore, nonspendable resources and unavailable for appropriation.

#### Restricted

Emergency reserves have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (see Note 22).

Conservation Trust reserve represents funds received from the State of Colorado from lottery proceeds that are restricted by the State Constitution to be spent for parks, recreation and open space purposes.

The brick fence replacement reserve represents funds received by the City as part of a litigation settlement. These funds are to be used exclusively for capital repairs related to the brick fences throughout the City as a requirement of the settlement.

The Advancing Lincoln Avenue reserve represents funds received by the City from funding partners on this project less incurred costs. These funds are to be used exclusively for the Advancing Lincoln Avenue project.

The Metropolitan Football Stadium Shareback reserve represents funds received by the City from the Metropolitan Football Stadium District as the result of the sale of the Bronco franchise. These funds are to be used exclusively for youth activity programs.

Acres Green Pedestrian / Bicycle Bridge reserve represents funds received by the City from funding partners on this project less incurred costs. These funds are to be used exclusively for this project.

The debt service restricted balance represents funds to be used for future payment of bond principal, interest and costs related to the Park and Recreation Improvement Bonds and Arts and Cultural Facilities Bonds.

#### **Committed**

Funds committed for the Lone Tree Art Center represent funds that have been committed by the Lone Tree City Council to be used solely to fund the Lone Tree Art Center. This policy was established by City Council in Resolution #11-25.

#### **NOTE 4- FUND BALANCE** (CONTINUED)

### **Assigned**

The emergency disaster management reserve has been provided for pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement with Douglas County estimated at 0.02% of the City's assessed value.

Capital replacement represents funds accumulated for future replacement of capital improvements and/or for capital projects.

Park fee in lieu of land dedication represents funds received on development projects that are pledged for future park and recreation projects pursuant to development site improvement applications.

#### Unassigned

Included in the unassigned amount in the General Fund is the City's working reserve or stabilization fund. This amount was established by City Council in CAP #11-01 to mitigate current and future risks such as revenue shortfalls and unanticipated expenditures as well as to ensure stable tax rates.

#### **NOTE 5 - TRANSFERS**

The following schedule summarizes the City's transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	_		Special 1	ransfer in Revenue Fund -
Transfers Out		Transfer in General Fund		ultural & unity Services
Debt Service Fund - Arts/Cultural Facilities	\$	39,221	\$	-
General Fund		-		1,463,876
	\$	39,221	\$	1,463,876

The transfer of \$1,463,876 from the General Fund represents the subsidy needed from the General Fund to cover the operational costs of the Lone Tree Arts Center in excess of revenues generated by the Lone Tree Arts Center. The transfer of \$39,221 from the Debt Service fund to the General Fund represent reimbursement for capital payments that were made out of the General Fund for Arts and Cultural projects.

#### **NOTE 6 – LEASES**

#### Lessee

The City leases a port-a-potty at the Public Works Facility, filtered water stations, copiers and traffic cameras under cancelable operating leases. The total lease payments in 2022 were \$82,468, including \$64,211 in principal payments and \$18,257 in interest payments.

#### Right to Use Leased Assets

Right to use leased asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

	Dece	lance at ember 31, 2021 <u>Increases</u> <u>Decreases</u>		:31,		reases	Balance at December 31 2022	
Primary Government								
Right to Use Leased Assets:								
Public Works Facility Port-a-Potty	\$	-	\$	7,078	\$	-	\$	7,078
Filtered Water Stations		-		11,035		-		11,035
Copiers		-		47,097		-		47,097
Traffic Cameras		-		336,707		-		336,707
Total Right to Use Leased Assets				401,916				401,916
Less Accumulated Amortization for:								
Public Works Facility Port-a-Potty		-		(1,320)		-		(1,320)
Filtered Water Stations		-		(2,037)		-		(2,037)
Copiers		-		(17,661)		-		(17,661)
Traffic Cameras		-		(51,145)		-		(51,145)
Total Accumulated Amortization				(72,163)		-		(72,163)
Right to Use Leased Assets, Net of Amortization	\$	_	\$	329,753	\$	_	\$	329,753

#### Lease Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in lease liabilities of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance at December 31, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2022	Due Within One Year
Primary Government					
Lease Liability:					
Public Works Facility Port-a-Potty	-	7,078	(1,191)	5,887	1,363
Filtered Water Stations	-	11,035	(1,788)	9,247	1,879
Copiers	-	47,097	(16,931)	30,165	17,797
Traffic Cameras		336,707	(44,300)	292,407	46,567
Total Lease Liability		401,916	(64,211)	337,706	67,607

### **NOTE 6 – LEASES** (CONTINUED)

Future Lease Payments

The future lease payments for all leases discussed above are expected to be paid as follows:

Maturity Analysis	Pri	ncipal	al Interest		Total
01/01/2023 - 12/31/2023	\$	67,607	\$	14,996	\$ 82,603
01/01/2024 - 12/31/2024		64,726		11,603	76,329
01/01/2025 - 12/31/2025		55,037		8,743	63,780
01/01/2026 - 12/31/2026		57,852		5,928	63,780
01/01/2027 - 12/31/2027		57,986		3,034	61,020
01/01/2028 - 12/31/2028		34,498		432	34,930
Total	\$	337,706		\$ 44,736	\$ 382,442
Lease Liability	\$	337,706			

#### Lessor

The City leases a portion of its Municipal Office Building (LTMB) and the minimum anticipated receipts for the next five years are as follows:

End Date	2023	2024	2025	2026	2026
07/31/2025	\$ 36,564	\$ 36,564	\$ 21,329	\$ -	\$ -
12/31/2024	13,330	13,330	_		_
	49,894	49,894	21,329		
	07/31/2025	07/31/2025 \$ 36,564 12/31/2024 13,330	07/31/2025       \$ 36,564       \$ 36,564         12/31/2024       13,330       13,330	07/31/2025       \$ 36,564       \$ 36,564       \$ 21,329         12/31/2024       13,330       13,330       -	07/31/2025       \$ 36,564       \$ 36,564       \$ 21,329       \$ -         12/31/2024       13,330       13,330       -       -

Total lease receipts in 2022 were \$47,027, including \$40,463 in principal and \$6,564 in interest.

#### **NOTE 6 – LEASES** (CONTINUED)

Future Lease Receipts

The future lease receipts for all leases discussed above are expected to be as follows:

Maturity Analysis	Prir	ncipal	Inte	rest	T	otal
01/01/2023 - 12/31/2023	\$	45,422	\$	4,472	\$	49,894
01/01/2024 - 12/31/2024		47,746		2,148		49,894
01/01/2025 - 12/31/2025		21,065		264		21,329
Total	\$	114,233	\$	6,884	\$	121,117
Lease Receivable	\$	114,233				

#### **NOTE 7 – LOANS RECEIVABLE**

Long-term loans receivable consists of the following at December 31, 2022:

	Term		Outs	tanding Balance
	(Years)	Rate (%)	at De	cember 31, 2022
RidgeGate Affordable Housing Project	40.5	0.25%	\$	615,000
Accrued Interest		<u>.</u>		2,306
Loans Receivable, Net			\$	617,306

The City was the recipient of a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) in the amount of \$615,000 and extended the full amount as a long-term loan to support the RidgeGate affordable housing project. The City Council recognizes the importance of having a diverse housing stock that provides choices for every life state and supports housing for a variety of income levels. In addition, the development of attainable housing in Lone Tree is closely tied to its successful and sustainable economic development by providing employers with competitive advantages in terms of housing opportunities for a local workforce. The loan is secured by a deed of trust, which is subordinate to other debt on the associated project. However, collectability of the outstanding balance remains strong and identified.

### **NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2021		Increases		Decreases		Balance at ecember 31, 2022
Primary Government							
Capital Assets, Not being Depreciated:							
Land	\$ 3	9,797,733	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 39,797,733
Construction in Progress				15,083			 15,083.00
Total Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated	3	9,797,733		15,083			39,812,816
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:							
Buildings and Building Improvements	4	2,626,368		-		-	42,626,368
Equipment		4,700,977		169,950		-	4,870,927
Vehicles		1,675,281		163,898		(56,559)	1,782,620
Infrastructure	16	6,095,622		3,787,065		-	169,882,688
Intangibles		1,500,000				-	1,500,000
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated	21	6,598,249		4,120,913		(56,559)	220,662,602
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and Building Improvements	(1	2,627,147)		(1,153,211)		-	(13,780,357)
Equipment	(	4,170,650)		(272,712)		-	(4,443,363)
Vehicles	(	1,200,047)		(166,210)		56,559	(1,309,698)
Infrastructure	(8	7,123,395)		(6,115,076)		-	(93,238,470)
Intangibles		(656,250)		(37,500)		-	(693,750)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(10	5,777,489)		(7,744,709)		56,559	(113,465,638)
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated, Net	11	0,820,760		(3,623,796)		-	107,196,964
Capital Assets, Net		0,618,493	\$	(3,608,713)	\$	_	\$ 147,009,780

### NOTE 8 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balance at December 31, 2021		Increases		Decreases		_	Salance at cember 31, 2022
Park Meadows BID Component Unit:								
Capital Assets, Not being Depreciated:								
Construction in Progress	\$	-	\$	963,881	\$	-	\$	963,881
Total Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated		-		963,881				963,881
Capital Assets, being Depreciated:								
Infrastructure		21,710,103		-		-		21,710,103
Total Capital Assets, being Depreciated		21,710,103				-		21,710,103
Lease Assets, being Amortized:								
Right-to-Use Lease - Property				13,245,019				13,245,019
Total Lease Assets, being Amortized		-		13,245,019				13,245,019
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Infrastructure		(9,600,605)		(1,081,341)		-		(10,681,946)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(9,600,605)		(1,081,341)				(10,681,946)
Less Accumulated Amortization for:								
Right-to-Use Lease - Property		-		(213,052)		-		(213,052)
Total Accumulated Amortization		-		(213,052)		-		(213,052)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	12,109,498	\$	12,914,507	\$		\$	25,024,005

As a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 (GASB 87), Leases, \$13,245,019 in lease assets being amortized and \$213,052 in lease asset accumulated amortization were added as Right-to-Use Lease Building as presented above.

Depreciation expense for 2022 was charged to the following functions/programs:

	vernmental activities	Park Meadows BID Component Unit
General Government	\$ 456,843	\$ 1,294,393
Municipal Court	8,676	-
Community Development	33,364	-
Public Works	6,213,698	-
Police Department	353,734	-
Arts and Cultural	 621,834	 -
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 7,688,149	\$ 1,294,393

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

The following is an analysis of the changes in the City's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

December 51, 2022.										
	Balance at							Balance at		Due Within
	1	2/31/2021		Additions	Reductions		12/31/2022		(	One Year
Governmental Activities										
Sales and Use Tax Revenue										
Refunding Bonds - Series 2017A	\$	2,110,000	\$	-	\$	1,020,000	\$	1,090,000	\$	1,090,000
Unamortized Premium on Series										
2017A Bonds		97,126		-		64,042		33,083		33,083
Sales and Use Tax Revenue										
Refunding Bonds - Series 2017B		3,320,000		-		1,600,000		1,720,000		1,720,000
Unamortized Premium on Series										
2017B Bonds		105,261		-		70,210		35,050		35,050
Total Bonds		5,632,386		-		2,754,253		2,878,134		2,878,134
Compensated Absences		1,217,391		281,419		263,282		1,235,528		184,069
	\$	6,849,777	\$	281,419	\$	3,017,535	\$	4,113,662	\$	3,062,203
	]	Balance at						Balance at	Ι	Due Within
	1	2/31/2021		Additions	I	Reductions	1	2/31/2022	(	One Year
Park Meadows BID Component Unit										
Shared Sales Tax Revenue										
Refunding Loan Series 2017A	\$	9,392,626	\$	-	\$	816,985	\$	8,575,641	\$	841,999
Leases Payable		-		13,245,018		640,988		12,604,030		631,201
	\$	9,392,626	\$	13,245,018	\$	1,457,973	\$	21,179,671	\$	1,473,200

As a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 (GASB 87), Leases, \$13,245,018 was added to Lease Payable as presented above.

#### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS** (CONTINUED)

#### **Authorized Debt**

On May 6, 2008, a majority of the qualified electors of the City authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$18,500,000 and \$12,500,000, for sales and use tax revenue bonds for funding capital improvements for cultural facilities and park and recreation, respectively. The voters also authorized a temporary sales and use tax rate increase of .1875% for arts and cultural facilities and .125% for park and recreation improvements effective July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2023 or until the full payment of such debt if occurring earlier. In 2017, the City refunded these bonds acquiring a lower interest rate, while maintaining the bond terms, which resulted in a savings over the life of the bonds. On December 31, 2022, the City had authorized but unissued bond indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Amount uthorized 2008	 nount Used	 nount Used eries 2009	Amount used (Stale)	naining orization
Arts and cultural facilities	\$ 18,500,000	\$ -	\$ 16,880,000	\$ (1,620,000)	\$ -
Park and recreation improvements	 12,500,000	11,000,000	-	 (1,500,000)	 
	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 11,000,000	\$ 16,880,000	\$ (3,120,000)	\$ 

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS** (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to recommendation from Bond Counsel in 2017 the remaining authorized amounts became stale on December 31, 2017 due to the length of time that has passed since the election and the issuance of the bonds.

Additionally, the PMBID held an election on November 7, 2006 where eligible voters of the PMBID authorized the issuance of \$135,000,000 of indebtedness payable from ad valorem property taxes or other legally available revenues of the PMBID for capital expenditures related to street, park and recreation, utility lines, transportation, and television relay improvements. As of December 31, 2022, the PMBID has \$118,690,000 in authorized, but unissued indebtedness for capital purposes.

The detail of the City's long-term obligations are as follows:

Series 2017A, \$4,805,000 Sales and Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, dated May 24, 2017 (2017A Bonds). On May 24, 2017, the City issued \$4,805,000 in Sales and Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds at interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% to refund a portion of the outstanding Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, whose purpose was to finance the construction of several park and recreation improvements including, the Cook Creek pool and tennis court facility and playground at the Lone Tree Golf Club, as well as a portion of Prairie Sky Park. Series 2008A was originally issued on November 19, 2008, at \$11,000,000 in Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds. 2008A Bonds were paid in full as of December 31, 2018. The principal and interest on the 2008A Bonds were payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the 2008A pledged revenues which primarily consist of the revenues derived from the City's recreation sales and use tax imposed at a rate equal to 0.125%. The recreation sales tax went into effect on July 1, 2008 and will end on December 1, 2023.

The purpose of the 2017 refunding was to reduce the interest rate paid on the 2008A Bonds. The total debt service savings for the 2008A bonds as a result of the refunding is approximately \$441,500, while the present value savings from cash flow is approximately \$415,000. The terms of the 2017A bonds remained the same with a payoff date of December 1, 2023.

Series 2017B, \$6,200,000 Sales and Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, dated May 24, 2017 (2017B Bonds). On May 24, 2017, the City issued \$6,200,000 in Sales and Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds at interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 4.00% to refund a portion of the outstanding Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 whose original purpose was to finance the construction of the Lone Tree Arts Center. Series 2009 was originally issued on August 11, 2009, at \$16,880,000 in Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds. 2009 Bonds were paid in full as of December 31, 2019. The principal and interest on the 2009 Bonds were payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the 2009 pledged revenues which primarily consist of the revenues derived from the City's cultural sales and use tax imposed at a rate equal to 0.1875%. The cultural sales tax went into effect on July 1, 2008 and will end on December 1, 2023.

### **NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS** (CONTINUED)

The purpose of the 2017 refunding was to reduce the interest rate paid on the 2009 Bonds. The total debt service savings for the 2009 bonds as a result of the refunding is approximately \$278,500, while the present value savings from cash flow is approximately \$259,000. The terms of the bonds remained the same with a payoff date of December 1, 2023.

The detail of the Park Meadows Business Improvement District's long-term obligation are as follows:

Series 2017A, \$10,000,000 Shared Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Loan, dated December 1, 2017 (2017A Loan). On December 1, 2017, PMBID issued \$10,000,000 in its Shared Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Loan. The proceeds of the 2017A Loan were used to redeem a portion of the 2007 Bonds, fund a reserve account, and pay for the costs of issuing the 2017A Loan. The 2017A Loan principal is due monthly in various amounts beginning March 1, 2021 through December 1, 2031, with interest at 3.02%, payable monthly beginning January 1, 2018.

The 2017A Loan may be prepaid on or after December 1, 2022 at the option of PMBID, with no prepayment penalty or fee. The principal and interest on the 2017A Loan is payable solely from and secured by an irrevocable pledge of the pledged revenues, which primarily consist of the revenues derived from PMBID's shared sales tax with the City imposed at a rate equal to 1.8125%. As detailed in the Loan Agreement, the District is subject to various covenants, the violation of which may lead to an event of default. The lender may take action as outlined in the Loan Agreement, though payment acceleration is not a remedy for any events of default.

The District is subject to various covenants as agreed to in the Loan Agreement for the 2017A Loans. The City is required to pledge 50% of the taxes collected in the PMBID area pursuant to the annexation agreement (see Note 13); however, the City is not ultimately responsible for the payment of the loans.

## NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>						
Year Ended December 31,	Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds						
	Principal Interest Total						
2023	\$\\\ 2,810,000 \\ \\$ \\\ 118,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 2,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 2,810,000 \\ \\$ \\\ 118,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 2,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 2,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 18,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 18,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ \\$ \\ 1,928,300 \\ 1						
	Component Unit						
	Principal Interest Total						
2023	\$ 841,999 \$ 247,395 \$ 1,089,394						
2024	867,782 221,612 1,089,394						
2025	894,356 195,038 1,089,394						
2026	921,742 167,652 1,089,394						
2027	949,966 139,428 1,089,394						
2028-2031	<u>4,099,796</u> <u>257,766</u> <u>4,357,562</u>						
	\$ 8,575,641 \$ 1,228,891 \$ 9,804,532						

#### **NOTE 10 - NET POSITION**

The City has net position consisting of three components - net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the City had net investment in capital assets of \$144,254,915 calculated as follows:

Primary Government	<u> </u>	overnmental Activities
Net Investment in Capital Assets:		
Capital Assets, Net	\$	147,009,780
Deferred Outflow on Refunded Bonds		123,269
Current Portion of Long-term Obligations		(2,810,000)
Bond Refunding Premium (Net of Accumulated Amortization)		(68,134)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	144,254,915

The restricted component of net position consists of assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City had restricted net position of \$11,083,260 as of December 31, 2022 as follows:

Primary Government	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserve (see Note 22)	\$ 1,656,153
Conservation Trust	572,137
Brick Fence Replacement	986,200
Advancing Lincoln Avenue	659,636
Metropolitan Football Stadium Shareback	1,010,137
Acres Green Pedestrian / Bicycle Bridge	853,157
Debt Service (see Note 9)	<u>5,345,840</u>
	\$ 11,083,260

#### **NOTE 10 – NET POSITION** (CONTINUED)

The unrestricted component of net position as of December 31, 2022 totaled \$39,602,739.

The detail of the Park Meadows Business Improvement District's (PMBID) net position is as follows:

PMBID's net position consists of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, PMBID had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

#### Park Meadows BID

	Ge-	overnmental Activities
Net Investment in Capital Assets:		
Capital Assets, Net	\$	25,024,005
Current Portion of Long-term Obligations		(1,473,200)
Noncurrent Portion of Long-term Obligations		(19,706,471)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	3,844,334

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had restricted net position of \$1,276,378 as of December 31, 2022 as follows:

#### Park Meadows BID

	Governmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserve	\$ 246,800
Debt Service (See Note 9)	1,029,578
	<u>\$ 1,276,378</u>

PMBID's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2022 totaled \$8,805,410.

#### **NOTE 10 – NET POSITION** (CONTINUED)

The Lone Tree Business Improvement District (LTBID) has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by auditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

Restricted Net Position:
Emergency Reserve

Governmental
Activities

7,610

LTBID's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2022, totaled \$336,845.

#### **NOTE 11 – TAX ABATEMENTS**

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 77, the City has disclosed all agreements entered into with other entities that involve sales tax abatements. Due to the limited number of abatement instances that the City is a part of, no quantitative threshold was set and all agreements were included. The terms of the agreements and payment amounts as of December 31, 2022 are detailed as follows:

Retailer A is to be paid a total of \$7,200,000. \$2,200,000 will be due from the City upon the issuance of a certificate of occupancy. Additionally, once Retailer A opened, the City will remit an amount equal to 65% of the revenues collected by the City from taxable transactions occurring on the property during the first three years of the revenue sharing period and 50% during the remainder of the revenue sharing period. The revenue sharing period will be fifteen years from the effective date of May 17, 2012 or until the revenue cap of \$5,000,000 is achieved. Furthermore, the City also agrees to rebate 100% of any and all applicable use taxes collected on building and construction materials used for construction of the site improvements and public improvements at the time the initial certificate of occupancy is issued by the City. Such use tax rebates will not be credited against the revenue cap but shall be in addition thereto. The agreement with Retailer A was put in place to help bring in a new tourist retail location to drive economic development and future tax revenues in the City. As of December 31, 2022, Retailer A has been paid \$6,430,571 with a remaining amount committed of \$769,429. Ending in 2020, this Retailer was identified as Retailer B.

### **NOTE 11 – TAX ABATEMENTS** (CONTINUED)

Service Provider A shall be reimbursed 100% of all sales and use tax payments imposed or collected by the City on building and construction materials purchased for use in construction or imposed or collected on machinery, equipment, furniture, fixtures, supplies and all other tangible personal property or taxable services purchased for use on the property for 10 years effective from February 7, 2012 to February 7, 2022. As of December 31, 2022, no payments have been made to Service Provider A.

Pursuant to the First Amendment to the Annexation and Development Agreement, during the period commencing on January 1, 2014 and ending on December 31, 2032 the City will share with Rampart Range Metropolitan District No.1 (RRMD No.1) all sales tax, lodging tax, admissions tax or use tax collected on taxable transactions occurring within the west side property, without deduction whatsoever other than the deduction of all amounts that the City is required to rebate to Retailer A (discussed above) pursuant to the existing Retailer A Incentive Agreement and MOU. The sales tax shareback was originally created for the purpose of providing certain public improvements and services to and for the benefit of the property located within the boundaries of the special districts contemplated in the service plan that governs RRMD No.1 and that is located within the boundaries of the City as a result of the annexation contemplated and authorized by the Annexation Agreement.

The shareback per this agreement is as follows:

- 45% to RRMD No.1 from January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2018
- 25% to RRMD No.1 from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2023
- 15% to RRMD No.1 from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2028
- 10% to RRMD No.1 from January 1, 2029 to December 31, 2032

The City shall make payment to RRMD No.1 in each calendar quarter within sixty (60) days after the end of each calendar quarter. In 2022, the amount paid to RRMD No.1 pursuant to the First Amendment to the Annexation and Development Shareback Agreement totaled \$1,416,637.

### **NOTE 11 – TAX ABATEMENTS** (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to the agreement between the City and the owner of the Park Meadows Town Center, commencing on January 1, 2007 and continuing for twenty-five years from the commencement date, the City will distribute 50% of sales tax collections received from the annexed property to the created Park Meadows Business Improvement District (PMBID). Sales tax is considered any sales tax, lodging tax, admissions tax or use tax imposed by the City or on its behalf which is imposed upon taxable transactions occurring with respect to, or the taxable exercise of any privilege on or with respect to the Park Meadows Town Center, specifically excluding ad valorem property taxes. The term of the agreement will automatically be extended for an additional five-year period if the sales tax collected in 2027 is more than the sales tax collections in the first full sales tax collection year (referred to as the base year) which begins after the first to occur: i) annexation by the City of all of the anchor retail stores and substantial completion of the "Lifestyle Extension" or ii) December 31, 2009. This sales tax shareback was a negotiated component of the annexation agreement which has contributed to the economic growth of the City and has increased tax revenues.

The City shall make payment to the PMBID in a lump sum due not more than sixty (60) days following the close of each month, provided that such payments may be made at greater intervals, not to exceed one year. In 2022, the amount paid to PMBID totaled \$7,889,623.

### **NOTE 12 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS**

The City continues to leverage partnerships for cost effective ways to provide City services as well as continue to invest in capital infrastructure throughout the City. Substantial intergovernmental agreements are highlighted below.

### **Dispatch Services**

The City has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Town of Parker to provide dispatch services within the City's boundaries commencing January 1, 2006. In 2018, the City and Town of Parker entered into the second replacement intergovernmental agreement for services provided. The initial term of the agreement is from January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. Thereafter, the agreement shall automatically renew for five subsequent one-year terms, unless terminated. The agreement outlines that the Parker Police Department will provide twenty-four hour, seven days per week, public safety dispatch services to the Lone Tree Police Department at the Dispatch Center. All Dispatch Center personnel are employees of the Town of Parker and are subject to their policies and operating procedures. In 2020, the City and Town of Parker entered into a third replacement intergovernmental agreement for services provided, which changes the cost allocation method from the previous agreement starting on January 1, 2021. The cost allocation for 2022 and future years shall equal Lone Tree's proportionate share of the prior year's audited actual costs for Dispatch services.

### **NOTE 12 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS** (CONTINUED)

Additionally, a monthly administrative fee of 10% of the allocated costs will be included, not to exceed \$75,000 in any given year.

### **Evidence Storage and Crime Scene Investigation**

The City has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Town of Parker to provide services related to crime scene investigation and evidence storage beginning on January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013 automatically renewing for five subsequent one-year terms unless terminated by either party. As noted above, in 2018, the City and Town of Parker entered into the second replacement intergovernmental agreement for services provided. The agreement outlines that the Parker Police Department will provide evidence storage and twenty-four hour, seven days per week, crime scene response services on an on-call basis to the Lone Tree Police Department. Specifically, those services include crime scene processing which entails responding to crime scenes in the City to process evidence, respond to impound lots to process vehicles held for evidence and lab processing of evidence to discover and preserve fingerprints and tool impressions. Evidence storage includes tracking and managing all physical evidence for the Lone Tree Police Department through bar-coded evidence analysis statistics and tracking, picking up and transporting evidence from Lone Tree Police Department to Parker Police Department as-needed, store, track, inventory and audit evidence stored for Lone Tree Police Department and transporting evidence for submission to area labs for analysis on at least a monthly basis. The costs were allocated initially 50/50 for evidence storage costs in 2019 and will be adjusted annually. For 2022, the 50/50 allocation remained the same. Additionally, a monthly administrative fee of 10% of the allocated costs will be included, not to exceed \$20,000 in any given year. Crime scene services will be invoiced on an hourly basis when requested.

Total estimated costs per these agreements in 2023 is approximately \$941,128.

### **Lone Tree Link Shuttle Service**

During 2014, the City entered into multiple agreements as part of a public-private partnership related to the Lone Tree Shuttle Bus Project or the Lone Tree Link. This project was initiated because Park Meadows Drive is a major travel corridor in the City, connecting the Lincoln Light Rail Station with major institutions and businesses that provide work for thousands of employees. This service gives residents, visitors, shoppers and employees the ability to access these institutions and businesses by means of a shuttle bus service and provides better transportation to jobs and amenities throughout the corridor and reduces the dependency on the single occupant automobile, facilitates the movement of traffic and minimizes traffic congestion in the shuttle area. The private businesses consisting of Sky Ridge Medical Center, Charles Schwab, Lone Tree Restaurant Investment, LLC, GC Net Lease Investors, LLC and BGP Parkridge, LLC, entered into license agreements to allow the Link access to their properties. In addition to the circular service provided on Park Meadows Drive, in 2017 and 2018, the service

### **NOTE 12 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS** (CONTINUED)

was expanded with one shuttle being an on-demand service through a partnership with Uber. In 2019, the on-demand service was powered through Via Mobility and became accessible through its own app. The on-demand service allows people to use the shuttle between any destinations within the City limits.

The circular service was discontinued in May of 2019 due to the opening of the Southeast Light Rail Extension. However, the on-demand service has continued, providing more transportation options and reducing congestion, which are a top priorities for City residents and businesses. The City continues to have an intergovernmental agreement with the Southeast Public Improvement Metropolitan District (SPIMD), which included matched funding support of \$89,445 for 2022.

### **COVID-19 Relief Funding**

In response to the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak, CARES Act provided assistance for State, Local, and Tribal Governments. The CARES Act established a \$150 billion Coronavirus Relief Fund. In 2020, the City entered into an intergovernmental agreement with Douglas County for the purpose of providing the structure for reimbursement of the City's allocation of the CARES Act Reimbursement Funds. The City requested and received its full distribution of \$1,231,675 for COVID-19 related expenditures allowable under the CARES Act.

In 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) established a \$1.9 trillion Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (SLFRF). The City applied for this grant through the State of Colorado, Department of Local Affairs, Division of Local Government. The allocation was determined by the U.S. Treasury based on population, with the allocation being distributed in two separate tranches. The City received \$1,644,078 in 2021 and received the second tranche in 2022 for the same amount.

#### **NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS**

### RidgeGate

During 2000, City voters approved the annexation of approximately 3,500 acres identified as RidgeGate. Subsequent to the original 2001 Annexation Agreement, two amendments have been approved, one for the West Side property and one for the East Side property, replacing the original agreement in totality as described below.

### First Amendment to the Annexation and Development Agreement (West Side Property)

On December 16, 2014, the City Council approved the First Amendment to the Annexation and Development Agreement (Amendment) between the City and RidgeGate Investments, Inc.

### **NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS** (CONTINUED)

(RidgeGate), which is effective January 1, 2015. Simultaneously with the execution of this Amendment, RidgeGate, the City and Rampart Range Metropolitan District No. 1 (RRMD No.1) entered into an agreement (the West Side Agreement) regarding dedication, acceptance, and maintenance of public improvements on the portion of the property located on the west side of I-25, and the sharing of sales tax revenues generated from transactions occurring within the west side property. This amendment replaces the 2001 Annexation Agreement and 2001 Sales Tax Sharing Agreement (the 2001 Agreements) for the west side of the property only. The 2001 Agreements were still in place for the property east of I-25 until the 2017 amendment as described below. The two significant changes in the Amendment include the acceptance of streets and sales tax sharing.

Concurrent with the execution of the Amendment, RRMD No.1 dedicated to the City for perpetual ownership, repair, replacement, operation and maintenance, all streets, sidewalks, street and pedestrian lighting, safety protection and all appurtenant facilities as detailed in Exhibit A of the Amendment. In 2015, the amount added to the City's financials for these assets totaled \$15,357,820. The City will maintain these assets to the same standard as elsewhere in the City. Additionally, the City agreed that it would also accept all streets, sidewalks, street and pedestrian lighting, and all appurtenant facilities constructed or installed in the future on the west side property in accordance with the subdivision improvement standards and procedures adopted by the City at such time of dedication. RRMD No.1 remains responsible for maintenance, operations, repair and replacement of all other public improvements constructed, retained and owned by RRMD No.1 which may include but are not limited to certain park and recreation, drainage, and parking facilities. In order to offset costs incurred by the City in connection with the City's maintenance and operation of the improvements accepted by the City during 2015 through 2019, RRMD No.1 made five annual payments of \$250,000 each on or before July 1 of each such five years. Additionally, Rampart Range Metropolitan District Nos. 2 and 7 also agreed commencing in the tax collection year 2024, to impose an additional operational mill levy in the amount of one (1) mill that will be paid to the City and used by the City for maintenance and repair of the existing and future streets and sidewalk improvements.

Pursuant to the Amendment, during the period commencing on January 1, 2014 and ending on December 31, 2032, all sales tax, lodging tax, admissions tax or use tax collected by the City on taxable transactions occurring within the west side property, without deduction whatsoever other than the deduction of all amounts that the City is required to rebate pursuant to an existing retailer Incentive Agreement and MOU, shall be shared between the City and RRMD No.1. Please see Note 11 for further details on the payment schedule.

### **NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS** (CONTINUED)

### Amended and Restated Annexation and Development Agreement (East Side Property)

On November 21, 2017, the City Council approved the Amended and Restated Annexation and Development Agreement with Respect to the East Side Property (East Side Agreement) between the City and RidgeGate Investments, Inc. (RidgeGate). The East Side Agreement was approved with certain conditions precedent that have all been met as of March 31, 2018. The East Side Agreement outlines various terms including land dedication, vesting rights, attainable housing requirements, and the possible inclusion into the South Suburban Parks and Recreation District occurring within the east side property and is effective until December 31, 2055. This East Side Agreement amends and restates the 2001 Annexation Agreement, with respect to the east side property only. Additionally, the East Side Agreement terminates the 2001 Sales Tax Sharing Agreement and other than the revenue pledged in the Pledge Agreement described below, there shall be no other revenue sharing between the City and RidgeGate for the east side property. Due to the East Side Agreement, the 2001 Annexation Agreement is no longer in place for any part of RidgeGate.

On November 7, 2017, the City Council approved the Mill Levy Pledge Agreement (Pledge Agreement) between the City and Rampart Range Metropolitan District No. 4 (RRMD No. 4). The Pledge Agreement was approved with certain conditions precedent that have all been met as of April 19, 2018. Pursuant to the Pledge Agreement, the City will receive an ad valorem mill levy (a mill being equal to 1/10 of 1 cent) imposed upon all taxable property of RRMD No. 4 in the amount of eight mills, less the amount of the then-applicable City property tax levy, if any (Contractual Debt Levy). The Contractual Debt Levy shall never be less than two mills. The Contractual Debt Levy term commences in tax certification year 2023 (for collection and remittance in 2024) through and including tax certification year 2054 (for collection and remittance in 2055). For the portion of the Contractual Debt Levy term commencing in tax certification year 2055 (for collection and remittance in 2056) and continuing thereafter until this Pledge Agreement is terminated, an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of RRMD No. 4 each year in the amount of two mills.

If the ratio of valuation for assessment of residential real property is changed after the effective date of this Pledge Agreement, pursuant to Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution (the "Gallagher Amendment"), the mills levied by RRMD No. 4 pursuant to the Contractual Debt Levy shall be increased or decreased to reflect such change so that, to the extent possible, the actual tax revenues generated by the Contractual Debt Levy, as adjusted, are neither diminished nor enhanced as a result of such changes in ratio of valuation for assessment of residential property; provided that in no event shall the Contractual Debt Levy exceed fifty mills (without adjustment) or be less than two mills (without adjustment). Increases or decreases to the Contractual Debt Levy shall be determined by RRMD No. 4 in good faith and shall be binding and final. For purposes of the foregoing, a change in the ratio of actual valuation to assessed valuation of residential property shall be deemed to be a change in the method of calculation of assessed valuation.

### **NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS** (CONTINUED)

In exchange for the City's agreement to provide public services in accordance with the Pledge Agreement, RRMD No. 4 shall levy the Contractual Mill Levy. For avoidance of doubt, the Contractual Debt Levy shall never be less than two mills, subject to adjustment. RRMD No. 4 covenants to lawfully budget and certify annually the Contractual Debt Levy and to appropriate the revenue therefrom and to pay the Contractual Debt Levy obligation to the City no less frequently than quarterly upon receipt of the Contractual Debt Levy revenue, beginning with the calendar quarter ending March 31, 2024.

#### Park Meadows Mall

During 2006, City Council approved the annexation of the retail shopping property identified as Park Meadows Town Center effective January 1, 2007. The City entered into an agreement with the owner and organized a business improvement district named the Park Meadows Business Improvement District (PMBID). Pursuant to the agreement, commencing January 1, 2007 and continuing for twenty-five years from the commencement date, the City will distribute 50% of sales tax collections received from the annexed property to the PMBID. The term of the agreement will automatically be extended for an additional five-year period if the sales tax collected in 2027 is more than the sales tax collections in the first full sales tax collection year (referred to as the base year) which begins after the first to occur: i) annexation by the City of all of the anchor retail stores and substantial completion of the "Lifestyle Extension" or ii) December 31, 2009.

The owner of the retail shopping property has the option to annually notify the City and the PMBID in writing of the amount due by the owners for property taxes certified by the Park Meadows Metropolitan District against the annexed portion of the property within the City for the previous year. Within 60 days of such notice the City shall pay from the sales tax revenue 50% of the stated amount (the Reimbursement). This payment is in addition to the Sales Tax Disbursement.

### **Construction Commitments**

As of December 31, 2022, the City had unexpended construction related contract commitments of \$1,101,912.

### NOTE 14 - STATE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN (FPPA Defined Benefit Plan)

### Plan Description

The City contributes to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Colorado Fire and Police Pension Association (FPPA). The Statewide Defined Benefit Plan provides retirement benefits for members and beneficiaries. All full-time, paid police officers of the City are members of the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. Colorado Statutes assign the authority to establish benefit provisions to the state legislature.

FPPA issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan, the Statewide Money Purchase Plan and the Statewide Death and Disability Plan. That report may be obtained by calling FPPA at 303-770-3772 in the Denver Metro area and 1-800-332-FPPA (3772) from outside the metro area or can be obtained at <a href="https://www.fppaco.org">www.fppaco.org</a>.

### Pension Benefits

A member is eligible for a normal retirement pension once the member has completed twenty-five years of credited service and has attained the age of 55. Effective January 1, 2021, a member may also qualify for a normal retirement pension if the member's combined years of service and age equals at least 80, with a minimum age of 50 (Rule of 80).

The annual normal retirement benefit is 2 percent of the average of the member's highest three years' pensionable earnings for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter. The benefit earned prior to January 1, 2007 for members of affiliated Social Security employers will be reduced by the amount of Social Security income payable to the member annually. Effective January 1, 2007, members currently covered under Social Security will receive half the benefit when compared to the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan. Benefits paid to retired members are evaluated and may be re-determined every October 1. The amount of any increase is based on the Board's discretion and can range from 0 to the higher of 3 percent or the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W).

A member is eligible for early retirement after completion of 30 years of service or attainment of age 50 with at least five years of credited service. The early retirement benefit equals the normal retirement benefit reduced on an actuarially equivalent basis. Upon termination, an employee may elect to have member contributions, along with 5 percent as interest, returned as a lump sum distribution. Alternatively, a member with at least five years of accredited service may leave contributions with the Plan and remain eligible for a retirement pension at age 55 equal to 2 percent of the member's average highest three years' pensionable earnings for each year of credited service up to ten years, plus 2.5 percent for each year of service thereafter.

# **NOTE 14 - STATE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN (FPPA Defined Benefit Plan)** (CONTINUED)

### **Contributions**

The Statewide Defined Benefit Plan (Plan) sets contribution rates at a level that enables all benefits to be fully funded at the retirement date of all members. Contribution rates for this Plan are set by state statute. Employer contribution rates can only be amended by state statute. Member contribution rates can be amended by state statute or by election of the membership. Effective January 1, 2021, contribution rates for employers and members may be increased equally by the FPPA Board of Directors upon approval through an election by both the employers and members.

In 2014, the members elected to increase the member contribution rate beginning in 2015. Member contribution rates increased 0.50 percent annually through 2022 to a total of 12 percent of pensionable earnings. Employer contributions increase 0.50 percent annually beginning in 2021 through 2030 to a total of 13.0 percent of pensionable earnings. In 2022, members of the Plan and their employers are contributing at the rate of 12.0 percent and 9.0 percent, respectively, of pensionable earnings for a total contribution rate of 21.0 percent.

Contributions to the Plan from the City were \$420,559 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$2,939,162 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

At December 31, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.542 percent, which was a decrease of 0.026 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of 706,403.

Pension expense for 2022 was charged to the following functions/programs:

Folice Department
Total Pension Expense

Governmental
Activities

\$ 706,403
\$ 706,403

# **NOTE 14 - STATE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN (FPPA Defined Benefit Plan)** (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Beginning Deferral Amounts as of Prior measurement Date, December 31, 2020	\$ 1,814,613	\$ 904,418
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	-	268,705
Changes in Assumptions	-	105,768
Net Difference Between Actual and Projected Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	699,377
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between City Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	(373,685)	(28,392)
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	420,559	-
Total	\$ 1,861,486	1,949,875

\$420,559 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Amounts Reported as Deferred Outflows and Defer Inflows of Resources Recognized in Pension Expen	
2022	\$	(220,041)
2023		(423,509)
2024		(217,914)
2025		(32,983)
2026		211,056
Thereafter		174,443
Total	\$	(508,948)

# **NOTE 14 - STATE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN (FPPA Defined Benefit Plan)** (CONTINUED)

### Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuations for the Plan were used to determine the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021. The valuations used the following actuarial assumption and other inputs:

Actuarial Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll, Open
Amortization Period	30 Years
Long-term Investment Rate of Return	7.0 percent, Compounded Annually Net of All
_	Investment Expenses, and Including Inflation
Projected Salary Increases	4.25 – 11.25 Percent
Cost of Living Adjustment	0.0 Percent
Inflation	2.5 Percent

For determining the total pension liability and actuarially determined contributions, the post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees uses the 2006 central rates from the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables projected to 2018 using the MP-2017 projection scales, and the projected prospectively using the ultimate rates of the scale for all years. The pre-retirement off-duty mortality tables are adjusted to 50% of the RP-2014 mortality tables for active employees. The on-duty mortality rate is 0.00015.

At least every five years the FPPA's Board of Directors, in accordance with best practices, reviews its economic and demographic actuarial assumptions. At its July 2018 meeting, the Board of Directors reviewed and approved recommended changes to the actuarial assumptions. The recommendations were made by the FPPA's actuaries, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co., based upon their analysis of past experience and expectations of the future. The assumption changes were effective for actuarial valuation beginning January 1, 2019. The actuarial assumptions impact actuarial factors for benefit purposes such as purchases of service credit and other benefits where actuarial factors are used.

**NOTE 14 - STATE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN (FPPA Defined Benefit Plan)** (CONTINUED)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	39%	8.23%
Equity Long/Short	8%	6.87%
Private Markets	26%	10.63%
Fixed Income - Rates	10%	4.01%
Fixed Income - Credit	5%	5.25%
Absolute Return	10%	5.60%
Cash	2%	2.32%
Total	100%	

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation (assumed at 2.5%). Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plans target asset allocation as of December 31, 2021, are summarized in the above table.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the Fire & Police Pension Association Board of Director's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Colorado statutes. Based on those assumptions, the Plan fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Projected benefit payments are required to be discounted to their actuarial present values using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the plan's projected fiduciary net position is not sufficient to pay benefits).

# **NOTE 14 - STATE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN (FPPA Defined Benefit Plan)** (CONTINUED)

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent; the municipal bond rate is 1.84 percent (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "state & local bonds" rate from Federal Reserve statistical release (H.15)); and the resulting Single Discount Rate is 7.00 percent.

# Sensitivity of the Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability / (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability / (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1.00% Decrease (6.00%)		Current Discount Rate (7.00%)		1.00% Increase (8.00%)	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	(405,328)	\$	(2,939,162)	\$	(5,038,298)

### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the FPPA's comprehensive annual report which can be obtained at <a href="http://www.fppaco.org/annual-reports.html">http://www.fppaco.org/annual-reports.html</a>.

### **Defined Contribution Pension Plans**

### **Voluntary Investment Program**

### Plan Description

Employees of the City that are also members of the Statewide Defined Benefit Plan may voluntarily contribute to the IRC Deferred Compensation Plan, created under Internal Revenue Code Section 457 defined contribution plan administered by FPPA. This Deferred Compensation Plan collects amounts deferred by participants of affiliated employers. The assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants. The plan allows the members to defer a portion of their salary until future years.

# **NOTE 14 - STATE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN (FPPA Defined Benefit Plan)** (CONTINUED)

### **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

### Statewide Death and Disability Plan

### Plan Description

The Statewide Death and Disability Plan (Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit death and disability plan covering full-time employees of substantially all fire and police departments in Colorado. As of August 1, 2003, the Plan may include part-time police and fire employees; however, the City does not currently have any part-time police employees. Contributions to the Plan are used solely for the payment of death and disability benefits. The Plan assets are included in the Fire & Police Members' Benefit Investment Fund.

Plan benefits provide 24-hour coverage, both on and off duty and are available for members not eligible for normal retirement under a defined benefit plan, or members who have not met 25 years of accumulated service and age 55 under a money purchase plan.

In the case of an on-duty death, benefits may be payable to the surviving spouse and/or dependent children of active members who were eligible to retire but were still working. On-duty death and disability benefits are free from state and federal taxes in the event that a member's disability is determined to be the result of an on-duty injury or an occupational disease.

This plan is reported by FPPA as an Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) based on the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Death and disability coverage is provided for members hired prior to January 1, 1997 through the Statewide Death and Disability Plan, which is also administered by FPPA.

# **NOTE 14 - STATE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN (FPPA Defined Benefit Plan)** (CONTINUED)

### Funding Policy

Prior to 1997, the Plan was primarily funded by the State of Colorado, whose contributions were established by Colorado statute. In 1997, the State made a one-time contribution of \$39,000,000 to fund past and future service costs for all firefighters and police officers hired prior to January 1, 1997. Members hired on or after January 1, 1997, began contributing 2.4 percent of base salary to this Plan as of January 1, 1997. The contribution increased to 2.6 percent of base salary as of January 1, 2007, to 2.7 percent of base salary on January 1, 2017, to 2.8 percent of base salary on January 1, 2019, to 3.0 percent of base salary on January 1, 2021, and to 3.2 percent of base salary on January 1, 2022 and may be increased 0.2 percent annually by the FPPA Board. This percentage can vary depending on actuarial experience. The percentage contribution may either be paid entirely by the employer or member, or it may be split between the employer and the member. The City contributes the full 3.2 percent of covered salary for each eligible member. Member contributions to the Statewide Death and Disability Plan are not required. Since the City's contribution is elective and could be passed on to the member, no long-term liability is outstanding pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75.

For the years ended December 31, 2020, 2021, and 2022, City contributions totaled \$128,236, \$130,371, and \$146,272, respectively.

# NOTE 15 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (PERA)

The City participates in the Local Government Division Trust Fund (Trust), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The Trust provides retirement and disability, annual increases, and death benefits for members or their beneficiaries. All civilian employees of the City are members of the Trust.

The City also contributes to the Health Care Trust Fund (Health Fund), a cost-sharing multipleemployer healthcare trust administered by PERA. The Health Fund provides a health care premium subsidy to PERA participating benefit recipients and their eligible beneficiaries.

# NOTE 15 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (PERA) (CONTINUED)

### Plan Description

Eligible employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Local Government Division Trust Fund (LGDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

### Pension Benefits

PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA Benefit Structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs), referred to as annual increases in

# NOTE 15 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

the C.R.S. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of 2 percent, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 2 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 receive an annual increase of the lesser of 2 percent or the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve for the LGDTF.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the retirement benefit formula shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

### **Contributions**

Eligible employees of the City are required to contribute to the LGDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq*.

The City's contribution rate for the year ended December 31, 2022 was 14.73 percent of covered salaries. The contribution rate for members was 9.0 percent of covered salaries. A portion of the City's contribution (1.02 percent of covered salaries) was appointed to the Health Care Trust Fund (see Note 16).

Employer contributions are recognized by the LGDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the City is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the LGDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the LGDTF from the City were \$832,929 to the Trust and \$63,031 to the Health Care Trust Fund, for a total City contribution of \$895,960 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

# NOTE 15 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$624,887 or its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension asset to December 31, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the City's contributions to the LGDTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the LGDTF.

At December 31, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.73 percent, which was an increase of 0.02 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension revenue of \$(2,207,113).

Pension revenue for 2022 was allocated to the following functions/programs:

	Governmental
	<u>Activities</u>
General Government	\$ (641,737)
Municipal Court	(80,620)
Community Development	(268,734)
Public Works	(268,734)
Police Department	(356,073)
Arts and Cultural	(591,215)
Total Pension Revenue	<u>\$ (2,207,113)</u>

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# NOTE 15 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Beginning Deferral Amounts as of Prior Measurement Date, December 31, 2020	\$ 4,326,565	\$ 6,425,184
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience	-	159,237
Changes in Assumptions	_	684,557
Net Difference Between Actual and Projected Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	-	1,394,061
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between City Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	(722,099)	-
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	832,929	-
Total	\$ 4,437,396	\$ 8,663,039

\$832,929 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Amounts Reported as Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Recognized in Pension Expense	
2022	\$	(1,066,405)
2023		(2,032,032)
2024		(1,304,207)
2025		(655,930)
2026		_
Thereafter		_
Total	\$	(5,058,573)

# NOTE 15 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation used the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions, and other inputs:

Price Inflation	2.30 Percent
Real Wage Growth	0.70 Percent
Wage Inflation	3.00 Percent
Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	3.20 – 11.30 Percent
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, Net of Pension	
Plan Investment Expenses, Including Price Inflation	7.25 Percent
Discount Rate	7.25 Percent
Post-retirement Benefit Increases:	
PERA Benefit Structure Hired Prior to 1/1/07	1.00 Percent
PERA Benefit Structure Hired After 12/31/06	Financed by the Annual Increase
(Ad Hoc, Substantively Automatic)	Reserve (AIR)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020.

# NOTE 15 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Healthy, post-retirement mortality assumptions reflect the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females**: 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on the unadjusted PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the LGDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

# NOTE 15 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent affirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target	30 Year Expected Geometric Real
	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	54%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The basis for the projection of liabilities and the fiduciary net position used to determine the discount rate was an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2020 and the financial status of the Trust Fund as of the prior measurement date (December 31, 2020). In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

# NOTE 15 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50%, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions included reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process used by the plan to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered annual increase (AI) cap, from 1.25 percent to 1.00 percent, resulting from the 2020 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the LGDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

# NOTE 15 - PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the LGDTF's collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent as of the measurement date, as well as if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1.00% Decrease (6.25%)		Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		1.00% Increase (8.25%)	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	4,284,601	\$	(624,887)	\$	(4,731,462)

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the LGDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at: <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

### **Defined Contribution Pension Plans**

### **Voluntary Investment Program**

### Plan Description

Employees of the City that are also members of the LGDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report for the Program. That report can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

## NOTE 16 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan)

### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Plan Description

Eligible employees of the City are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

### Benefits Provided

The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

## NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan) (CONTINUED)

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

### PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 (actual dollars) per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 (actual dollars) per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

### **Contributions**

Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1)(f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

## NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan) (CONTINUED)

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the City is statutorily committed to pay the contributions.

Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the City were \$63,031 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$488,565 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2021. The City's proportions of the net OPEB liability was based on the City's contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2021 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2021, the City's proportion was 0.057 percent, which was an increase of 0.0023 from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2022 the City recognized OPEB revenue of \$(34,489).

OPEB revenue for 2021 was allocated to the following functions/programs:

	Governmental
	<u>Activities</u>
General Government	\$ (10,027)
Municipal Court	(1,260)
Community Development	(4,199)
Public Works	(4,199)
Police Department	(5,564)
Arts and Cultural	(9,238)
Total Pension Revenue	\$ (34,489)

# NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan) (CONTINUED)

At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Beginning Deferral Amounts as of Prior Measurement Date, December 31, 2020	\$	134,069	\$	166,277
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience		(626)		2,328
Changes in Assumptions		6,257		(5,160)
Net Difference Between Actual and Projected Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments		-		9,144
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between City Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		(55,640)		-
City Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		63,031		-
Total	\$	147,090	\$	172,589

\$63,031 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Amounts Reported as Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Recognized in Pension Expense		
2022	\$	(14,327)	
2023		(26,636)	
2024		(33,940)	
2025		(14,497)	
2026		619	
Thereafter		252	
Total	\$	(88,529)	

# NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan) (CONTINUED)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions, and other inputs:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
	• •
Price Inflation	2.30 Percent
Real Wage Growth	0.70 Percent
Wage Inflation	3.00 Percent
Salary Increases, Including Wage Inflation	3.20 – 11.30 Percent
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, Net of OPEB	
Plan Investment Expenses, Including Price Inflation	7.25 Percent
Discount Rate	7.25 Percent
Health Care Cost Trend Rates	
PERA Benefit Structure:	
Service-based Premium Subsidy	0.00 Percent
PERACare Medicare Plans	4.50 Percent in 2021,
	Gradually Decreasing to
	4.50 Percent in 2029
Medicare Part A Premiums	3.75 Percent in 2021,
	Gradually Increasing to
	4.50 percent in 2029
	r

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium–free Medicare Part A, the following monthly costs/premiums (actual dollars) are assumed for 2021 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A	Premiums for Members Without Medicare Part A	Monthly Cost Adjusted to Age 65
Medicare Advantage/Self- Insured Prescription	\$633	\$230	\$591
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	596	199	562

The 2021 Medicare Part A premium is \$471 (actual dollars) per month.

# NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan) (CONTINUED)

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and heuristics developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2020, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

# NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan) (CONTINUED)

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2021	4.50%	3.75%
2022	6.00%	3.75%
2023	5.80%	4.00%
2024	5.60%	4.00%
2025	5.40%	4.00%
2026	5.10%	4.25%
2027	4.90%	4.25%
2028	4.70%	4.25%
2029+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation for the State Division, School Division, Local Government Division, and Judicial Division Trust Funds as shown below were applied, as applicable, in the December 31, 2019 valuation for the Trust Fund. Affiliated employers of these Division Trust Funds in the Trust Fund.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the PubG-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- **Males:** 94% of the rates prior to age 80 and 90% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 87% of the rates prior to age 80 and 107% of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The mortality assumption for disabled retirees was based PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99% of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

# NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan) (CONTINUED)

The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables developed on a head-count weighted basis.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll forward calculation for the Trust Fund:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2021 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

## NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan) (CONTINUED)

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

Asset Class	Target	30 Year Expected Geometric Real
	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

## Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates	
	Trend Rates			
Initial PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%	
Ultimate PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%	
Initial Medicare Part A Trend Rate	2.75%	3.75%	4.75%	
Ultimate Medicare Part A Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%	
City's Proportionate Share of the OPEB	\$474,535	\$488,565	\$504,818	
Liability				

## NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan) (CONTINUED)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The basis for the projection of liabilities and the FNP used to determine the discount rate was an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2020, and the financial status of the Trust Fund as of the prior measurement date (December 31, 2020). In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2021, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date. For future plan members, employer contributions were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the Trust Fund representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

## NOTE 16 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (OPEB Defined Benefit Plan) (CONTINUED)

## Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1.00% Decre (6.25%)	1.00% Decrease (6.25%)  Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		ınt Rate	1.00% Increase (8.25%)	
City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$ 567	7,418	\$	488,565	\$	421,212

### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

### NOTE 17 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN - ASSETS IN TRUST

### Plan Description

The City has a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. This plan is administered by Mission Square. Participation in the plan is optional for all civilian employees. The plan allows the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years.

#### **NOTE 18 - MAJOR TAXPAYERS**

For the year ending December 31, 2022, approximately 16% of the City's sales tax revenue was received from three retailers and of those three retailers, one retailer constituted approximately 8% of the total sales tax revenue.

#### **NOTE 19 - CONTINGENCIES**

The City has been named in various pending or threatened litigation, claims or assessments. The ultimate outcome/resolution of these matters is not known at this time. The City is monitoring the progress of these matters and has referred various matters to the City Attorney's office for consultation and representation. Claims are insured to \$5,000,000 and representation provided by Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency.

### **NOTE 20 - RELATED PARTY**

The developer and current owner of portions of the property which constitutes the Park Meadows Business Improvement District (the District) is Park Meadows Mall, LLC. The members of the Board of Directors of the District are employees of the management company for the Park Meadows Mall. The management company owns an interest in Park Meadows, LLC. Accordingly, the members of the Board of Directors may have conflicts of interest in dealing with the District. Lease agreements have been entered into between the District and Park Meadows Mall, LLC. The District pays monthly lease amounts to Park Meadows Mall, LLC related to the Lone Tree police substation as well as rent of the indoor common area and the ground lease for the Vista's common area. Pursuant to these leases, the District made lease payments of \$644,660 in 2022. All future lease payments are subject to the District's annual appropriation of funds.

### **NOTE 21 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts or damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees or acts of God.

The City is a member of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA). CIRSA is a joint self-insurance pool created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability and workers' compensation coverage to its members. CIRSA is governed by a seven-member Board elected by and from its members.

Coverage is provided through pooling of self-insured losses and the purchase of excess insurance coverage. CIRSA has a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in its annually established loss fund and that amounts are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds and amounts recoverable from excess insurance are direct liabilities of the participating members. CIRSA has indicated that the amount of any excess losses would be billed to members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs, although it is not legally required to do so.

Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the last five years.

#### CITY OF LONE TREE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 22 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

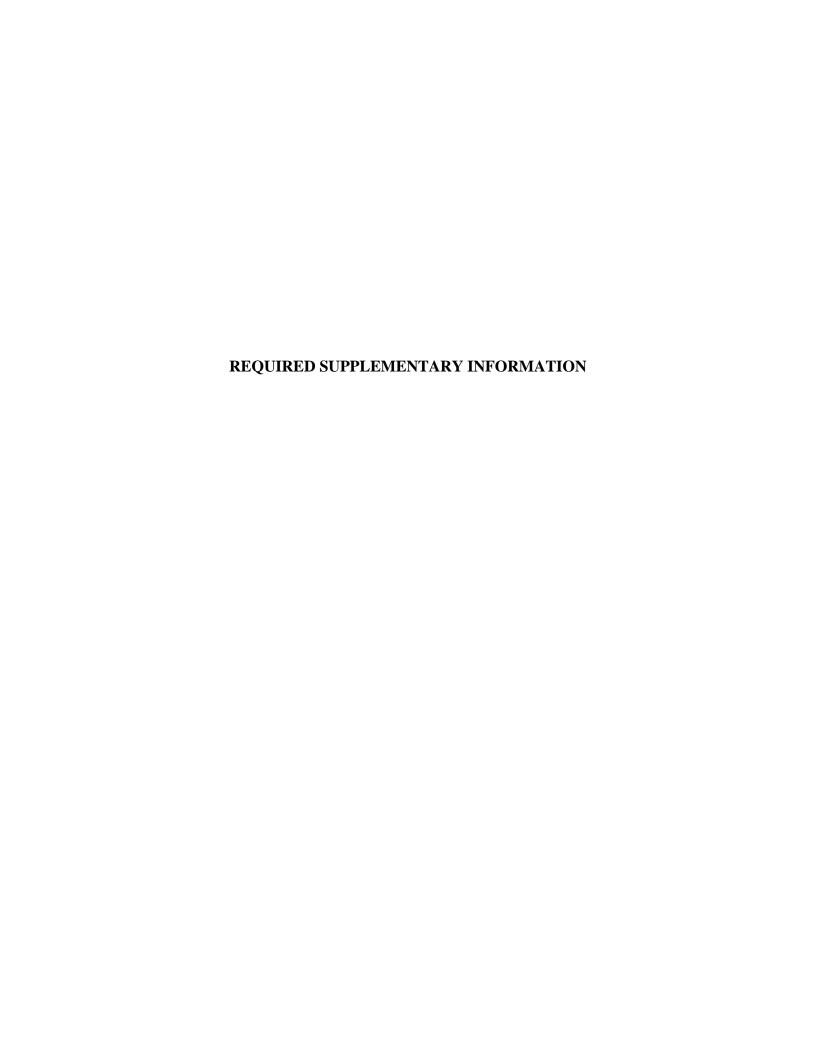
Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue. The City voters approved an election question in 1996 and 1999 to remove limits on the amount of revenue the City is allowed to collect, spend and retain.

On May 6, 2008, City voters approved a sales and use tax increase of .1875% for arts and cultural facilities and approved related sales and use taxes be increased by \$2,650,000 in the first full fiscal year (2010) and by whatever additional amounts are raised annually thereafter. Additionally, City voters approved a sales and use tax increase of .125% for park and recreation improvements and approved related sales and use taxes be increased by \$1,750,000 in the first full fiscal year (2010) and by whatever additional amounts are raised annually thereafter.

On November 2, 2021 City voters approved a sales and use tax increase of 1% to be used to maintain vital city services including repairing, maintaining, and improving City streets and aging infrastructure, maintaining service and response times for public safety and maintaining and improving parks, trails, and open space and approved related sales and use taxes be increased by \$15,563,749 annually beginning January 1, 2022 and by such amounts as are raised annually thereafter for a period of ten years.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The City's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.



## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

-	Budget Amounts Original	Budget Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
TAXES				
Sales Tax	\$ 35,175,783	\$ 35,175,783	\$ 37,376,292	\$ 2,200,509
Use Tax - Retail	997,333	997,333	1,091,846	94,513
Use Tax - Building Materials	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,597,589	(152,411)
Lodging Tax	1,277,652	1,277,652	1,575,329	297,677
Admissions Tax	285,206	285,206	339,902	54,696
-	39,485,974	39,485,974	41,980,958	2,494,984
FRANCHISE FEES				
Electric and Gas	894,854	894,854	1,072,787	177,933
Cable Television	239,097	239,097	230,102	(8,995)
-	1,133,951	1,133,951	1,302,889	168,938
INTERGOVERNMENTAL				
Highway Users Tax Fund (HUTF)	355,849	355,849	371,392	15,543
Conservation Trust Fund	86,006	86,006	91,177	5,171
Cigarette Tax	102,415	102,415	91,582	(10,833)
County Road and Bridge Shareback	1,902,663	1,902,663	1,925,255	22,592
Douglas County Shareback - Transportation	2,008,401	2,008,401	2,628,978	620,577
Motor Vehicle Registration Fees	45,615	45,615	47,946	2,331
Regional Improvements Contribution - RRM	255,596	255,596	255,617	21
Reimbursable Costs	6,744,164	6,799,164	2,237,451	(4,561,713)
COVID-19 Related Funding	1,644,079	1,644,079	1,644,079	-
Metropolitan Football Stadium Shareback	-	-	1,010,137	1,010,137
Grants	736,259	746,259	142,591	(603,668)
_	13,881,047	13,946,047	10,446,205	(3,499,842)

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

(Continued)

-	Budget Amounts	Budget Amounts	Actual	Variance with
<del>-</del>	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
LICENSES, FEES AND CHARGES				
Sales, Use Tax and Business License Fees	12,801	12,801	12,281	(520)
Liquor License Fees	17,968	17,968	55,955	37,987
Building Permit Fees	1,147,000	1,299,750	1,291,589	(8,161)
Planning Fees	115,075	115,075	184,891	69,816
Engineering Fees	396,603	546,603	539,579	(7,024)
Other	101,855	101,855	103,945	2,090
-	1,791,302	2,094,052	2,188,240	94,188
-				
FINES AND FORFEITURES				
Court Fees	45,940	45,940	39,177	(6,763)
Vehicle Violation and Other Fines	395,576	395,576	342,252	(53,324)
Victims Assistance Surcharge Fees	13,451	13,451	11,975	(1,476)
_	454,967	454,967	393,404	(61,563)
OTHER	_			
Net Investment Income	12,200	12,200	583,217	571,017
Police Department Fees	163,858	163,858	148,367	(15,491)
Tenant Rental Income	185,940	185,940	164,717	(21,223)
Other	130,450	133,207	234,545	101,338
	492,448	495,205	1,130,846	635,641
-	57,239,689	57,610,196	57,442,542	(167,654)
<del>-</del>	31,239,009	37,010,190	31,774,342	(107,034)

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

(Continued)

-	Budget Amounts Original	Budget Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
EXPENDITURES	-	· -		8
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
City Council Expenditures	42,000	42,000	39,431	2,569
City Council Stipend	72,750	72,751	71,633	1,118
Administrative Services - Salaries and Benefits	622,551	632,792	610,371	22,421
City Clerk - Salaries and Benefits	287,798	297,391	298,963	(1,572)
City Clerk	47,200	47,200	27,837	19,363
Human Resources	113,000	113,000	109,333	3,667
Information Technology	615,404	615,404	556,506	58,898
Insurance and Risk Management	526,835	526,835	507,464	19,371
Finance - Salaries and Benefits	677,153	693,787	654,722	39,065
Finance	75,892	75,890	123,631	(47,741)
Audit	43,000	43,000	35,500	7,500
City Manager's Office - Salaries and Benefits	1,156,951	1,224,920	1,185,124	39,796
Dues and Memberships	125,134	125,134	125,374	(240)
Legal - General	390,240	390,240	390,240	-
Legal - Special	30,000	30,000	24,554	5,446
Consulting	35,000	35,000	40,603	(5,603)
Community Support	52,000	49,000	15,344	33,656
Youth Initiatives	19,800	19,800	19,800	-
Housing Partnership	35,000	35,000	35,000	-
Living and Aging Well	-	5,757	2,833	2,924
Communications	56,300	133,300	56,142	77,158
Economic Development	142,500	142,500	117,851	24,649
Miscellaneous	17,000	17,000	3,131	13,869
- -	5,183,508	5,367,701	5,051,387	316,314
MUNICIPAL COURT				
Municipal Judge	30,000	30,000	29,831	169
Legal	36,000	36,000	37,628	(1,628)
Administration	283,477	287,477	241,128	46,349
Office and Software	700	700	489	211
	350,177	354,177	309,076	45,101
<del>-</del>		20.,277	20,010	,101

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

(Continued)

<u>-</u>	Budget Amounts Original	Budget Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT			1111001100	
Salaries and Benefits	1,120,491	1,147,153	1,063,667	83,486
Contract Services	135,700	288,450	73,524	214,926
Field Supplies	1,700	1,700	831	869
Planning Commission	2,800	2,800	3,505	(705)
Plan Review and Other Inspections	50,000	50,000	50,761	(761)
Elevator Inspection	99,855	99,855	88,092	11,763
City Forestry Program	500	500	- -	500
South Metro Partnership	20,000	20,000	12,896	7,104
Miscellaneous	8,980	10,480	12,094	(1,614)
-	1,440,026	1,620,938	1,305,370	315,568
PUBLIC WORKS				
Salaries and Benefits	1,258,236	1,295,683	1,304,074	(8,391)
Street Lighting	450,000	450,000	338,975	111,025
Street Maintenance	795,000	795,000	652,857	142,143
Drainage Maintenance	180,000	180,000	135,876	44,124
Street and Sidewalk Sweeping	60,000	60,000	22,925	37,075
Traffic Signal Energy Cost and Maintenance	257,000	257,000	261,412	(4,412)
Signal Timing	40,000	40,000	36,360	3,640
Snow Removal	1,375,000	1,375,000	1,338,750	36,250
Trash and Recycling Program	625,000	625,000	621,186	3,814
Household Hazardous Program	8,000	8,000	1,799	6,201
Fence Maintenance	25,000	25,000	-	25,000
Materials and Equipment	10,000	10,000	4,604	5,396
EPA Phase 2 Drainage	2,300	2,300	2,585	(285)
State Mandated Noxious Weeds Control	18,500	18,500	18,364	136
Signage and Striping	175,000	175,000	151,398	23,602
Accident Repairs	5,000	5,000	4,135	865
Public Works Facility Operations & Equipment	55,000	55,000	52,722	2,278
Software and Support	50,000	50,000	43,533	6,467
Mutt Mitts Contract	15,000	15,000	13,648	1,352
Miscellaneous	3,000	3,000	3,169	(169)
Public Works Vehicle Maintenance and Gas	20,000	28,000	23,735	4,265
Bridge Maintenance	80,000	80,000	39,625	40,375
Lone Tree Link	600,000	600,000	395,280	204,720
Consulting and Surveying	279,400	429,400	384,501	44,899
Facilities	990,050	990,050	1,025,336	(35,286)
-	7,376,486	7,571,933	6,876,849	695,084

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

(Continued)

POLICE		Budget	Budget		Variance
POLICE   Salaries and Benefits   7,786,214   7,840,836   7,556,801   284,035	<del>-</del>				
Salaries and Benefits         7,86,214         7,840,836         7,556,801         284,035           Office and Administration         111,300         116,300         110,727         5,73           Uniforms and Equipment         273,504         2273,504         229,382         44,122           Vehicles and Equipment         542,890         622,890         474,176         148,714           General Equipment         52,616         52,616         40,889         11,727           Intergovernmental Agreements         892,031         892,031         862,651         29,380           Training         91,100         101,100         99,742         1,358           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         26,505         26,505         21,025         5,480           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         26,505         26,505         21,025         5,480           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         22,750,000         2,750,000         2,181,018         568,982           Traffic Signalization         921,000         921,000         5,526         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         83,000         83,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000	<del>-</del>	Original	rillai	Amounts	rmai budget
Office and Administration         111,300         116,300         110,727         5,573           Uniforms and Equipment         273,504         273,504         229,382         44,127           Vehicles and Equipment         542,890         622,890         474,176         148,714           General Equipment         52,616         52,616         40,889         11,727           Intergovernmental Agreements         892,031         892,031         862,651         29,380           Training         91,100         101,100         99,742         1,358           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         265,055         26,505         21,025         5,480           CAPITAL OUTLAY         Voerlay and Reconstruction Projects         2,750,000         2,750,000         2,181,018         568,982           Tarfic Signalization         921,000         921,000         5,256         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         5,256         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         8,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         150	POLICE				
Uniforms and Equipment         273,504         273,504         229,382         44,122           Vehicles and Equipment         542,890         622,890         474,176         148,714           General Equipment         52,616         52,616         40,889         11,727           Intergovernmental Agreements         892,031         892,031         862,651         29,380           Training         91,100         101,100         99,742         1,358           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         26,505         26,505         21,025         5,480           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         26,505         26,505         21,025         5,480           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         26,505         26,505         21,025         5,480           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         26,505         29,395,393         530,389           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         2750,000         2,750,000         2,181,018         568,982           Traffic Signalization         921,000         921,000         5,526         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000	Salaries and Benefits	7,786,214	7,840,836	7,556,801	284,035
Vehicles and Equipment         542,890         622,890         474,176         148,714           General Equipment         52,616         52,616         40,889         11,727           Intergovernmental Agreements         892,031         892,031         820,651         29,380           Training         91,100         101,100         99,742         1,358           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         26,505         26,505         21,025         5,480           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         26,505         26,505         21,025         5,480           CAPITAL OUTLAY         09776,160         9,925,782         9,395,393         530,389           CAPITAL OUTLAY         0verlay and Reconstruction Projects         2,750,000         2,750,000         2,181,018         568,982           Traffic Signalization         921,000         921,000         5,526         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         150,000         83,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         8,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         10,6721         43,279           Civic Center Capital Improvements         15	Office and Administration	111,300	116,300	110,727	5,573
Second Equipment   S2,616   S2,616   40,889   11,727     Intergovernmental Agreements   892,031   892,031   802,651   29,380     Training   91,100   101,100   99,742   1,358     Community Outreach and Miscellaneous   26,505   26,505   21,025   5,480     9,776,160   9,925,782   9,395,393   530,389     CAPITAL OUTLAY     Overlay and Reconstruction Projects   2,750,000   2,750,000   2,181,018   568,982     Traffic Signalization   921,000   921,000   5,526   915,474     Municipal Building Capital Improvements   33,000   83,000   82,374   626     Storm Sewer Improvements   150,000   150,000   52,050   97,950     Civic Center Capital Improvements   150,000   150,000   106,721   43,279     Concrete Panel Replacement   500,000   500,000   705,568   (205,568)     Vehicles   70,000   70,000   - 70,000     Schweiger Ranch Preservation   10,000   10,000   1,000   - 1     Electric Vehicle Charging Station   25,000   25,000   24,390   610     ETTP Placeholder   - 3,000,000   - 3,000,000   - 1     ETTP Placeholder   150,000   150,000   - 1     Scourity Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety   150,000   150,000   150,000   - 1     Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety   150,000   190,000   150,000   - 1     Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety   150,000   150,000   174,000   203,495   (3,495)     Advancing Lincoln Avenue   1,950,000   170,000   174,000   4,516   12,484     Planning and Permit Software Upgrade   120,000   170,000   319,161   180,839     City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements   311,000   311,000   8,439   302,561     RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project   250,000   250,000   319,161   180,839     City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements   311,000   250,000   275,163   1,924,837     Network Equipment	Uniforms and Equipment	273,504	273,504	229,382	44,122
Second Equipment   S2,616   S2,616   40,889   11,727     Intergovernmental Agreements   892,031   892,031   802,651   29,380     Training   91,100   101,100   99,742   1,358     Community Outreach and Miscellaneous   26,505   26,505   21,025   5,480     9,776,160   9,925,782   9,395,393   530,389     CAPITAL OUTLAY     Overlay and Reconstruction Projects   2,750,000   2,750,000   2,181,018   568,982     Traffic Signalization   921,000   921,000   5,526   915,474     Municipal Building Capital Improvements   33,000   83,000   82,374   626     Storm Sewer Improvements   150,000   150,000   52,050   97,950     Civic Center Capital Improvements   150,000   150,000   106,721   43,279     Concrete Panel Replacement   500,000   500,000   705,568   (205,568)     Vehicles   70,000   70,000   - 70,000     Schweiger Ranch Preservation   10,000   10,000   1,000   - 1     Electric Vehicle Charging Station   25,000   25,000   24,390   610     ETTP Placeholder   - 3,000,000   - 3,000,000   - 1     ETTP Placeholder   150,000   150,000   - 1     Scourity Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety   150,000   150,000   150,000   - 1     Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety   150,000   190,000   150,000   - 1     Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety   150,000   150,000   174,000   203,495   (3,495)     Advancing Lincoln Avenue   1,950,000   170,000   174,000   4,516   12,484     Planning and Permit Software Upgrade   120,000   170,000   319,161   180,839     City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements   311,000   311,000   8,439   302,561     RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project   250,000   250,000   319,161   180,839     City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements   311,000   250,000   275,163   1,924,837     Network Equipment	Vehicles and Equipment	542,890	622,890	474,176	148,714
Intergovernmental Agreements			52,616		
Training         91,100         101,100         99,742         1,358           Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         26,505         26,505         21,025         5,480           Py76,160         9,925,782         9,395,393         530,389           CAPITAL OUTLAY         Voverlay and Reconstruction Projects         2,750,000         2,750,000         2,181,018         568,982           Traffic Signalization         921,000         921,000         5,526         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         83,000         83,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         81,90         97,950           Civic Center Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         82,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         106,721         43,279           Concrete Panel Replacement         500,000         50,000         70,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         70,500         75,668         (205,568)           Vehicles Charging Station         25,000		892,031	892,031	862,651	29,380
Community Outreach and Miscellaneous         26,505         26,505         21,025         5,480           CAPITAL OUTLAY         9,776,160         9,925,782         9,395,393         530,389           CAPITAL OUTLAY         Voerlay and Reconstruction Projects         2,750,000         2,750,000         2,181,018         568,982           Traffic Signalization         921,000         921,000         5,526         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         5,256         97,950           Civic Center Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         8,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         70,500         5,588         (205,568)           Vehicles Charging Station         25,000         25,000         24,390         610         610           ETIP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000 <t< td=""><td>-</td><td>91,100</td><td>101,100</td><td>99,742</td><td></td></t<>	-	91,100	101,100	99,742	
CAPITAL OUTLAY         9,976,160         9,925,782         9,395,393         530,389           CAPITAL OUTLAY         Voerlay and Reconstruction Projects         2,750,000         2,750,000         2,181,018         568,982           Traffic Signalization         921,000         921,000         5,256         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         83,000         83,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         52,050         97,950           Civic Center Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         8,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         150,000         500,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         500,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         150,000         25,000         24,390         610         -         150,000         -         150,000         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000         -         150,000         -		26,505	26,505	21,025	
Overlay and Reconstruction Projects         2,750,000         2,750,000         2,181,018         568,982           Traffic Signalization         921,000         921,000         5,526         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         83,000         83,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         52,050         97,950           Civic Center Capital Improvements         10,000         150,000         8,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         500,000         750,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         70,000         70,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         25,000         24,390         610           ETIP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         -         3,495           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950				9,395,393	
Overlay and Reconstruction Projects         2,750,000         2,750,000         2,181,018         568,982           Traffic Signalization         921,000         921,000         5,526         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         83,000         83,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         52,050         97,950           Civic Center Capital Improvements         10,000         150,000         8,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         500,000         750,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         70,000         70,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         25,000         24,390         610           ETIP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         -         3,495           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950	CADITAL OUTLAY				
Traffic Signalization         921,000         921,000         5,526         915,474           Municipal Building Capital Improvements         83,000         83,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         52,050         97,950           Civic Center Capital Improvements         10,000         10,000         8,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         106,721         43,279           Concrete Panel Replacement         500,000         500,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         1         10,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         24,390         610         -           Electric Vehicle Charging Station         25,000         25,000         24,390         610           ETIP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         150,000           Lowing Code Update		2 750 000	2 750 000	2 181 018	568 982
Municipal Building Capital Improvements         83,000         83,000         82,374         626           Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         52,050         97,950           Civic Center Capital Improvements         10,000         10,000         8,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         106,721         43,279           Concrete Panel Replacement         500,000         500,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         25,000         25,000         24,390         610         -           Electric Vehicle Charging Station         25,000         25,000         24,390         610         -           ETTP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000         -         -         500,000         -         -         3,000,000         -         -         Security Fencing for Officer & Equ	•		, ,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Storm Sewer Improvements         150,000         150,000         52,050         97,950           Civic Center Capital Improvements         10,000         10,000         8,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         106,721         43,279           Concrete Panel Replacement         500,000         500,000         70,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         150,000         25,000         24,390         610         -           Electric Vehicle Charging Station         25,000         25,000         24,390         610         -           Ellectric Vehicle Charging Station         25,000         150,000         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000         -         150,000         -         150,000         -         150,000         -         150,000         -         150,000         -         150,000         -         150,000         -					
Civic Center Capital Improvements         10,000         10,000         8,199         1,801           LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         106,721         43,279           Concrete Panel Replacement         500,000         500,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -           Electric Vehicle Charging Station         25,000         25,000         24,390         610           ETIP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety         150,000         200,000         203,495         (3,495)           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950,000         1,950,000         1,060,322         889,678           Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge         4,200,000         4,200,000         174,208         4,025,792           ERP Cloud Service         17,000         17,000 <t< td=""><td></td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
LTAC Facility Capital Improvements         150,000         150,000         106,721         43,279           Concrete Panel Replacement         500,000         500,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -           Electric Vehicle Charging Station         25,000         25,000         24,390         610           ETTP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety         150,000         200,000         203,495         (3,495)           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950,000         1,950,000         1,060,322         889,678           Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge         4,200,000         4,200,000         17,400         17,208           ERP Cloud Service         17,000         17,000         4,516         12,484           Planning and Permit Software Upgrade         120,000         120,000					
Concrete Panel Replacement         500,000         500,000         705,568         (205,568)           Vehicles         70,000         70,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -           Electric Vehicle Charging Station         25,000         25,000         24,390         610           ETIP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety         150,000         200,000         203,495         (3,495)           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950,000         1,950,000         10,603,322         889,678           Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge         4,200,000         4,200,000         174,208         4,025,792           ERP Cloud Service         17,000         17,000         4,516         12,484           Planning and Permit Software Upgrade         120,000         120,000         319,161         180,839           City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         311,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	,	,
Vehicles         70,000         70,000         -         70,000           Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -           Electric Vehicle Charging Station         25,000         25,000         24,390         610           ETTP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety         150,000         200,000         203,495         (3,495)           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950,000         1,950,000         1,060,322         889,678           Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge         4,200,000         4,200,000         174,208         4,025,792           ERP Cloud Service         17,000         17,000         4,516         12,484           Planning and Permit Software Upgrade         120,000         120,000         319,161         180,839           City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         311,000         8,439         302,561           RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project         250,000					
Schweiger Ranch Preservation         10,000         10,000         10,000         -           Electric Vehicle Charging Station         25,000         25,000         24,390         610           ETIP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         150,000         -           Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety         150,000         200,000         203,495         (3,495)           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950,000         1,950,000         1,060,322         889,678           Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge         4,200,000         4,200,000         174,208         4,025,792           ERP Cloud Service         17,000         17,000         4,516         12,484           Planning and Permit Software Upgrade         120,000         120,000         110,189         9,811           Emergency Repairs         500,000         500,000         319,161         180,839           City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         311,000         8,439         302,561           RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project         2				-	
Electric Vehicle Charging Station         25,000         25,000         24,390         610           ETIP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         150,000         -           Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety         150,000         200,000         203,495         (3,495)           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950,000         1,950,000         1,060,322         889,678           Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge         4,200,000         4,200,000         174,208         4,025,792           ERP Cloud Service         17,000         17,000         17,000         4,516         12,484           Planning and Permit Software Upgrade         120,000         120,000         110,189         9,811           Emergency Repairs         500,000         500,000         319,161         180,839           City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         8,439         302,561           RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project         250,000         250,000         130,391         119,609           C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td>10.000</td> <td>-</td>			*	10.000	-
ETIP Placeholder         -         3,000,000         -         3,000,000           Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         150,000         -           Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety         150,000         200,000         203,495         (3,495)           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950,000         1,950,000         1,060,322         889,678           Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge         4,200,000         4,200,000         174,208         4,025,792           ERP Cloud Service         17,000         17,000         4,516         12,484           Planning and Permit Software Upgrade         120,000         120,000         110,189         9,811           Emergency Repairs         500,000         500,000         319,161         180,839           City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         311,000         8,439         302,561           RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project         250,000         250,000         130,391         119,609           C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station         2,200,000         2,200,000         275,163         1,924,837           Network Equipment <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>,</td> <td>,</td> <td>610</td>		,	,	,	610
Zoning Code Update         150,000         150,000         -         150,000           Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         150,000         -           Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety         150,000         200,000         203,495         (3,495)           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950,000         1,950,000         1,060,322         889,678           Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge         4,200,000         4,200,000         174,208         4,025,792           ERP Cloud Service         17,000         17,000         17,000         4,516         12,484           Planning and Permit Software Upgrade         120,000         120,000         110,189         9,811           Emergency Repairs         500,000         500,000         319,161         180,839           City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         311,000         8,439         302,561           RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project         250,000         250,000         130,391         119,609           C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station         2,200,000         2,200,000         275,163         1,924,837           Network Equipment         -         -         -         15,083         (15,083)				,5>0	
Happy Canyon Creek Improvements         150,000         150,000         150,000         -           Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety         150,000         200,000         203,495         (3,495)           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950,000         1,950,000         1,060,322         889,678           Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge         4,200,000         4,200,000         174,208         4,025,792           ERP Cloud Service         17,000         17,000         4,516         12,484           Planning and Permit Software Upgrade         120,000         120,000         110,189         9,811           Emergency Repairs         500,000         500,000         319,161         180,839           City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         311,000         8,439         302,561           RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project         250,000         250,000         130,391         119,609           C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station         2,200,000         2,200,000         275,163         1,924,837           Network Equipment         -         -         -         68,282         (68,282)           Lease Inception         -         -         7,078         (7,078)           Retail Shareback		150.000		_	, ,
Security Fencing for Officer & Equipment Safety         150,000         200,000         203,495         (3,495)           Advancing Lincoln Avenue         1,950,000         1,950,000         1,060,322         889,678           Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge         4,200,000         4,200,000         174,208         4,025,792           ERP Cloud Service         17,000         17,000         4,516         12,484           Planning and Permit Software Upgrade         120,000         120,000         110,189         9,811           Emergency Repairs         500,000         500,000         319,161         180,839           City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         311,000         8,439         302,561           RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project         250,000         250,000         130,391         119,609           C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station         2,200,000         2,200,000         275,163         1,924,837           Network Equipment         -         -         15,083         (15,083)           Security Appliances         -         -         68,282         (68,282)           Lease Inception         -         -         7,078         (7,078)           Retail Shareback         345,612				150,000	-
Advancing Lincoln Avenue       1,950,000       1,950,000       1,060,322       889,678         Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge       4,200,000       4,200,000       174,208       4,025,792         ERP Cloud Service       17,000       17,000       4,516       12,484         Planning and Permit Software Upgrade       120,000       120,000       110,189       9,811         Emergency Repairs       500,000       500,000       319,161       180,839         City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements       311,000       311,000       8,439       302,561         RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project       250,000       250,000       130,391       119,609         C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station       2,200,000       2,200,000       275,163       1,924,837         Network Equipment       -       -       -       15,083       (15,083)         Security Appliances       -       -       68,282       (68,282)         Lease Inception       -       -       7,078       (7,078)         Retail Shareback       345,612       345,612       328,351       17,261		,	· /		(3,495)
Acres Green Pedestrian and Bike Bridge       4,200,000       4,200,000       174,208       4,025,792         ERP Cloud Service       17,000       17,000       4,516       12,484         Planning and Permit Software Upgrade       120,000       120,000       110,189       9,811         Emergency Repairs       500,000       500,000       319,161       180,839         City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements       311,000       311,000       8,439       302,561         RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project       250,000       250,000       130,391       119,609         C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station       2,200,000       2,200,000       275,163       1,924,837         Network Equipment       -       -       -       15,083       (15,083)         Security Appliances       -       -       68,282       (68,282)         Lease Inception       -       -       7,078       (7,078)         Retail Shareback       345,612       345,612       328,351       17,261	• • •				
ERP Cloud Service       17,000       17,000       4,516       12,484         Planning and Permit Software Upgrade       120,000       120,000       110,189       9,811         Emergency Repairs       500,000       500,000       319,161       180,839         City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements       311,000       311,000       8,439       302,561         RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project       250,000       250,000       130,391       119,609         C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station       2,200,000       2,200,000       275,163       1,924,837         Network Equipment       -       -       -       15,083       (15,083)         Security Appliances       -       -       68,282       (68,282)         Lease Inception       -       -       7,078       (7,078)         Retail Shareback       345,612       345,612       328,351       17,261	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		, ,		
Planning and Permit Software Upgrade         120,000         120,000         110,189         9,811           Emergency Repairs         500,000         500,000         319,161         180,839           City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         311,000         8,439         302,561           RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project         250,000         250,000         130,391         119,609           C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station         2,200,000         2,200,000         275,163         1,924,837           Network Equipment         -         -         15,083         (15,083)           Security Appliances         -         -         68,282         (68,282)           Lease Inception         -         -         7,078         (7,078)           Retail Shareback         345,612         345,612         328,351         17,261					
Emergency Repairs         500,000         500,000         319,161         180,839           City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         311,000         8,439         302,561           RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project         250,000         250,000         130,391         119,609           C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station         2,200,000         2,200,000         275,163         1,924,837           Network Equipment         -         -         -         15,083         (15,083)           Security Appliances         -         -         68,282         (68,282)           Lease Inception         -         -         7,078         (7,078)           Retail Shareback         345,612         345,612         328,351         17,261		,	,		
City-Wide Bicycle Safety Study & Improvements         311,000         311,000         8,439         302,561           RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project         250,000         250,000         130,391         119,609           C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station         2,200,000         2,200,000         275,163         1,924,837           Network Equipment         -         -         -         15,083         (15,083)           Security Appliances         -         -         68,282         (68,282)           Lease Inception         -         -         7,078         (7,078)           Retail Shareback         345,612         345,612         328,351         17,261					
RidgeGate Parkway Adaptative Signal Project       250,000       250,000       130,391       119,609         C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station       2,200,000       2,200,000       275,163       1,924,837         Network Equipment       -       -       15,083       (15,083)         Security Appliances       -       -       68,282       (68,282)         Lease Inception       -       -       7,078       (7,078)         Retail Shareback       345,612       345,612       328,351       17,261		,	*	8,439	
C-470 Trail Connection to RTD Station       2,200,000       2,200,000       275,163       1,924,837         Network Equipment       -       -       15,083       (15,083)         Security Appliances       -       -       68,282       (68,282)         Lease Inception       -       -       7,078       (7,078)         Retail Shareback       345,612       345,612       328,351       17,261	• • • • • • •				
Network Equipment       -       -       15,083       (15,083)         Security Appliances       -       -       68,282       (68,282)         Lease Inception       -       -       7,078       (7,078)         Retail Shareback       345,612       345,612       328,351       17,261	• • •				
Security Appliances       -       -       68,282       (68,282)         Lease Inception       -       -       -       7,078       (7,078)         Retail Shareback       345,612       345,612       328,351       17,261		-	-		
Lease Inception         -         -         7,078         (7,078)           Retail Shareback         345,612         345,612         328,351         17,261	* *	-	-		
Retail Shareback 345,612 345,612 328,351 17,261		-	-		
	*	345,612	345,612		
	RRMD Revenue Shareback - West Side	1,548,752			

#### GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Budget Amounts	Budget Amounts	Actual		Variance with
		Original	Final	 Amounts	F	inal Budget
CAPITAL OUTLAY (continued)						
Reimbursement of Sales Taxes-PMBID		8,602,192	8,602,192	7,889,623		712,569
Reimbursement of Property Taxes-PMMD		316,860	316,860	316,860		-
Park and Recreation		603,250	853,250	104,594		748,656
		26,083,666	 29,383,666	15,758,238		13,625,428
Total Expenditures		50,210,023	54,224,197	 38,696,313		15,527,884
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES		7,029,666	 3,385,999	 18,746,229		15,360,230
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		575,000	825,000	39,221		(785,779)
Transfers Out		(1,439,666)	(1,503,423)	(1,463,876)		39,547
Lease Inception		-	-	7,078		7,078
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(864,666)	(678,423)	(1,417,577)		(739,154)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		6,165,000	2,707,576	17,328,652		14,621,076
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		25,355,399	 29,606,856	 29,606,856		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	31,520,399	\$ 32,314,432	\$ 46,935,508	\$	14,621,076

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CULTURAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget Amounts Original	Budget Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Ticket Sales and Handling Fees	\$ 1,029,579	\$ 1,027,540	\$ 893,439	\$ (134,101)
Rental Fees and Labor Fees	174,479	175,756	230,686	54,930
Concessions and Catering	111,807	110,529	96,524	(14,005)
Individual, Corporate and Foundation Contributions	397,800	325,304	295,890	(29,414)
Government Grants	289,962	289,961	356,294	66,333
Miscellaneous	11,791	13,828	5,950	(7,878)
Annual events	14,000	14,000	16,255	2,255
Arts and cultural events	6,000	6,000	8,361	2,361
LTAC Fund 501(c)(3) Contribution	-	72,500	68,169	(4,331)
Total Revenues	2,035,418	2,035,418	1,971,568	(63,850)
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	167,125	174,476	117,544	56,932
Programming	1,823,902	1,855,541	1,728,203	127,338
Marketing	479,839	487,318	396,566	90,752
Development	284,986	297,120	226,101	71,019
Annual Events	345,422	349,621	327,566	22,055
Arts and Cultural Events	44,262	45,217	32,342	12,875
Total Expenditures	3,145,536	3,209,293	2,828,322	380,971
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,110,118)	(1,173,875)	(856,754)	317,121
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	1,439,666	1,503,422	1,463,876	(39,546)
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,439,666	1,503,422	1,463,876	(39,546)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	329,548	329,547	607,122	277,575
FUND BALANCES -				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	170,934	306,096	306,096	-
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 500,482	\$ 635,643	\$ 913,218	\$ 277,575

## CITY OF LONE TREE SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABLITY (ASSET) STATE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN (FPPA)

Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2014	_	2015	 2016	 2017	_	2018	_	2019	2020	2021	2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset)	0.745%		0.741%	0.710%	0.675%		0.672%		0.593%	0.603%	0.568%	0.542%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$ (666,462)	\$	(836,472)	\$ (12,508)	\$ 244,075	\$	(966,061)	\$	749,099	\$ (341,150)	\$ (1,234,174)	\$ (2,939,160)
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,183,366	\$	3,458,225	\$ 3,689,690	\$ 3,624,431	\$	3,976,381	\$	4,026,218	\$ 4,329,357	\$ 4,594,732	\$ 5,158,747
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	20.9%		24.2%	0.3%	6.7%		24.3%		18.6%	7.9%	26.9%	57.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability/(asset)	105.8%		106.8%	101.6%	98.2%		106.3%		95.2%	101.9%	106.7%	116.2%

 $<sup>(1) \ \</sup> The \ City implemented \ GASB \ 68 \ beginning \ in \ 2015. \ Information \ prior \ to \ 2014 \ is \ not \ available.$ 

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each year were determined as of December 31, the measurement date used by the City.

CITY OF LONE TREE
SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
PUBLIC RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (PERA)
Last Eight Fiscal Years

	_	2014	_	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	2020	2021	2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.510%		0.523%		0.538%		0.562%		0.610%		0.668%	0.698%	0.712%	0.729%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$	4,194,719	\$	4,685,216	\$	5,931,027	\$	7,586,897	\$	6,788,332	\$	8,403,289	\$ 5,105,238	\$ 3,709,250	\$ (624,887)
City's covered payroll	\$	2,893,072	\$	3,017,148	\$	3,348,942	\$	3,554,612	\$	4,005,795	\$	4,594,877	\$ 5,012,865	\$ 5,207,144	\$ 5,567,306
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		145.0%		155.3%		177.1%		213.4%		169.5%		182.9%	101.8%	71.2%	-11.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.7%		80.7%		76.9%		73.6%		79.4%		76.0%	86.3%	90.9%	101.5%

<sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB 68 beginning in 2015. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each year were determined as of December 31, the measurement date used by the City.

CITY OF LONE TREE

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

PUBLIC RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Last Six Fiscal Years

	2017		2018		2019		2020		_	2021	_	2022
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.043%		0.047%		0.052%		0.053%		0.054%		0.057%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$	558,745	\$	615,682	\$	705,235	\$	600,864	\$	516,344	\$	488,565
City's covered payroll	\$	3,554,612	\$	4,005,795	\$	4,594,877	\$	5,012,865	\$	5,207,144	\$	5,567,306
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		15.7%		15.4%		15.3%		12.0%		9.9%		8.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		16.7%		17.5%		17.0%		24.5%		32.8%		39.4%

<sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB 75 beginning in 2018. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

<sup>\*</sup>The amounts presented for each year were determined as of December 31, the measurement date used by the City.

CITY OF LONE TREE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS STATE FIRE AND POLICE PENSION PLAN (FPPA) Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2014	2015		2016		2017	_	2018		2019		2020		2021	_	2022
Contractually required contributions	\$ 266,647	\$ 275,158	\$	276,557	\$	314,225	\$	317,519	\$	355,665	\$	365,287	\$	371,111	\$	420,559
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(266,647)	(275,158)		(276,557)		(314,225)		(317,519)		(355,665)		(365,287)		(371,111)		(420,559)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,458,225	\$ 3,689,690	\$	3,624,431	\$	3,976,381	\$	4,026,218	\$	4,329,357	\$	4,594,732	\$ :	5,158,747	\$ :	5,156,748
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.71%	7.46%		7.63%		7.90%		7.89%		8.22%		7.95%		7.19%		8.16%

<sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB 68 beginning in 2015. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

## CITY OF LONE TREE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO (PERA) Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Contractually required contributions	\$ 392,338	\$ 418,841	\$ 466,528	\$ 487,686 *	* \$ 555,896 *	\$ 609,512 *	* \$ 658,542 *	\$ 714,780 *	\$ 832,929 *
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(392,338)	(418,841)	(466,528)	(487,686)	(555,896)	(609,512)	(658,542)	(714,780)	(832,929)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,017,148	\$ 3,348,942	\$ 3,554,612	\$ 4,005,795	\$ 4,594,877	\$ 5,012,865	\$ 5,207,144	\$ 5,567,306	\$ 6,162,544
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.00%	12.51%	13.12%	12.17%	12.10%	12.16%	12.65%	12.84%	13.52%

<sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB 68 beginning in 2015. Information prior to 2014 is not available.

<sup>\*</sup> Due to the implementation of GASB 75 in 2018, 2017 - 2022 contributions are separated between PERA and OPEB

# CITY OF LONE TREE SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PUBLIC RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF COLORADO OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) Last Seven Fiscal Years

		2016		2017	 2018	 2019	_	2020	_	2021	_	2022
Contractually required contributions	\$	34,709	\$	39,230 *	\$ 44,717 *	\$ 49,030	* \$	51,232 *	\$	56,401	* \$	63,031 *
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(34,709)		(39,230)	(44,717)	(49,030)		(51,232)		(56,401)		(63,031)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's covered payroll	\$ 3	3,554,612	\$ 4	4,005,795	\$ 4,594,877	\$ 5,012,865	\$	5,207,144	\$	5,567,306	\$	6,162,544
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.98%		0.98%	0.97%	0.98%		0.98%		1.01%		1.02%

<sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB 75 beginning in 2018. Information prior to 2016 is not available.

<sup>\*</sup> Due to the implementation of GASB 75 in 2018, 2017 - 2021 contributions are separated between PERA and OPEB

# CITY OF LONE TREE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2022

#### **NOTE 1 - BUDGETS**

Pursuant to State law, budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's General Fund and Special Revenue Fund – Cultural and Community Services prepare annual budgets that are legally adopted.

#### **NOTE 2 – PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS**

#### **FPPA**

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

The plan provisions have not changed since the prior valuation.

#### Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes in actuarial assumptions since the January 1, 2020 valuation.

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the FPPA's comprehensive annual report which can be obtained at: <a href="http://www.fppaco.org/annual-reports.html">http://www.fppaco.org/annual-reports.html</a>.

#### **PERA**

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

- The following changes reflect the anticipated adjustments resulting from the 2020 automatic adjustment provision (AAP) assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022:
  - o Member contribution rates increased by 0.50%.
  - o Employer contribution rates increased by 0.50%.
  - o Annual Increase (AI) cap is lowered from 1.25% per year to 1.00% per year.

#### Changes of Assumptions

• The assumption used to value the AI cap benefit provision was changed from 1.25% to 1.00%.

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the LGDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at: <a href="https://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports">www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</a>.

# CITY OF LONE TREE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 2 – PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **OPEB**

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

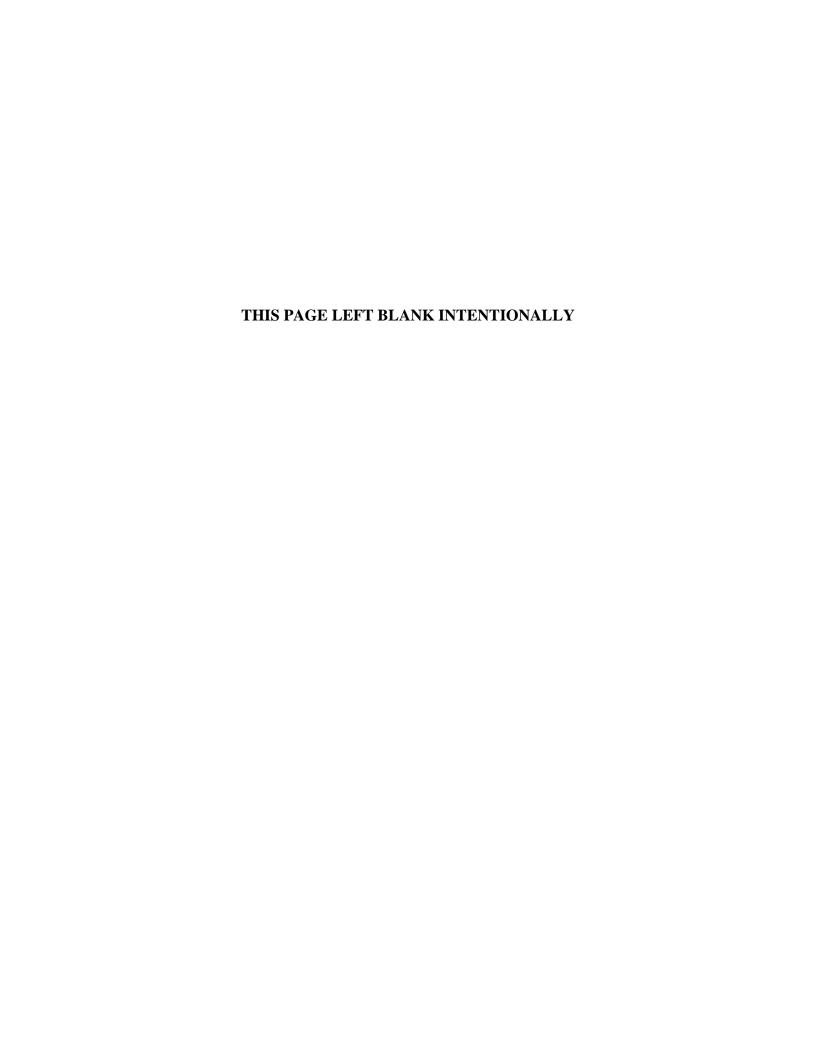
The plan provisions have not changed since the prior valuation.

#### Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the LGDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's comprehensive annual financial report which can be obtained at: www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.



## COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AND COMPONENT UNITS

#### CITY OF LONE TREE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2022

	Debt Service - Arts and Cultural Facilities		Debt Service - Park and Recreation Improvements		Re Lo Ar	Special evenue - ne Tree t Center d 501(c)(3)	Total Other Governmenta Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivables:	\$	2,367,219	\$	2,503,629	\$	71,707	\$	4,942,555
Sales, Use, Admissions and Lodging Taxes Other		284,995		189,997		2,050		474,992 2,050
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,652,214	\$	2,693,626	\$	73,757	\$	5,419,597
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	68,169	\$	68,169
Unearned Revenue		-		-		1,500		1,500
Total Liabilities		-		-		69,669		69,669
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted		2,652,214		2,693,626		-		5,345,840
Committed		-		-		4,088		4,088
Total Fund Balances		2,652,214		2,693,626		4,088		5,349,928
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,652,214	\$	2,693,626	\$	73,757	\$	5,419,597

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Se Aı Cı	Debt rvice - ts and ultural cilities	I R	Debt Service - Park and ecreation provements	Rev Lon Art	pecial venue - ne Tree Center 501(c)(3)		Total Other vernmental Funds
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$ 2	2,305,973	\$	1,537,243	\$	-	\$	3,843,216
Net Investment Income		41,749		40,032		-		81,781
Arts and Cultural		=		-		68,169		68,169
Total Revenues	2	2,347,722		1,577,275		68,169		3,993,166
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Arts and Cultural Services		-		-		72,063		72,063
Debt Service								
Bond Interest		127,800		105,500		-		233,300
Bond Principal	1	,600,000		1,020,000		-		2,620,000
Paying Agent Fees		400		400		-		800
Total Expenditures	1	,728,200		1,125,900		72,063		2,926,163
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		619,522		451,375		(3,894)		1,067,003
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In/(Out)		(39,221)		-				(39,221)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(39,221)				-		(39,221)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		580,301		451,375		(3,894)		1,027,782
FUND BALANCES -								
BEGINNING OF YEAR	2	2,071,913		2,242,251		7,982		4,322,146
FUND BALANCES -								
END OF YEAR	\$ 2	2,652,214	\$	2,693,626	\$	4,088	\$	5,349,928

# DEBT SERVICE FUND - ARTS AND CULTURAL FACILITIES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget Amounts Original	Budget Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Sales Tax	\$ 1,885,985	\$ 1,885,985	\$ 2,159,436	\$ 273,451
Use Tax - Retail	53,000	53,000	68,840	15,840
Use Tax - Building Materials	95,000	95,000	77,697	(17,303)
Net Investment Income	1,400	1,400	41,749	40,349
Total Revenues	2,035,385	2,035,385	2,347,722	312,337
EXPENDITURES				
Bond Interest	127,800	127,800	127,800	_
Bond Principal	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	_
Paying Agent Fees	600	600	400	200
Contingency	4,500	4,500	_	4,500
Total Expenditures	1,732,900	1,732,900	1,728,200	4,700
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	302,485	302,485	619,522	317,037
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In/(Out)	(75,000)	(75,000)	(39,221)	35,779
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(75,000)	(75,000)	(39,221)	35,779
Total other I maneing Sources (Oses)	(73,000)	(73,000)	(37,221)	33,117
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	227,485	227,485	580,301	352,816
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,861,658	2,071,913	2,071,913	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,089,143	\$ 2,299,398	\$ 2,652,214	\$ 352,816

# DEBT SERVICE FUND - PARK AND RECREATION IMPROVEMENTS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget Amounts	Budget Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Sales Tax	\$ 1,257,424	\$ 1,257,423	\$ 1,439,623	\$ 182,200
Use Tax - Retail	35,000	35,000	45,893	10,893
Use Tax - Building Materials	63,000	63,000	51,727	(11,273)
Net Investment Income	1,400	1,400	40,032	38,632
Total Revenues	1,356,824	1,356,823	1,577,275	220,452
EXPENDITURES				
Bond Interest	105,500	105,500	105,500	-
Bond Principal	1,020,000	1,020,000	1,020,000	-
Paying Agent Fees	600	600	400	200
Contingency	2,500	2,500		2,500
Total Expenditures	1,128,600	1,128,600	1,125,900	2,700
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	228,224	228,223	451,375	223,152
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In/(Out)	(500,000)	(750,000)		750,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(500,000)	(750,000)		750,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(271,776)	(521,777)	451,375	973,152
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,102,472	2,242,251	2,242,251	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,830,696	\$ 1,720,474	\$ 2,693,626	\$ 973,152

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - LONE TREE ARTS CENTER FUND 501(c)(3) SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget Amounts Original and Final	 Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Individual Gifts	\$	24,000	\$ 18,230	\$	(5,770)	
Corporate Gifts		13,500	21,464		7,964	
Foundation Gifts		35,000	27,500		(7,500)	
Matching Corporate Gifts			 975		975	
Total Revenues		72,500	 68,169		(4,331)	
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting Services		1,250	1,356		(106)	
Office Supplies		2,294	130		2,164	
Meeting Expenses		750	2,408		(1,658)	
LTAC Grant Award		72,500	68,169		4,331	
Total Expenditures		76,794	72,063		4,731	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(4,294)	 (3,894)		400	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(4,294)	(3,894)		400	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		7,982	 7,982			
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	3,688	\$ 4,088	\$	400	

# CITY OF LONE TREE PARK MEADOWS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2022

	<u>General</u>	Debt Service	Total Component Unit
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments	\$ 7,163,071	\$ -	\$ 7,163,071
Cash and Investments - Restricted	246,800	1,029,578	1,276,378
Receivables:			
Intergovernmental	1,646,843	-	1,646,843
Prepaid Items	85,583	-	85,583
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,142,297	\$ 1,029,578	\$ 10,171,875
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 152,768	\$ -	\$ 152,768
Total Liabilities	152,768		152,768
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:			
Prepaid Amounts	85,583	-	85,583
Restricted for:	246.000		245,000
Emergencies (TABOR)	246,800	1 020 570	246,800
Debt Service	-	1,029,578	1,029,578
Assigned to:	2.052.427		2.052.427
Grant Expenditures	3,052,427 5,604,710	-	3,052,427 5,604,710
Unassigned Total Fund Balances	5,604,719	1 020 579	5,604,719
Total Fulld Balances	8,989,529	1,029,578	10,019,107
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 9,142,297	\$ 1,029,578	\$ 10,171,875

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - PARK MEADOWS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT COMPONENT UNIT TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for component unit activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - Park Meadows Business Improvement District component unit	\$ 10,019,107
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	25,024,005
Noncurrent liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Loans Payable	(8,575,641)
Leases Payable	(12,604,030)
Accrued Interest on Loans Payable	(22,868)
Cost of Debt Refinancing	85,549
Net position of Park Meadows Business Improvement District component unit activities	\$ 13,926,122

# CITY OF LONE TREE PARK MEADOWS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended December 31, 2022

	General	Debt Service		<u> </u>	Total component Unit
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 8,208,983	\$	-	\$	8,208,983
Net Investment Income	15,106		-		15,106
Reimbursed Expenditures	80,357		-		80,357
Grant Income	3,052,427		-		3,052,427
Total Revenues	11,356,873		-		11,356,873
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Operations and Maintenance	2,162,856		-		2,162,856
Lease	650,727		-		650,727
Property Repairs and Replacements	491,381		-		491,381
Marketing	393,289		-		393,289
Property Tax Reimbursement	316,860		-		316,860
Staff and Accounting	150,000		-		150,000
District Management Fee	17,500		-		17,500
Auditing, Legal and Professional Fees	28,414		-		28,414
Off Site Storage	30,000		-		30,000
Other General and Administrative	16,032		-		16,032
Capital Projects	915,895		-		915,895
Debt Service					
Loan Interest	-		272,411		272,411
Loan Principal	 <u>-</u>		816,985		816,985
Total Expenditures	5,172,954		1,089,396		6,262,350
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 6,183,919		(1,089,396)		5,094,523
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In / (Out)	 (1,001,505)		1,001,505		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,001,505)		1,001,505		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	5,182,414		(87,891)		5,094,523
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,807,115 8,989,529	\$	1,117,469 1,029,578	\$	4,924,584 10,019,107

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE PARK MEADOWS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT COMPONENT UNIT TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for component unit activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - Park Meadows Business Improvement District component unit \$ 5,094,523

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital Outlay 963,881
Depreciation and Amortization Expense (1,294,393)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Loan Principal 816,985 Lease Payment 640,988

Some revenues and expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Amortization of Cost of Refunding (18,964)
Accrued Interest on Debt - Change in Liability 2,179

Changes in net position of Park Meadows Business Improvement District component unit activities \$ 6,205,199

## CITY OF LONE TREE PARK MEADOWS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ${\tt BUDGET}$ AND ACTUAL

		Budget Amounts Original	 Budget Amounts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	5,125,804	\$ 5,125,804	\$	8,208,983	\$	3,083,179
Net Investment Income		20,000	20,000		15,106		(4,894)
Other		18,540	18,540		3,132,784		3,114,244
Total Revenues	-	5,164,344	 5,164,344		11,356,873		6,192,529
EXPENDITURES							
Operations and Maintenance		1,844,000	1,844,000		2,162,856		(318,856)
Lease		651,689	651,689		650,727		962
Property Repairs and Replacements		171,000	511,000		491,381		19,619
Marketing		306,500	306,500		393,289		(86,789)
Property Tax Reimbursement		313,804	313,804		316,860		(3,056)
Staff and Accounting		157,000	157,000		150,000		7,000
District Management Fee		30,000	30,000		17,500		12,500
Auditing, Legal and Professional Fees		20,700	20,700		28,414		(7,714)
Off Site Storage		30,000	30,000		30,000		-
Other General and Administrative		22,000	22,000		16,032		5,968
Capital Projects		377,000	2,861,800		915,895		1,945,905
Contingency		150,000	150,000		-		150,000
Total Expenditures		4,073,693	 6,898,493		5,172,954		1,725,539
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,090,651	 (1,734,149)		6,183,919		7,918,068
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In / (Out)		(1,089,392)	(1,089,392)		(1,001,505)		87,887
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,089,392)	(1,089,392)		(1,001,505)		87,887
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,259	(2,823,541)		5,182,414		8,005,955
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		5,201,137	 5,201,137		3,807,115		(1,394,022)
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	5,202,396	\$ 2,377,596	\$	8,989,529	\$	6,611,933

## CITY OF LONE TREE PARK MEADOWS BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	I	Original and Final Budget Actual Amounts Amounts				Variance with Final Budget			
REVENUES									
Net Investment Income	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_			
Total Revenues		-				-			
EXPENDITURES									
Loan Interest		272,411		272,411		_			
Loan Principal		816,985		816,985					
Total Expenditures		1,089,396		1,089,396					
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER									
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,089,396)		(1,089,396)		-			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In		-		-		-			
Transfers Out		1,089,396		1,001,505		(87,891)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,089,396		1,001,505		(87,891)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		(87,891)		(87,891)			
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,097,189		1,117,469		20,280			
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	1,097,189	\$	1,029,578	\$	(67,611)			

# CITY OF LONE TREE LONE TREE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET December 31, 2022

	General		Capital Projects		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	146,291	\$	217,751	\$	364,042
Receivables:						
Intergovernmental		1,639		-		1,639
Property Tax		257,278		-		257,278
Accrued Interest Receivable		551		-		551
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	405,759	\$	217,751	\$	623,510
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	21,777	\$	-	\$	21,777
Total Liabilities		21,777				21,777
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		257,278		-		257,278
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items		551		-		551
Restricted for:						
Emergencies (TABOR)		7,610		-		7,610
Assigned for:						
Capital Projects		-		217,751		217,751
Unassigned		118,543		-		118,543
Total Fund Balances		126,704		217,751		344,455
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	405,759	\$	217,751	\$	623,510

# CITY OF LONE TREE RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - LONE TREE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT COMPONENT UNIT TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for component unit activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - Lone Tree Business Improvement District component unit	\$ 344,455
Other long-term assets are not current financial resources available to pay current	
period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Property Tax Receivable	257,278
Deferred inflows of resources that represent acquisition or consumption of net position that applies to future periods and, therefore, are not reported	
Property Tax Revenues	 (257,278)
Net position of Lone Tree Business Improvement District component unit activities	\$ 344,455

# CITY OF LONE TREE LONE TREE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES				
General Property Tax	\$ 218,000	\$ -	\$ 218,000	
Specific Ownership Taxes	22,842	-	22,842	
Interest Income	(939)	59	(880)	
Total Revenues	239,903	59	239,962	
EXPENDITURES				
Insurance	3,665	-	3,665	
Legal	10,865	-	10,865	
Office Overhead	929	-	929	
Accounting	10,141	-	10,141	
Auditing	4,935	-	4,935	
Landscaping Services	59,155	-	59,155	
Snow Plow Services	147,080	-	147,080	
Treasurer's Fees	3,269	-	3,269	
Plaza and Lighting Maintenance	13,500	-	13,500	
Plaza and Lighting Upgrades		33,474	33,474	
Total Expenditures	253,539	33,474	287,013	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	(13,636)	(33,415)	(47,051)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	72,000	-	72,000	
Transfers Out	-	(72,000)	(72,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	72,000	(72,000)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	58,364	(105,415)	(47,051)	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	68,340	323,166	391,506	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 126,704	\$ 217,751	\$ 344,455	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE LONE TREE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for component unit activities in the statement of	
activities are different because:	

Net change in fund balances - Lone Tree Business Improvement District component unit

\$ (47,051)

Changes in net position of Lone Tree Business Improvement District component unit activities \$ (47,051)

## CITY OF LONE TREE LONE TREE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT GENERAL FUND

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

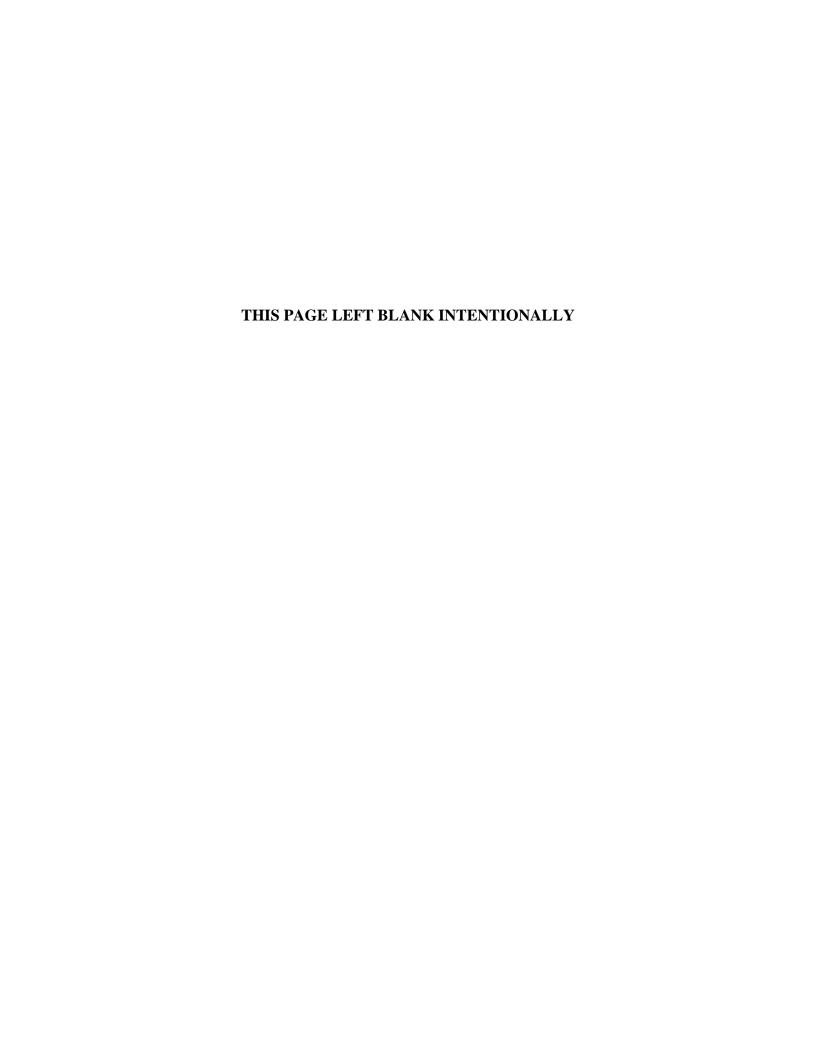
		get Amounts Original and Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES						
General Property Tax	\$	258,308	\$	218,000	\$	(40,308)
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ť	20,663	-	22,842	Ť	2,179
Interest Income		10		(939)		(949)
Total Revenues		278,981		239,903		(39,078)
EXPENDITURES						
Insurance		4,100		3,665		435
Legal		21,500		10,865		10,635
Office Overhead		750		929		(179)
Accounting		18,000		10,141		7,859
Audit		4,600		4,935		(335)
Landscaping Services		84,767		59,155		25,612
Snow Plow Services		141,000		147,080		(6,080)
Treasurer's Fees		3,876		3,269		607
Drainage Pond Cleaning		1,500		-		1,500
Plaza and Lighting Maintenance		12,000		13,500		(1,500)
Total Expenditures		292,093		253,539		38,554
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES		(13,112)		(13,636)		(524)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		72,000		72,000
Transfers Out						-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		72,000		72,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(13,112)		58,364		71,476
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		68,137		68,340		203
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	55,025	\$	126,704	\$	71,679

#### LONE TREE BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT

#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		udget				
	O	riginal				
	and Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
REVENUES						
Interest Income	\$	50	\$	59	\$	9
Total Revenues		50		59		9
EXPENDITURES						
Landscaping Services		20,000		-		20,000
Plaza & Lighting Upgrades		174,880		33,474		141,406
Total Expenditures		194,880		33,474		161,406
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES		(194,830)		(33,415)		161,415
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In/(Out)		-		(72,000)		(72,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(72,000)		(72,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(194,830)		(105,415)		89,415
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR		234,435		323,166		88,731
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	39,605	\$	217,751	\$	178,146





## CITY OF LONE TREE SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2022

\$4,805,000 Sales and Use
Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2017A,
Dated May 24, 2017
Interest Rate at 2.00% to 5.00%
Interest Payable
June 1 and December 1
Principal Due December 1

\$6,200,000 Sales and Use
Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2017B,
Dated May 24, 2017
Interest Rate at 3.00% to 4.00%
Interest Payable
June 1 and December 1
Principal Due December 1

	1 1 mei pui 2 u	2 2000111111111111111111111111111111111	<u>•                                      </u>	_	1 Time par 2 at 2 etcinistr 1				
	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2023	1.090.000		54.500			1.720.000		63,800	
\$	1,090,000	\$	54,500	_	\$	1,720,000	\$	63,800	

			Total	
	I	Principal	 Interest	Total
2023		2,810,000	 118,300	 2,928,300
	\$	2,810,000	\$ 118,300	\$ 2,928,300

The public report burden for this information collection is estimat	ed to average 380 hours annu	ally.		Form # 350-050-36
			City or County:	
			City of Lone Tree	
LOCAL HIGHWAY FI	NANCE REPORT		YEAR ENDING:	
			December 2022	
This Information from the Records of The City of L	one Tree:	Prepared By:	Kenzie Schott	
,		Phone:	720-509-1255	
I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USE	R REVENUES AVAI	LABLE FOR LOCAI	L GOVERNMENT EXI	PENDITURE
	A. Local	B. Local	C. Receipts from	D. Receipts from
ITEM	<b>Motor-Fuel</b>	Motor-Vehicle	State Highway-	Federal Highway
	Taxes	Taxes	User Taxes	Administration
Total receipts available		2,000		
2. Minus amount used for collection expenses				
3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes				
4. Minus amount used for mass transit				
5. Remainder used for highway purposes				
II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREE	T PURPOSES		ISBURSEMENTS FOR AND STREET PURPOS	
ITEM	AMOUNT	II	TEM	AMOUNT
A. Receipts from local sources:		A. Local highway dis	sbursements:	
Local highway-user taxes		1. Capital outlay (f		3,037,984
a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.)		2. Maintenance:	18/	675,783
b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.)		3. Road and street	services:	,
c. Total (a.+b.)		a. Traffic contro		732,665
2. General fund appropriations	4,697,285	b. Snow and ice		1,338,750
3. Other local imposts (from page 2)	4,554,233	c. Other	101110 (111	1,000,700
4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2)	342,252	d. Total (a. thro	nigh c)	2,071,415
5. Transfers from toll facilities	3 12,232	4 General adminis	tration & miscellaneous	2,071,113
6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes:		5. Highway law en	4,227,927	
a. Bonds - Original Issues		6. Total (1 through	10,013,109	
b. Bonds - Refunding Issues		B. Debt service on lo	10,013,109	
c. Notes		1. Bonds:		
d. Total (a. + b. + c.)	0	a. Interest		
7. Total (1 through 6)	9,593,770	b. Redemption		
B. Private Contributions	7,373,110	c. Total (a. + b.)	1	0
C. Receipts from State government		2. Notes:	,	O .
(from page 2)	419,339	a. Interest		
D. Receipts from Federal Government	117,557	b. Redemption		
(from page 2)	0	c. Total (a. + b.)	0	
E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)	10,013,109	3. Total (1.c + 2.c)	0	
E. Total receipts (13.7 · B · C · B)	10,013,107	C. Payments to State	0	
		D. Payments to state	acilities	
		E. Total disbursemen	$\frac{\text{actives}}{\text{nts} (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)}$	10,013,109
г	V. LOCAL HIGHW. (Show all ent	AY DEBT STATUS	,	, ,
	Opening Debt	Amount Issued	Redemptions	Closing Debt
A. Bonds (Total)	Opening Deut	7 Illiount Issued	Redelliptions	Closing Debt
1. Bonds (Refunding Portion)				Ü
B. Notes (Total)				0
Di Tiotes (Total)			l	o d
V. LO	CAL ROAD AND ST	REET FUND BALAN	ICE	
A. Beginning Balance	B. Total Receipts	C. Total Disbursement	s D. Ending Balance	E. Reconciliation
0	10,013,109	10,013,109	0	0
Notes and Comments:				
FORM FHWA-536 (Rev. 1-05)	PREVIOUS EDI	TIONS OBSOLETE		(Next Page)

	STATE:
	Colorado
LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT	YEAR ENDING (mm/yy):
	12/22

(Carry forward to page 1)

#### II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments		a. Interest on investments	
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalities	342,252
1. Sales Taxes		c. Parking Garage Fees	
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees		d. Parking Meter Fees	
3. Liens		e. Sale of Surplus Property	
4. Licenses		f. Charges for Services	
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	4,554,233	g. Other Misc. Receipts	
6. Total (1. through 5.)	4,554,233	h. Other	
c. Total (a. + b.)	4,554,233	i. Total (a. through h.)	342,252
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	371,392		
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	
b. Project Match		c. HUD	
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	47,946	d. Federal Transit Admin	
d. Other (Specify) - DOLA Grant		e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	
e. Other (Specify)		f. Other Federal	
f. Total (a. through e.)	47,946	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	419,339	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	

### III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (a)	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM (b)	TOTAL (c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs			0
b. Engineering Costs		0	0
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities			0
(2). Capacity Improvements		2,886,586	2,886,586
(3). System Preservation		151,398	151,398
(4). System Enhancement & Operation			0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	3,037,984	3,037,984
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	3,037,984	3,037,984
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments:

FORM FHWA-536 (Rev.1-05)

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE

### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. This information has not been audited by the independent auditor.

Financial Trends
These schedules contain trend information that may assist the reader in understanding how
the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
Net Position by Component (Table 1)140
Changes in Net Position (Table 2)
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (Table 3)
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds (Table 4)143
Revenue Capacity
These schedules contain information that may assist the reader in assessing the viability of
the City's most significant "own source" revenue source, sales taxes. The City does not
assess a property tax levy; therefore, schedules containing information on principal property
taxpayers or property tax levies and collections are not included.
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates (Table 5)144
Sales Tax Revenue Payers by Industry (Table 6)145
Sales Tax Revenue Collections (Table 7)146
Debt Capacity
These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's
current level of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (Table 8)147
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (Table 9)148
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Demographic and Economic Information
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators that may help the reader
understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.
Demographic and Economic Statistics (Table 14)
Principal Employers (Table 15)
Operating Information
These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the
reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City
provides and the activities it performs.
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program (Table 16)156
Operating Indicators by Function/Program (Table 17)
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program (Table 18)
<b>Sources:</b> Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual
financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal
year 2003; therefore, schedules presenting government-wide information include information

beginning in that year.

\$194,940,914

### CITY OF LONE TREE NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2013 2014 2015 (2) 2016 2017 2018 (3) 2019 2020 2021 2022 Governmental activities \$ 80,973,119 \$ 102,243,231 \$108,531,579 \$120,572,452 \$140,647,955 \$144,254,915 Net investment in capital assets \$ 81,283,223 \$ 97,829,372 \$111,992,008 \$145,232,645 11,083,260 3,662,144 4,762,302 5,852,393 15,365,807 6,392,901 Restricted 3,370,714 5,202,543 5,416,090 7,816,276 Unrestricted 12,347,203 16,198,831 13,713,236 13,011,264 7,287,522 7,798,676 13,719,165 13,688,093 20,969,941 39,602,739 Total governmental activities net position 96,982,466 100,852,768 116,745,151 120,016,797 121,235,191 125,643,077 149,657,424 160,728,949 174,018,862 194,940,914

\$121,235,191

\$125,643,077

\$149,657,424

\$160,728,949

\$174,018,862

\$ 120,016,797

\$ 96,982,466

\$ 100,852,768

\$ 116,745,151

Total primary government net position (1)

<sup>(1)</sup> The City does not have any business-type activities; therefore, the total primary government net position is the same as the total governmental activities net position.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net position restated in 2015 due to implementation of GASB No. 68.

<sup>(3)</sup> Net position restated in 2018 due to implementation of GASB No. 75.

#### CITY OF LONE TREE CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
-	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses	-									
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 14,573,133	\$ 13,494,009	\$ 14,483,424	\$ 16,173,154	\$ 17,071,135	\$ 16,212,205	\$ 12,856,050	\$ 10,214,431	\$ 11,375,639	\$ 14,938,838
Municipal court	215,894	217,969	234,799	259,849	323,935	374,079	293,408	312,221	296,674	226,058
Community development	1,258,759	1,040,044	1,080,566	1,260,292	1,313,003	1,250,637	936,466	1,166,136	1,777,995	1,136,047
Public works	7,286,760	7,972,040	8,743,403	8,436,353	8,406,828	10,028,083	10,395,092	10,418,266	11,359,384	14,435,353
Arts and cultural services	2,691,473	3,111,362	3,198,170	3,239,157	4,138,733	4,080,168	3,421,829	2,535,888	2,935,663	2,843,509
Police	6,295,772	6,639,856	6,779,310	7,091,270	7,752,422	7,350,747	8,092,467	8,842,924	8,821,749	8,538,025
Interest and related costs on long-term debt	998,465	924,398	837,894	777,775	586,505	446,040	358,185	297,241	259,634	213,533
Interest and related costs on leases	,,0,105	,21,570	-		-	. 10,010	-	2>7,211	200,000.	137,447
Total governmental activities expenses	33,320,256	33,399,678	35,357,566	37,237,850	39,592,561	39,741,959	36,353,496	33,787,104	36,826,738	42,468,810
Total governmental activities expenses	33,320,230	33,377,076	33,337,300	37,237,630	37,372,301	37,741,737	30,333,470	33,767,104	30,820,738	42,400,010
Total primary government expenses (1)	\$ 33,320,256	\$ 33,399,678	\$ 35,357,566	\$ 37,237,850	\$ 39,592,561	\$ 39,741,959	\$ 36,353,496	\$ 33,787,104	\$ 36,826,738	\$ 42,468,810
Program revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 249,904	\$ 222,567	\$ 239,633	\$ 179,424	\$ 176,438	\$ 527,238	\$ 228,916	\$ 174,152	\$ 179,049	\$ 164,717
Municipal court	648,298	540,304	691,943	680,688	636,085	565,302	54,044	37,305	38,319	39,177
Community development	1,717,190	2,098,603	1,396,976	1,156,256	832,431	1,321,541	1,215,296	1,364,480	1,493,204	1,580,425
Public works	1,717,170	2,070,003	1,570,770	736	499	21,247	150,570	213,624	385,934	539,577
Arts and cultural services	1.115.051	1,329,312	1,284,726	996,884	1,562,983	1,253,940	1,537,972	360,031	368,504	1,251,215
Police	41,845	22,919	3,491	4,453	4,679	7,965	630,875	421,484	848,037	372,779
	,		4,728,754			,	,	6,619,538	10,437,077	11,165,358
Operating grants and contributions	4,152,656	4,252,466		5,050,314	5,000,361	5,574,101	5,918,552			
Capital grants and contributions	4,292,034	1,069,622	16,971,208	3,453,329	4,166,060	4,732,802	20,427,224	12,238,449	6,406,050	100,177
Total governmental activities program revenues	12,216,978	9,535,793	25,316,731	11,522,084	12,379,536	14,004,136	30,163,449	21,429,064	20,156,174	15,213,425
Total primary government revenues (1)	\$ 12,216,978	\$ 9,535,793	\$ 25,316,731	\$ 11,522,084	\$ 12,379,536	\$ 14,004,136	\$ 30,163,449	\$ 21,429,064	\$ 20,156,174	\$ 15,213,425
Net (expense) revenue										
Governmental activities	\$(21,103,278)	\$(23,863,885)	\$(10,040,835)	\$(25,715,766)	\$(27,213,025)	\$ (25,737,823)	\$ (6,190,048)	\$ (12,358,041)	\$ (16,670,564)	\$ (27,255,384)
Total primary government net (expense) revenue (1)	\$(21,103,278)	\$(23,863,885)	\$(10,040,835)	\$(25,715,766)	\$(27,213,025)	\$ (25,737,823)	\$ (6,190,048)	\$ (12,358,041)	\$ (16,670,564)	\$ (27,255,384)
General revenues										
Sales taxes and Use tax - Retail	\$ 22,275,657	\$ 23,736,964	\$ 24,883,632	\$ 24,649,096	\$ 24,920,993	\$ 25,649,105	\$ 25,536,584	\$ 19,726,510	\$ 25,682,661	\$ 42,181,930
Use taxes - Building materials	1,934,767	1,009,009	1,155,608	791,702	414,263	935,963	770,496	1,320,568	1,299,531	1,727,013
Lodging taxes	766,230	908,192	1,000,349	1,048,252	1,092,192	1,823,741	1,736,799	672,449	1,145,417	1,575,329
Admission taxes	357,294	503,914	368,432	411,421	363,474	375,613	337,637	176,402	254,286	339,902
Franchise fees	973,986	1,033,993	1,040,429	1,041,604	1,069,729	1,071,791	1,078,819	1,048,271	1,137,127	1,302,889
Cigarette taxes	202,452	196,839	194,668	197,519	175,349	169,197	153,456	171,392	134,946	91,582
Investment earnings	19,945	14,113	22,376	140,767	234,364	400,134	431,565	149,251	10,489	671,563
Lease Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,190
Miscellaneous	443,335	331,163	136,995	707,051	161,055	278,910	159,039	164,723	296,020	242,037
Total governmental activities general revenues	26,973,666	27,734,187	28,802,489	28,987,412	28,431,419	30,704,454	30,204,395	23,429,566	29,960,477	48,177,435
Total primary government general revenues (1)	\$ 26,973,666	\$ 27,734,187	\$ 28,802,489	\$ 28,987,412	\$ 28,431,419	\$ 30,704,454	\$ 30,204,395	\$ 23,429,566	\$ 29,960,477	\$ 48,177,435
Change in net position	e 5 970 200	e 2.970.202	£ 10.761.654	¢ 2.271.646	¢ 1210204	¢ 4066.621	6 24 014 247	£ 11.071.525	e 12 200 012	¢ 20.022.051
Governmental activities	\$ 5,870,388	\$ 3,870,302	\$ 18,761,654	\$ 3,271,646	\$ 1,218,394	\$ 4,966,631	\$ 24,014,347	\$ 11,071,525	\$ 13,289,913	\$ 20,922,051
Total primary government change in net position (1)	\$ 5,870,388	\$ 3,870,302	\$ 18,761,654	\$ 3,271,646	\$ 1,218,394	\$ 4,966,631	\$ 24,014,347	\$ 11,071,525	\$ 13,289,913	\$ 20,922,051

<sup>(1)</sup> The City does not have any business-type activities; therefore, the totals for primary government are the same as the totals for government activities

### CITY OF LONE TREE FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
	2013	2014	2015 (1)	2016	2017	2018 (2)	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Fund										
Non-spendable	\$ 252,530	\$ 401,104	\$ 380,189	\$ 514,737	\$ 406,279	\$ 167,676	\$ 162,809	\$ 151,718	\$ 71,015	\$ 270,208
Restricted	3,248,713	2,892,348	4,928,216	7,844,007	8,343,148	2,631,785	11,908,748	2,826,718	3,500,112	5,737,420
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	7,062,731	10,860,234	12,489,445	11,966,918	6,913,804	9,291,989	13,558,108	12,523,975	20,214,429	14,278,327
Unassigned	3,883,361	3,722,646	4,273,000	4,398,000	4,545,000	4,822,000	4,978,000	6,451,000	5,821,300	26,649,553
Total General Fund	\$ 14,447,335	\$ 17,876,332	\$ 22,070,850	\$ 24,723,662	\$ 20,208,231	\$ 16,913,450	\$ 30,607,666	\$ 21,953,411	\$ 29,606,856	\$ 46,935,508
All other governmental funds										
Non-spendable	\$ 43,230	\$ 46,674	\$ 56,673	\$ 53,659	\$ 110,727	\$ 81,303	\$ 106,025	\$ 21,215	\$ 86,811	\$ 116,668
Restricted	2,273,653	2,409,455	2,103,679	2,429,178	3,053,775	3,220,608	3,457,059	3,566,183	4,316,164	5,345,840
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	105	206,486	146,219	225,267	800,638
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	8,775	-	-	-	-
Unassigned, reported in:										
Special revenue funds	(43,230)	(46,674)	(56,673)	(53,659)	(110,727)	(127,578)				
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 2,273,653	\$ 2,409,455	\$ 2,103,679	\$ 2,429,178	\$ 3,053,775	\$ 3,183,213	\$ 3,769,570	\$ 3,733,617	\$ 4,628,242	\$ 6,263,146
Total governmental funds										
Non-spendable	\$ 295,760	\$ 447,778	\$ 436,862	\$ 568,396	\$ 517,006	\$ 248,979	\$ 268,834	\$ 172,933	\$ 157,826	\$ 386,876
Restricted	5,522,366	5,301,803	7,031,895	10,273,185	11,396,923	5,852,393	15,365,807	6,392,901	7,816,276	11,083,260
Committed	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-	-	105	206,486	146,219	225,267	800,638
Assigned	7,062,731	10,860,234	12,489,445	11,966,918	6,913,804	9,300,764	13,558,108	12,523,975	20,214,429	14,278,327
Unassigned	3,840,131	3,675,972	4,216,327	4,344,341	4,434,273	4,694,422	4,978,000	6,451,000	5,821,300	26,649,553
Total governmental funds	\$ 16,720,988	\$ 20,285,787	\$ 24,174,529	\$ 27,152,840	\$ 23,262,006	\$ 20,096,663	\$ 34,377,236	\$ 25,687,028	\$ 34,235,098	\$ 53,198,654

<sup>(1)</sup> The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2015.

<sup>(2)</sup> The City implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018.

### CITY OF LONE TREE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year

				riscai i e	ar					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 25,333,948	\$ 26,158,079	\$ 27,408,021	\$ 26,900,471	\$ 26,790,921	\$ 28,784,422	\$ 28,381,516	\$ 21,895,929	\$ 28,381,895	\$ 45.824.175
Franchise fees	973,986	1,033,993	1,040,429	1,041,604	1,069,729	1,071,791	1,078,819	1,048,271	1,137,127	1,302,889
Intergovernmental	7,317,985	5,066,287	7,073,987	15,301,133	14,291,208	10,572,636	25,845,262	7,411,211	11,252,919	10,446,205
Licenses, fees and charges	1,743,385	2,124,212	1,430,134	1,134,976	869,837	1,350,836	1,435,736	1,599,964	1,948,433	2,188,240
Fines and forfeitures	648,298	540,304	691,943	680,688	636,085	565,302	672,181	436,363	371,622	393,404
Net investment income	19,945	14,113	22,376	140,767	234,364	400,134	431,565	149,251	10,488	664,997
Tenant rental income	249,904	222,567	239,634	179,424	176,438	250,519	228,919	174,152	179,050	164,717
Arts and cultural event fees	1,369,872	1,639,949	1,747,181	1,519,316	2,128,189	1,922,982	2,216,130	1,248,891	2,353,958	2,039,737
Other	1,490,317	401,910	205,953	839,181	285,663	452,654	307,314	359,538	588,503	382,912
Base rentals	951,972	1,009,664	1,290,006	-	200,000	.52,65	-	-	-	502,712
Total revenues	40,099,612	38,211,078	41,149,664	47,737,560	46,482,434	45,371,276	60,597,442	34,323,570	46,223,995	63,407,276
Expenditures										
General government	4,838,096	5,001,832	4,706,785	4,932,276	5,493,850	5,591,215	5,647,331	4,575,637	4,529,647	5,051,387
Municipal court	210,387	213,810	192,197	226,495	270,686	302,995	309,063	299,755	294,898	309,076
Community development	1,222,386	1,025,520	1,020,830	1,181,680	1,115,634	1,018,069	1,000,326	1,098,689	1,143,417	1,305,370
Police	6,142,980	6,483,386	6,697,266	6,918,837	7,176,874	7,523,559	8,216,629	8,603,650	8,506,326	9,395,393
Public works	3,959,687	4,417,190	4,473,031	4,325,451	4,112,818	4,841,201	4,737,463	5,278,695	5,570,247	6,876,849
Arts and cultural services	2,087,722	2,496,989	2,544,481	2,451,342	3,111,466	2,958,530	3,000,630	1,866,950	2,392,480	2,900,385
Debt service	2,067,722	2,490,969	2,344,461	2,431,342	3,111,400	2,936,330	3,000,030	1,000,930	2,392,460	2,900,363
	2,340,000	2,520,000	2,920,000	1,755,000	1,890,000	2,030,000	492,600	422,500	340,100	233,300
Bond principal Bond interest	980,328	924,083	2,920,000 866,475	805,432	447,661	581,850	2,180,000	2,285,000	2,435,000	2,620,000
Paying agent fees	400	400	400	400	800	1,200	1,000	2,283,000	2,433,000	2,020,000
Cost of issuance	400	400	400	400	158,935	1,200	1,000	800	800	800
Capital outlay and other	16,220,698	11,563,069	13,839,457	22,162,335	26,495,277	23,688,000	20,731,828	18,582,104	12,463,010	15,758,238
	38.002.684	34,646,279	37,260,922	44,759,248	50,274,001	48,536,619	46,316,869	43,013,779	37,675,925	44,450,798
Total expenditures	38,002,084	34,040,279	37,260,922	44,759,248	50,274,001	48,530,019	40,310,809	45,015,779	37,075,925	44,450,798
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,096,928	3,564,799	3,888,742	2,978,312	(3,791,567)	(3,165,343)	14,280,573	(8,690,209)	8,548,070	18,956,478
Other financing sources (uses)										
Bond payment to refunded bonds escrow agent	-	-	-	-	(12,381,772)	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue bonds issued	-	-	-	-	11,005,000	-	-	-	-	-
Bond premium	-	-	-	-	1,277,505	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	1,743,279	2,117,873	1,868,506	1,263,381	983,277	1,741,098	1,720,549	489,327	1,663,425	1,503,097
Transfers out	(1,743,279)	(2,117,873)	(1,868,506)	(1,263,381)	(983,277)	(1,741,098)	(1,720,549)	(489,327)	(1,663,425)	(1,503,097)
Lease Inception	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,078
Total other financing sources (uses)					(99,267)					7,078
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,096,928	\$ 3,564,799	\$ 3,888,742	\$ 2,978,312	\$ (3,890,835)	\$ (3,165,343)	\$ 14,280,574	\$ (8,690,209)	\$ 8,548,070	\$ 18,963,556
Debt service as a % of noncapital expenditures	10.4%	10.8%	21.2%	7.0%	5.9%	6.4%	8.0%	14.6%	9.6%	7.1%

## CITY OF LONE TREE DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years

	City			Regional	Scientific and Cultural	Total Sales
Fiscal	Direct	Douglas	State of	Transportation	Facilities	Tax
Year	<b>Rate</b> (1)	County	Colorado	District	District	Rate
2013	1.8125%	1.00%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	6.8125%
2014	1.8125%	1.00%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	6.8125%
2015	1.8125%	1.00%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	6.8125%
2016	1.8125%	1.00%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	6.8125%
2017	1.8125%	1.00%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	6.8125%
2018	1.8125%	1.00%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	6.8125%
2019	1.8125%	1.00%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	6.8125%
2020	1.8125%	1.00%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	6.8125%
2021	1.8125%	1.00%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	6.8125%
2022	2.8125%	1.00%	2.90%	1.00%	0.10%	7.8125%

<sup>(1)</sup> An increase in the City's sales tax rate may be changed only with the approval of City voters. Pursuant to election results from November 2021, a sales tax increase of 1% was effective as of January 1, 2022.

Source: City Budget Office and Douglas County Department of Finance.

## CITY OF LONE TREE SALES TAX REVENUE PAYERS BY INDUSTRY (1) Fiscal Year 2022

<u>Industry</u>	 Tax Liability	Percentage of Total
Retail	\$ 39,230,399	93.00%
Services	1,484,900	3.51%
Government	1,043	0.01%
Finance, insurance and real estate	151,726	0.36%
Transportation and utilities	1,313,863	3.11%
Total	\$ 42,181,930	100.00%

(1) Due to confidentiality issues, the names of the ten largest sales tax revenue payers are not available. The categories presented are intended to provide alternative information regarding the sources of the City's sales tax revenue.

Source: City Sales Tax Department

### TABLE 7

# CITY OF LONE TREE SALES TAX REVENUE COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Sales
	Tax
	Revenue
Fiscal Year	Collections
2013	22,275,657
2014	23,736,964
2015	24,883,632
2016	24,649,096
2017	24,920,993
2018	25,649,105
2019	25,536,584
2020	19,726,510
2021	25,682,661
2022	42,181,930

## CITY OF LONE TREE ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Collection				Actual		
Levy Year (1)	Year	Residential	Commercial	Other	Personal	Total	Value (2)
2012	2013	138,412,900	255,941,730	14,018,510	40,277,100	448,650,240	2,669,739,949
2013	2014	147,664,450	283,865,750	19,112,447	45,720,117	496,362,764	2,931,188,630
2014	2015	155,833,800	309,658,840	20,493,300	54,399,760	540,385,700	3,131,131,975
2015	2016	188,966,170	379,839,260	18,558,910	64,355,840	651,720,180	3,783,743,011
2016	2017	195,142,240	376,546,220	16,546,590	63,227,760	651,462,810	3,840,344,430
2017	2018	205,189,400	427,144,090	22,154,660	62,070,460	716,558,610	4,432,701,543
2018	2019	241,702,730	490,445,000	17,314,590	67,813,980	817,276,300	5,195,739,181
2019	2020	245,996,550	490,611,300	14,807,010	65,541,430	816,956,320	5,249,030,422
2020	2021	267,517,020	530,192,300	14,193,440	60,030,370	871,933,130	5,687,392,940
2021	2022	261,156,120	550,801,440	18,557,240	68,639,510	899,154,310	5,799,198,128

<sup>(1)</sup> The City of Lone Tree does not currently levy a property tax. Voter authorization would be required in order to levy a property tax in the future.

Source: Douglas County Assessor's Office

<sup>(2)</sup> Actual value is not intended to represent market value.

### CITY OF LONE TREE PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
City of Lone Tree	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Overlapping Mill Levies (1):										
Cherry Creek Basin Water Authority	0.500	0.500	0.449	0.473	0.453	0.479	0.451	0.478	0.479	0.5
Douglas County	19.774	19.774	19.774	19.274	19.774	19.774	19.274	19.274	18.524	18.524
Douglas County Library District	4.029	4.032	4.035	4.016	4.021	4.008	4.023	4.012	4.021	4.008
Douglas County School District No. Re 1	45.063	46.051	46.945	45.564	30.942	36.896	35.785	35.450	35.743	36.136
Douglas County School District No. Re 1 Bonds	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.054	8.054	8.054	8.054	6.700
Douglas County Soil Conservation District	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Heritage Hills Metropolitan District	40.000	40.000	39.544	39.000	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000	40.000	41.137
Park Meadows Metropolitan District	6.387	6.387	6.387	6.387	6.387	6.387	6.387	6.387	6.387	6.387
Rampart Range Metropolitan District No. 1	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Rampart Range Metropolitan District No. 2	46.000	46.000	46.000	46.000	48.000	48.000	49.000	49.000	49.000	49.368
Rampart Range Metropolitan District No. 7	46.000	46.000	46.000	46.000	48.000	48.000	49.000	49.000	49.000	49.368
Regional Transportation District	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
South Metro Fire Rescue	9.444	9.319	9.344	9.250	9.250	9.250	9.250	9.250	9.319	9.288
South Suburban Park and Recreation District	6.915	8.808	8.651	8.643	8.496	8.364	8.365	8.385	8.396	8.426
Southeast Public Improvement Metro District	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000	2.000
Southgate Sanitation District	0.531	0.551	0.510	0.510	0.465	0.465	0.445	0.465	0.463	0.465
Southgate Water District	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Urban Drainage & Flood Control District	0.608	0.632	0.553	0.559	0.500	0.726	0.900	0.900	0.900	0.900
Urban Drainage & Flood South Platte	0.064	0.068	0.058	0.061	0.057	0.094	0.097	0.100	0.100	0.100
	227.315	230.122	230.250	227.737	218.345	232.497	233.031	232.755	232.386	233.307

<sup>(1)</sup> Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City property owners.

Source: Douglas County Assessor's Office

## CITY OF LONE TREE RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

### Governmental Activities

	Acuviu	es			
	Certificates	Sales and Use	Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	of	Tax Revenue	Primary	of Personal	Per
 Year	Participation (1)	<b>Bonds</b> (2) (3)	Government	Income	Capita
2013	2,295,000	21,735,335	24,030,335	2.60%	1,911
2014	1,290,000	20,195,029	21,485,029	2.22%	1,681
2015	-	18,541,137	18,541,137	1.86%	1,449
2016	-	16,763,889	16,763,889	1.57%	1,248
2017	-	15,506,168	15,506,168	1.44%	1,119
2018	-	13,223,326	13,223,326	1.17%	945
2019	-	10,790,484	10,790,484	0.86%	719
2020	-	8,263,023	8,263,023	0.64%	551
2021	-	5,632,386	5,632,386	0.43%	375
2022	-	2,878,133	2,878,133	0.21%	192

- (1) In 2007, the Building Authority (included as a blended component unit of the City) issued Certificates of Participation. These were paid off in 2014.
- (2) In 2008, the City issued Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds for park and recreation improvements. In 2017, a portion of these bonds were refunded as 2017A.
- (3) In 2009, the City issued Sales and Use Tax Revenue Bonds for arts and cultural improvements. In 2017, a portion of these bonds were refunded as 2017B.

# CITY OF LONE TREE REVENUE BOND COVERAGE PARK AND RECREATION IMPROVEMENT BONDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fi	Fiscal Gross		Gross		Direct Net Revenue Operating Available for		Debt Service Requirements						
Y	ear	R	evenue (1)	Ex	penses	D	ebt Service	P	rincipal	Interest (2)	Total	Coverage	
2	013	\$	1,084,382	\$	200	\$	1,084,182	\$	555,000	\$ 443,800	\$ 998,800	109%	
2	014	\$	1,116,010	\$	200	\$	1,115,810	\$	600,000	\$ 420,213	\$ 1,020,213	109%	
2	015	\$	1,305,096	\$	200	\$	1,304,896	\$	645,000	\$ 394,713	\$ 1,039,713	126%	
2	016	\$	1,287,903	\$	200	\$	1,287,703	\$	695,000	\$ 365,688	\$ 1,060,688	121%	
2	017	\$	1,291,045	\$	400	\$	1,290,645	\$	750,000	\$ 179,873	\$ 929,873	139%	
2	018	\$	1,381,097	\$	600	\$	1,380,497	\$	805,000	\$ 236,850	\$ 1,041,850	133%	
2	019	\$	1,391,091	\$	400	\$	1,390,691	\$	855,000	\$ 196,600	\$ 1,051,600	132%	
2	020	\$	1,157,012	\$	400	\$	1,156,612	\$	900,000	\$ 179,500	\$ 1,079,500	107%	
2	021	\$	1,457,718	\$	400	\$	1,457,318	\$	940,000	\$ 152,500	\$ 1,092,500	133%	
2	022	\$	1,577,275	\$	400	\$	1,576,875	\$	1,020,000	\$ 105,500	\$ 1,125,500	140%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Sales and use tax revenues derived from the sales and use tax rate increase of 0.125% effective July 1, 2008. This amount also includes investment earnings from those monies as well as investment earnings from the bond proceeds.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest per debt service schedule paid to bondholders during calendar year; does not include accrued interest. A portion of these bonds were refunded in 2017 to reduce the interest rate.

# CITY OF LONE TREE REVENUE BOND COVERAGE ARTS AND CULTURAL FACILITIES BONDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Fiscal Gross		_	irect erating	Net Revenue Available for		Debt Service Requirements						
Year	_ <u>R</u>	Revenue (1)	Ex	penses	D	ebt Service	Principal	Interest (2)	Total	Coverage			
2013	\$	1,625,080	\$	200	\$	1,624,880	\$ 845,000	\$ 524,556	\$ 1,369,556	119%			
2014	\$	1,673,760	\$	200	\$	1,673,560	\$ 915,000	\$ 499,206	\$ 1,414,206	118%			
2015	\$	1,957,203	\$	200	\$	1,957,003	\$ 985,000	\$ 471,756	\$ 1,456,756	134%			
2016	\$	1,929,783	\$	200	\$	1,929,583	\$ 1,060,000	\$ 439,744	\$ 1,499,744	129%			
2017	\$	1,930,215	\$	400	\$	1,929,815	\$ 1,140,000	\$ 267,788	\$ 1,407,788	137%			
2018	\$	2,058,731	\$	600	\$	2,058,131	\$ 1,225,000	\$ 345,000	\$ 1,570,000	131%			
2019	\$	2,066,779	\$	600	\$	2,066,179	\$ 1,325,000	\$ 296,000	\$ 1,621,000	127%			
2020	\$	1,728,755	\$	400	\$	1,728,355	\$ 1,385,000	\$ 243,000	\$ 1,628,000	106%			
2021	\$	2,186,074	\$	400	\$	2,185,674	\$ 1,495,000	\$ 187,600	\$ 1,682,600	130%			
2022	\$	2,347,722	\$	400	\$	2,347,322	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 127,800	\$ 1,727,800	136%			

<sup>(1)</sup> Sales and use tax revenues derived from the sales and use tax rate increase of 0.1875% effective July 1, 2008. This amount also includes investment earnings from those monies as well as investment earnings from the bond proceeds.

<sup>(2)</sup> Interest per debt service schedule paid to bondholders during calendar year; does not include accrued interest. A portion of these bonds were refunded in 2017 to reduce the interest rate.

TABLE 12

### CITY OF LONE TREE LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Debt limit	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 31,000,000	\$ 31,000,000
Total net debt applicable to limit	\$ 27,880,000	\$ 27,880,000	\$ 27,880,000	\$ 27,880,000	\$ 27,880,000	\$ 27,880,000	\$ 27,880,000	\$ 27,880,000	\$ 27,880,000	\$ 27,880,000
Legal debt margin (1)	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 3,120,000	\$ 3,120,000
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	89.94%	89.94%	89.94%	89.94%	89.94%	89.94%	89.94%	89.94%	89.94%	89.94%

<sup>(1)</sup> On May 6, 2008, a majority of the qualified electors of the City authorized the issuance of indebtedness in an amount not to exceed \$18,500,000 and \$12,500,000, for sales and use tax revenue bonds for funding capital improvements for cultural facilities and park and recreation, respectively. The voters also authorized a temporary sales and use tax rate increase of .1875% for arts and cultural facilities and .125% for park and recreation improvements effective July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2023 or until the full payment of such debt if occuring earlier. The City issued \$11,000,000 of its authorized debt during 2008 and \$16,880,000 of its authorized debt during 2009. The City has no other debt authorization. In 2017, the City refunded these bonds acquiring a lower interest rate, while maintaining the bond terms, which resulted in a savings over the life of the bonds. Pursuant to recommendation from Bond Counsel in 2017 the remaining authorized amounts became stale on December 31, 2017 due to the length of time that has passed since the election and the issuance of the bonds.

## CITY OF LONE TREE GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS As of December 31, 2022

	Outstanding General Obligation Debt		Other Long- Term Debt Instruments		Percent Applicable to City*	City's Share of Debt
Direct:						
City of Lone Tree	\$	-	\$	2,878,133	100.00%	\$ 2,878,133
Overlapping:						
Douglas County School District						
No. Re 1		332,620,000		-	11.00%	36,597,095
South Suburban Park and Recreation						
District		36,485,000		-	23.80%	 8,682,480
Total overlapping debt						 45,279,574
Total direct and overlapping debt						\$ 48,157,707

<sup>\*</sup> The percent applicable to the City is calculated using the gross total taxable assessed valuation based on the previous levy year published by the various County Assessor's Offices.

The following entities also overlap the City, but have no General Obligation Debt outstanding:

Cherry Creek Basin Water Authority

**Douglas County** 

Douglas County Public Library District

Douglas County Soil Conservation District

Heritage Hills Metropolitan District

Park Meadows Metropolitan District

Rampart Range Metropolitan District No. 1

Rampart Range Metropolitan District No. 2

Rampart Range Metropolitan District No. 7

Regional Transportation District

Southeast Public Improvement Metropolitan District

Southgate Sanitation District

Southgate Water District

South Metro Fire Rescue District

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District

Urban Drainage and Flood South Platte

Sources: Assessor's Office for the following Counties: Douglas, Araphoe, Jefferson and Denver, as well as information obtained from individual entities.

# CITY OF LONE TREE DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	Estimated Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income [1]	Douglas County Unemployment Rate
2013	12,572	923,614,552	73,466	5.60%
2014	12,779	966,054,063	75,597	4.50%
2015	12,800	995,699,200	77,789	2.60%
2016	13,431	1,066,730,313	79,423	2.80%
2017	13,860	1,078,793,100	77,835	2.60%
2018	14,000	1,133,272,000	80,948	3.40%
2019	15,000	1,250,640,000	83,376	2.80%
2020	15,000	1,300,665,000	86,711	6.30%
2021	15,000	1,313,670,000	87,578	5.20%
2022	15,000	1,355,115,000	90,341	2.30%

<sup>[1]</sup> Bureau of Economic Analysis, Washington D.C. (13-22 adjusted finals)

Source: Douglas County Department of Finance

### CITY OF LONE TREE PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (1) Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	202	2	2013			
<b>Employer</b>	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank		
Douglas County School District	8,500	1	5,863	1		
Charles Schwab	3,450	2				
DISH Network	2,500	3				
Centura Health	1,970	4				
Healthone: Sky Ridge Medical	1,470	5	1,170	4		
Douglas County Government	1,453	6	1,061	6		
Kiewit Companies	1,400	7				
VISA Debit Processing Services	1,180	8				
Lockheed Martin Corporation	1,010	9				
Specialized Loan Servicing LLC	820	10				
Western Union	-		1,140	5		
Centura: Parker Adventist Hospital	-		980	7		
AVAYA	-		650	10		
Information Handling Services	-		810	9		
CH2M Hill	-		1,980	2		
Ecostar Communications	-		1,960	3		
The Trizetto Group	-		900	8		

<sup>(1)</sup> Selected major employers within Douglas County. Total employment within the City is not available.

Source: Douglas County Department of Finance

# CITY OF LONE TREE FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

**Full-Time Equivalent Employees (2)** 

Tun-Time Equivalent Employees (2)										
Function/Program (1)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General government	17.50	17.75	18.00	19.75	23.38	22.38	22.50	22.50	22.63	23.88
Municipal court	2	2.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Community development	7.00	6.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Arts & Cultural	13.75	18.00	19.50	20.50	21.50	22.25	22.25	23.00	22.00	22.00
Police	54	56.50	56.50	58.50	60.00	59.50	62.50	62.50	64.25	66.25
Public Works	-	-	-	1.00	1.00	6.00	9.00	11.00	11.00	10.00
Total	94.25	100.25	103.00	109.25	116.38	121.13	127.25	132.00	132.88	135.13

(1) The City contracts out its legal department. The figures above do not include services provided by these contracted parties.

(2) A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

Source: City Finance Department

## CITY OF LONE TREE OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program (1)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020 (2)	2021	2022
Municipal court										
Number of court cases	1,922	1,577	3,094	2,307	1,913	1,748	1,432	887	917	919
Community development										
Building permits issued	809	804	872	770	750	720	806	711	726	700
Building inspections conducted	7,662	7,115	5,475	5,329	5,720	4,691	4,279	4,169	4,721	4,869
Public works										
Streets overlayed (miles)	15.81	6.26	6.23	8.25	7.90	14.97	7.43	-	10.91	9.40
Public safety										
Accidents	1,169	1,787	1,443	1,255	1,160	1,058	846	520	650	692
Citations issued	4,234	4,136	5,079	5,115	4,135	4,674	4,497	2,143	1,188	2,173

<sup>(1)</sup> No operating indicators are available for the general government or capital outlay.

Source: Various City departments

<sup>(2)</sup> Decrease in operating indicators for 2020 is mainly attributable to the COVID-19 pandemic.

## CITY OF LONE TREE CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program (1)	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Public works										
Streets (miles)	148.51	157.88	160.76	160.76	160.76	160.76	161.1	161.1	161.1	161.1
Traffic signals	45	47	48	48	49	50	53	54	53	53
Public safety										
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Patrol units	22	22	20	23	21	21	21	21	21	24
Capital outlay										
Storm drainage (miles)	39.93	41.18	41.80	43.12	43.12	43.36	43.36	43.36	43.36	43.36

<sup>(1)</sup> No capital indicators are available for the general government, municipal court or community development.

Source: Various City departments